BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

WHIG & COURIER PUB. CO. BANGOR, MAINE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1900. VOL. LXVII—NO. 16.

FEBRUARY 15TH CHOSEN.

SENATE WILL ON THAT DAY TAKE FINAL VOTE ON FINANCIAL BILL.

HOAR'S INQUIRY MEASURE ADOPTED.

WITH SPIRITED DEBATE AND SEVERAL AMENDMENTS, HALE RESOLUTION PASSED.

House Has Another Inning Over Custom House Sale—Lively Discussion Ensues—Urgent De Bill Passed.

Washington, Jan. 17. An agreement was easily reached in the Senate today to take the final vote on the pending resolution declaring gold as the standard of value in the United States on Feb. 15. In the intervening time the measure will be discussed. After several days of debate the drag net resolution of inquiry regarding the conduct of the Philippine war was adopted. It was introduced by Mr. Hoar (Mass.) and finally was adopted as a general substitute for resolutions of a similar character extended character offered by Mr. Pettigrew and Mr. Lodge. Beyond a long speech by Mr. Pettigrew the resolution aroused no debate as it is within the discretion of the President to send or not to send any information requested.

The resolution offered by Mr. Hale (Me.) as to the seizure of four by British authorities was adopted only after a spirited contest and the resolution had been [illegible] Mr. Davis of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, made a strong attack upon the resolution and withdrew his objections to its immediate consideration. Mr. Teller (Rep., Colo.) then began to speak to move the Senate and continue his speech to [illegible]

THE SENATE IN DETAIL.

At the conclusion of routine business the resolution of inquiry introduced by Mr. Hoar (Mass.) and amended by Mr. Lodge (Mass.) calling for general information regarding the conduct of the insurrection in the Philippines was laid before the Senate.

Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.) said he desired to address the Senate upon the resolution before it was passed. He favored the passage of the resolution, believing that the information asked for was entirely proper. He declared that he had received information since the introduction of his resolutions that astonished him of the facts he had asserted, "the blood of every soldier," said he, "who has fallen since the war began, upon the hands of the Administration. The blood of the sixty soldier boys of South Dakota who lost their lives after being conscripted into a unwilling service after their terms had expired lies at the door of the Administration and there is no escape for it. I charge that the censorship of the press and the suppression of facts are for the purpose of advancing the political ambitions of Mr. McKinley."

On this action, said Mr. Pettigrew, put the Administration in a hole, as was stated, it was his fault.

Mr. Pettigrew repeated the assertion that he acquisition of the Philippines was throughout all but an act of God, and he said the only way he could see God's hand in the work was that God must have used Mr. McKinley as a prophet or appeared to the President in a vision.

At the conclusion of Mr. Pettigrew's speech the resolution of Mr. Hoar was passed without division.

THE HALE RESOLUTION.

The resolution introduced several days ago by Mr. Hale (Maine) calling upon the secretary of state for information in possession of the state department relating to the seizure and detention of the American flour by the British authorities in Delagoa bay, South Africa, was laid before the Senate.

After it had been modified, Mr. Platt (Conn.) made a speech in which he said that he did not believe the passage of the resolution wise at this time.

Mr. Davis (Minn.) chairman of the committee on foreign relations moved that the resolution be referred to his committee. He thought no some assertions in the resolution were to be considered. It was a question whether they were true. It was stated that the property was flour. He thought the real question under consideration was one of the matter came within the province of international law. He said it did not become the Senator (Mr. Hale) to introduce such a resolution at this time.

"But," said Mr. Davis, "what strikes me as most to be criticised in the resolution is the concluding paragraph. It is stated that if the detention of the property is persisted in, such act will be considered as without warrant and offensive to the government and people of the United States.

"That is very serious language. In its present form it means serious difficulty."

THE AUTHOR'S RESPONSE.

In response to the statement of Mr. Davis, Mr. Hale, the author of the resolution began a brief address by sending to the clerk's desk and having read, a newspaper account of the seizure of the flour. He had drawn the resolution, he said, with some care, intending to limit it to one of inquiry. He declared the Senate and country were entitled to know what the situation was as there was an ordinance as to what was being done. He deemed it perfectly clear that as it was flour and not arms or ammunition, that had been seized, the seizure was not of contraband goods.

It needed, he thought, no investigation by a committee to determine that flour was not contraband of war.

"A majority of the Senate can stifle this resolution," said Mr. Hale warmly, "but it cannot be suppressed in any other way."

In response to an inquiry by Mr. Wolcott (Col.) Mr. Hale said one of the things he was trying to have answered was whether the flour seized was American flour, the property of American shippers.

The discussion of the question as to whether food products were ever contraband of war was precipitated by a question of Mr. Lodge. Mr. Hale was of the opinion that it would take a very extreme case to make flour contraband of war, but he could conceive that it might be in certain circumstances. Such an admission would, in his opinion, however, be fraught with danger to the United States now in the future. He did not imagine the state department was doing anything that would get us into trouble but he wanted to know what was being done.

The resolution as offered by Mr. Hale was so materially amended, Mr. Hale consenting to accepting the suggestions of others that certain objectionable clauses be eliminated.

Mr. Hawley (Conn.) was still of opinion that the resolution was not a diplomatic paper.

Mr. Platt (Conn.) said the resolution as amended was not objectionable in form, but he deemed it unwise to adopt it while the subject was pending between the state department and the diplomatic officials of Great Britain.

Mr. Tillman called attention to the shipment of mules to the British forces in South Africa from ports in the United States, the government taking no pains to prevent it.

Mr. Platt replied that there was no inhibition against the shipment of such supplies to the British. The shippers made the shipments at their own risks.

Mr. Foraker suggested that the resolution be directed to the President instead of to the secretary of state, but Mr. Hale, with some heat, declined to accept any further amendments.

Mr. Foraker then moved the resolution be amended as he had suggested and the motion prevailed.

Without further controversy the resolution as amended was passed.

THE RESOLUTION AS PASSED.

The resolution as finally passed the Senate, reads:

Whereas, it is alleged that property of citizens of the United States, not contraband of war, has been lately seized by the military authorities of Great Britain in the Delagoa bay, South Africa, without good reason for the same, and contrary to the accepted principles of international law, and

Whereas, it is also said that property is now unjustly detained by the British authorities, contrary to the assurances given with regard to the release of the owners of the same; therefore,

Resolved, by the Senate of the United States, that the President be hereby requested, if not in his opinion incompatible with the public interest, all information in possession of the state department relating to alleged seizure and detention, and also to inform the Senate what steps have been taken in sequence of the restoration of property taken and detained as aforesaid.

It was then determined that when the Senate adjourned today it be until 1 o'clock tomorrow.

Mr. Pettigrew's resolution calling for information from the secretary of war as to the fiscal operations in Cuba, introduced yesterday, was passed without debate.

A bill relating to Cuban vessels, reported by the committee on commerce, was called up by Mr. Berry (Ark.) and passed.

THE FINANCIAL BILL.

At 2 o'clock the financial bill was laid before the Senate. Mr. Aldrich, chairman of the finance committee, said he deemed it his duty to ask that some time now be fixed for a final vote on the measure and suggested Feb. 1.

Mr. Jones (Ark.) objected to that date, as the time would be too short for a full discussion of the bill. He said, however, that Feb. 15 would be satisfactory.

It was finally agreed that the vote should be taken Feb. 15; that two days intervening should be devoted to ten minutes debate on amendments to the bill, and that the measure should be considered on each successive day after 2 o'clock P. M.

Mr. Teller then addressed the Senate on the financial bill. Mr. Teller contended that the history of the American people showed that they were favorable to bimetallism, and that until very recent years the two parties had contended with each other in their advocacy of this cause. He renewed his charge that the financial bill was practically a caucus measure and had been accepted from the junta of ignorant men who constituted the Indianapolis convention. The President, as a member of the House, had voted for free coinage and for the passage of the bill and Allison act over the then President's veto.

Mr. Teller said few men had received greater honor at the hands of the Republican party than himself, but this was due to the fact that he had been an advocate of bi-metallism.

He maintained that the American people were great enough to do anything they deemed right to do.

Mr. Teller had not completed his speech, but desired to suspend and resume tomorrow.

The Senate then, at 3.37 P. M., went into executive session. After the executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Washington, Jan. 17. The House had another inning today over the sale of the New York custom house by Secretary Gage. Mr. Sulzer of New York, the author of the resolution for an investigation of the secretary's transactions with the New York banks, started the ball rolling by charging that the mandate had already gone forth to suppress it. Mr. Sibley, a Pennsylvania Democrat, formerly a radical advocate of free silver who is now out of sympathy with the Democrats in the House, warmly commended Mr. Gage's course. These two speeches precipitated a debate which lasted about three hours. Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio explained that the committee on rules, to which the Sulzer resolution had gone, had not acted because no evidence had been produced before the committee to warrant the ordering of such a far-reaching investigation. Not a single person had appeared before the committee to press it. Mr. Hepburn (Rep., Iowa) assailed Mr. Sulzer for some of his extravagant statements, and declared there ought to be some way to rebuke a member for slandering honored officials. Later in the day, during the discussion of the appropriation for the army, Mr. Cannon, in charge of the bill, challenged any member to move to strike it out. Mr. Williams (Dem., Miss.) replied to Mr. Cannon in an eloquent speech in which he affirmed the loyalty of every American citizen to the flag, and charged Mr. Cannon with shrewdly issuing a challenge that he knew would not be accepted. He maintained the right.

(Continued on page 2.)

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For a wedding gift, a piece of handsome decorated china or artistic bric-a-brac is always suitable.

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Whatever the price you pay we are satisfied with nothing short of our best and most painstaking work.

In special cases we construct Roofless Plates, the comfort of which can never be known unless you have one.

If you have an ill-fitting plate, or none at all, call and let us give you the benefit of our experience and skill.

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Dr. Sawyer, Mgr.,

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CUBAN PLANTATIONS

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THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.,

Corner State and Harlow Streets.

OFFER SYMPATHY.

BOSTON CITIZENS HOLD ENTHUSIASTIC PRO-BOER MEETING.

MANY NATIONS REPRESENTED.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED EXTENDING SYMPATHY TO BOER.

Course of England Denounced—Strict Construction of Neutrality Laws Urged, However.

Boston, Jan. 17. Faneuil Hall held a large and very demonstrative gathering tonight upon the occasion of the first of an intended series of mass meetings to express sympathy with the Boers in the gallant fight they are making against England in the Transvaal. The speakers were selected from various walks in life and their utterances were cheered to the echo.

Hon. George F. Hoar, former United States consul at Pretoria, Hon. George Fred Williams, Hon. P. J. Flatley, who presided in the absence of Hon. A. S. Pillsbury, Prof. Camille Ried of Harvard University, Mr. Robert Sturn, a German-American resident of Boston, and Mr. Gulesian, a naturalized Armenian resident of this city, completed the list of speakers.

Letters were read from Senator George F. Hoar, ex-Attorney General Pillsbury, Mr. Edwin D. Mead, Col. Thomas W. Higginson, Rabbi Fleischer and Prof. Francke of Harvard, assuring their entire sympathy with the objects for which the meeting was held. Resolutions embodying the sentiment of the meeting were adopted and copies will be sent to President McKinley, President Kruger and Jos Chamberlain, the English colonial secretary.

The sympathies of the audience were enlisted in the movement at the opening of the meeting in a most fiery speech by Chairman Flatley, in which he asserted that the real cause of the South African war was England's attempt to burglarize the gold fields. There was no doubt, in his mind, that the ultimate result would be a united confederacy in South Africa. He introduced as the first speaker ex-Consul George F. Hellis, who spoke from the standpoint of one personally acquainted with the Boers and their leaders. There was no more fitting place, he said, in which to express our sympathy for those who are struggling for their liberty and independence than Faneuil Hall.

His address was chiefly of an historical nature, describing the Boer action, and their work in building up the South African country. There was no doubt until the natural arrogance of the Englishman asserted itself. They wanted a voice in the making of the laws. There was no objection to that, but when shown that privileges carried responsibilities, they wanted none of it. They wanted the privileges to call on the mother country in time of trouble. Then they claimed that they were taxed unduly and without representation. The products of the mines were only taxed 5 per cent. Was that onerous?

The speaker believed it to be an unnecessary, causeless war, and he thought public opinion was awakening to this belief on the other side of the water. He ridiculed one of the excuses given for carrying on the war that the Dutch in Cape Colony would be forced to join the Orange Free State and Transvaal forces, saying that England never had more loyal allies than the Cape Dutch.

Should England gain the day, racial hate would be so strong that the whole of South Africa would throw off the yoke of England.

Prof. Camille Ried of Harvard University, the next speaker, likened the power of England to the supremacy of ancient Carthage and like Cato of Rome, we demand that "Carthage be destroyed."

George Fred Williams, who followed, received a great reception. In conclusion Mr. Williams said: "England seems to be the only country that can pull down the American flag and I think England may soon understand that the government of the United States does not represent the people of the United States."

Robert Sturn, the chairman of the committee of arrangements for the meeting, delivered one of the brightest speeches of the evening, and his epigrams kept the audience convulsed with laughter. Said he:

"It is a case of a pug dog fighting an English bull dog. It is an insult to our manhood to ask us which side we are on. Sympathy can only be for the oppressed. If it goes the other way it must be called 'business.'

"It is not a question which one of the contestants washes its face oftener than the other, but whether we shall assist England at our expense to own the earth.

"English monopoly has thrown a net around this country and tickled our vanity by coaxing us into expansion, then he meaning us with their ironical sympathy.

"We need expansion, but expansion of mind, of brain, not of territory."

Mr. Gulesian, a naturalized Armenian, was the last speaker. He declared that England had no sentiment for the Boer country except a selfish sentiment.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The chairman then read the series of resolutions that had been prepared and they were carried with not even a whisper in opposition. The resolutions follow:

Whereas—the brave struggle in which the people of the Transvaal and Orange Free State republics are now engaged against might of England, is in all essential bearings similar to that waged against the same power by the fathers of this republic more than a century and a quarter ago; and

Whereas, the United States, whenever in its history it has drawn the sword itself, has always done so in the cause of popular government, while the sympathies of its citizens and every sane one in all peoples struggling to be free; therefore, be it

Resolved, first we, citizens of Boston, representing various nationalities, and comprising men of all political parties, assembled in Faneuil Hall, where this Republic and American liberty were cradled—on behalf of the glorious heritage bequeathed to us from Concord, Lexington and Bunker Hill, extend our heartiest sympathies to the brave burghers of our sister republics of the Transvaal and Orange Free State in the gallant contest they are waging for the maintenance of their freedom.

Resolved, that in the name of liberty, sacred always on the soil of Massachusetts, we condemn and denounce the action of England—the ally among the nations—fresh from the international peace conference at The Hague, in actively attacking the sovereign rights of a free people and attempting to enslave them.

Resolved, that while we hope every moral support possible will be afforded by the people of free America, to their brethren of the South African republics in their heroic struggle, we urge upon President McKinley and his cabinet the necessity for the strictest construction of the neutrality laws against England, so that the power of the American republic may not even by silence, which may be misinterpreted or misunderstood, be thrown into the scale against the people of our sister republics of South Africa.

Resolved, that as American citizens we protest against the seizure in the most arbitrary manner of American goods by English warships, and call upon our government to secure prompt and ample reparation for such high-handed action.

Resolved, that copies of these resolutions be forwarded to President McKinley and his cabinet; President Kruger of the Transvaal, Dr. Leyds the Transvaal representative in Europe, President Steyn of the Orange Free State and Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, the British colonial secretary.

TRAINING AGUINALDO.

(Reduced from double page drawing in Collier's Weekly.)

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Boston, Jan. 17. The three masted schooner Charlevoix (Br) Pettis, which sailed from New York last Thursday for St. John, N. B., in ballast narrowly escaped destruction on Dog Bar breakwater, Gloucester, early this morning. She was floated later and towed here by tug Evelyn. She will be placed in drydock tomorrow for examination.

A Very Fancy English Breakfast Tea At $1.20 a Pound, Worth $1.50.

TEA WHITE.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

TO TAKE ISLANDS.

COL. KOBBE STARTS WITH EXPEDITION FROM MANILA.

GREAT SUFFERING EXISTS.

TAGALA GENERAL MAKES ODD PROPOSITION TO COL. BYRNE.

Filipinos Scattered in a Night Attack—Thirty Insurgents Killed, Including a General.

Manila, Jan. 17 (7.05 P. M.). Col. Kobbe, with the 48th infantry, sailed on board the transport Hancock today with gunboats escorting. The objective of the force is probably the important islands of Sumar and Layte, which the insurgents hold.

The American blockade and the levies of the Tagalog army have caused great suffering among the people, and hundreds of persons are in an almost starving condition.

The Tagalo general Mauricio recently landed at Negros from the island of Panay and requested a conference with Col. Byrne. He proposed that the insurgents be let alone and permitted to wear side arms and uniform in the towns until the war in Luzon was ended, when they would surrender. Col. Byrne refused to agree to this, however, and said they would be considered as bandits and shot if they were found armed. Col. Byrne surprised the insurgent camp the same night and scattered the Filipinos, killing 30 of them, including a general.

TO EXCHANGE RATIFICATIONS.

Secretary Hay Anxious For Confirmation of Title to Island of Tutuila—Proposed Government.

Washington, Jan. 17. Now that the Senate has ratified the Samoan treaty Secretary Hay intends to exchange the ratifications at the earliest possible moment, thus confirming the title of the United States to absolute ownership of the Island of Tutuila. The navy department is pressing vigorously the construction of the coal station in the harbor of Pago-Pago.

While the President has not recently considered the subject of a government for the island, it was some time ago decided that if the naval governorship of Capt. Leary in Guam was a success, something of the same sort should be adopted for Tutuila. It appears that certain chieftains and tribes living on the principal island of Upolo now at German possession claim a form of qualified suzerainty over the tribes on the island of Tutuila, but it is not believed that any serious complications will arise from this claim.

TO RECALL THE TREATY.

Washington, Jan. 17. In today's executive session of the Senate, Senator Jones (Ark.) moved to re-consider the vote by which the Samoan treaty was ratified yesterday. He based his motion upon a statement which he said he had seen in the press to the effect that the American flag had already run up on the island of Tutuila. If this report was true, he thought the Senate should know of the fact and have an opportunity to deal with it in accordance with the treaty. Senator Frye replied that the report to which Senator Jones referred was without foundation. No action was taken upon the motion, but it was decided to recall the treaty which had been forwarded to the President with notice of the Senate's favorable action upon it.

The Senate also received the favorable report of the committee on foreign relations upon the extradition treaty with Peru and Chili, the boundary treaty with Mexico and the Hague peace treaty.

CASUALTIES AT AVIGLIANO.

Turin, Jan. 17. It is now announced that thirteen persons altogether were killed and forty others were wounded by the explosion yesterday of the dynamite factory at Avigliano, 14 miles from here. The Count of Turin and the Duke of Aosta have visited the injured in the hospital.

THE WEATHER.

Snow and Warmer Predicted for Thursday—Rain Friday—Variable Winds—Storm Signals Displayed.

Washington, Jan. 17. Forecast for Thursday and Friday for Maine: Snow and warmer Thursday; probably rain Friday, variable winds becoming easterly and increasing.

Storm signals are displayed from Hatteras to Cape Cod.

BOSTON FORECAST.

Boston, Jan. 17. Local forecast for Thursday and Friday: Cloudy weather with occasional light snow or rain; slowly rising temperature; fresh to brisk easterly winds Thursday, becoming southerly Thursday night and Friday.

ICE CUTTERS LEFT WORK.

Haverhill, Mass., Jan. 17. Some forty men employed by the Haverhill Ice Company, left work today because the company refused an increase in wages from $1.50 to $2.00 per day was refused. The departure of the men will cripple the business temporarily, but other men will be procured at once.

FITZGERALD CHOSEN.

Washington, Jan. 17. The Democratic caucus of the Massachusetts delegation today chose Representative Fitzgerald as the Massachusetts member of the national Democratic Congressional campaign committee.

HABERDASHERY ASSIGNED.

Haverhill, Mass., Jan. 17. Geo. O. Wales, haberdasher, assigning to $12,000 but nominal assets appear to the value of $20,000.

TO CURE LA GRIPPE IN TWO DAYS

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

An Invitation

We want you—we want every one of our many friends to make us a social call any time between 10 a. m. and 6 p. m. on

Friday, Jan. 19th,

OUR SILVER ANNIVERSARY DAY

—the day when we shall have rounded out 25 years of drug store service at 26 Main Street.

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Houston, Texas	5's
Seattle, Washington	5's
Dallas, Texas	5's
Kansas City, Kansas	6's
Sandusky, Ohio	5's
ALSO	
Bangor & Aroostook R. R. Co., First Mort. Gold	5's
Toledo Traction Co., Consol. First Mort. Gold	5's
Oldtown Woolen Co., First Mort	5's
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Gen. Mort	4's
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Gen. Mort	4's

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HOAR'S INQUIRY MEASURE ADOPTED.

WITH SPIRITED DEBATE AND SEVERAL AMENDMENTS, HALE RESOLUTION PASSED.

House Has Another Inning Over Custom House Sale—Lively Discussion Ensues—Urgent Deficiency Bill Passed.

Washington Jan 17 An agreement was reached in the Senate today to take the final vote on the pending financial bill on February 15 as the standard time in the United States on Feb 15 In the intervening time the measure will be discussed After several days spent in the drag net resolution of inquiry regarding the conduct of the Philippine war was adopted It was introduced by Mr Hoar (Mass) and finally adopted as a general resolution covering the resolutions of a similar character and extended character offered by Mr Morrow and Mr Lodge Upon the conclusion of a speech by Mr Pettigrew the resolution of inquiry was modified so as to make it read that it be the sense of the Senate that it is within the discretion of the President to send or not to send any information requested

The resolution offered by Mr Hale (Me) relative to the seizure of flour by British authorities was laid before the Senate and Mr Davis (Minn) made a speech in which he contended that it did not seem to be wise at this time to adopt the resolution

Mr Davis (Minn) chairman of the committee on foreign relations moved that the resolution be referred to his committee with instructions to report in some form or other within a reasonable time

Mr Hale said he had introduced the resolution with the purpose of having the question of the seizure of the flour by the British authorities in Delagoa Bay and South Africa laid before the Senate

After it had been modified Mr Pettigrew made a speech in which he said that he did not believe the passage of the resolution wise at this time

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Mr Hale said it was a question of fact whether the property was lawful or not. He thought the real question under consideration was as to the matter came within the rules of international law He said it did not become the Senator (Mr Hale) to introduce such a resolution at this time

But said Mr Davis what strikes me as most to be criticised in the resolution is the concluding paragraph It is stated that if the detention of the property is persisted in such act will be considered as without warrant and offensive to the government and people of the United States

That is very serious language In its present form it means serious difficulty

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Mr Platt (Conn) said the resolution as amended was not objectionable in form but he deemed it unwise to adopt it while the subject was pending between the state department and the diplomatic officials of Great Britain

Mr Tillman called attention to the shipment of rifles to the British forces in South Africa from ports in the United States the government taking no pains to prevent it

Mr Platt replied that there was no inhibition against the shipment of such supplies to the British The shippers made the shipments at their own risks

Mr Foraker suggested that the resolution be directed to the President instead of to the secretary of state, but Mr Hale with some heat declined to accept any further amendments

Mr Foraker then moved the resolution be amended as he had suggested and the motion prevailed

Without further controversy the resolution as amended was passed

THE RESOLUTION AS PASSED

The resolution as finally passed the Senate reads

Whereas it is alleged that property of citizens of the United States not contraband of war has been lately seized by the military authorities of Great Britain in the Delagoa Bay South African waters and detained by them and

Whereas it is said that property is now held by the British authorities at Delagoa Bay and South Africa

Resolved by the Senate of the United States that the President be requested if not in his opinion incompatible with the public interest to communicate to the Senate all information in his possession of the state of property belonging to citizens of the United States in Delagoa Bay and South Africa and the circumstances attending the seizure detention and condemnation of such property and to inform the Senate what steps have been taken to secure the restoration of property illegally seized and detained as aforesaid

It was then 5 o'clock and after the Senate adjourned today it be until 10 o'clock tomorrow

Mr Pettigrew's resolution calling for information from the Executive as to the fiscal operation in the Philippines introduced yesterday was passed without debate

A bill relating to Cuban vessels reported by the committee on commerce was called up by Mr Berry (Ark) and passed

THE FINANCIAL BILL

At 2 o'clock the financial bill was laid before the Senate Mr Aldrich chairman of the finance committee said he deemed it his duty to ask that some time now be fixed for a final vote on the measure and suggested Feb 1

Mr Jones (Ark) objected to that date as the time would be too short for a full discussion of the bill He said however, that Feb 15 would be satisfactory

It was finally agreed that the vote should be taken Feb 15 that two days intervening should be devoted to ten minutes debate on amendments to the bill and that the measure should be considered on each successive day after 2 o'clock P M

Mr Teller then addressed the Senate on the financial bill Mr Teller contended that the history of the American people showed that they were favorable to bimetallism and that until very recent years the two parties had contended with each other in the advocacy of this cause He renewed his charge that the financial bill was practically a caucus measure and had been accepted from the junta of gold men who constituted the Indianapolis convention The President as a member of the House had voted for free coinage and for the passage of the Bland Allison act over the then President's veto

Mr Teller said few men had received greater honors at the hands of the Republican party than himself, but this was due to the fact that he had been an advocate of bimetallism.

He maintained that the American people were great enough to do anything they deemed right to do

Mr Teller had not completed his speech but desired to suspend and resume tomorrow

The Senate then at 4 37 P M went into executive session After the executive session the Senate adjourned

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS

Washington Jan 17 The House had another inning today over the sale of the New York custom house by Secretary Gage Mr Sulzer of New York the author of the resolution for an investigation of the secretary's transactions with the New York banks started the ball rolling by charging that the mandate had already gone forth to suppress it Mr Sibley a Pennsylvania Democrat formerly a radical advocate of free silver who is now out of sympathy with the Democrats in the House warmly commended Mr Gage's course These two speeches precipitated a debate which lasted about three hours Mr Grosvenor of Ohio explained that the committee on rules to which the Sulzer resolution had gone had not acted because no evidence had been produced before the committee to warrant the ordering of such a far reaching investigation Not a single person had appeared before the committee to press it Mr Hepburn (Rep, Iowa) assailed Mr Sulzer for some of his extravagant statements, and declared there ought to be some way to rebuke a member for slandering honored officials Later in the day, during the discussion of the appropriation for the army Mr Cannon, in charge of the bill, challenged any member to move to strike it out Mr Williams (Dem., Miss) replied to Mr Cannon in an eloquent speech in which he affirmed the loyalty of every American citizen to the flag, and charged Mr Cannon with shrewdly issuing a challenge that he knew would not be accepted. He maintained the right.

(Will proceed on pensioners)

OFFER SYMPATHY.

BOSTON CITIZENS HOLD ENTHUSIASTIC PROTEST MEETING

MANY NATIONS REPRESENTED.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED EXPRESSING SYMPATHY TO BOER

Course of England Denounced—Strong Condemnation of Naturalization Laws Urged, However

Boston, Jan 17 Faneuil Hall held a large and very demonstrative gathering tonight upon the occasion of the first of an intended series of meetings to express sympathy with the Boers in the gallant fight they are making against England in the Transvaal Speakers were selected from various walks in life and their utterances were cheered to the echo

Hon Cecil A Collins formerly United States consular agent at Pretoria Hon George Willard Hon [illegible] were [illegible] introduced by the chairman [illegible] Hon Henry L Pierce who presided in the absence of Hon A S Pillsbury Prof Camillo Ried of Harvard University, Mr Robert Stern a German American resident of Boston and Mr Gulesian a naturalized Armenian resident of this city completed the list of speakers.

Letters were read from Senator George F Hoar ex Attorney General Pillsbury Mr Edwin D Mead Col Thomas W Higginson Rabbi Fleischer and Prof Francis C Haseltine expressing their sympathy with the objects for which the meeting was held Resolutions embodying the views of the meeting were prepared and copies will be sent to President Kruger and President Joseph Chamberlain the English colonial secretary

The sympathies of the audience were enlisted in the movement from the opening of the meeting to the last speech by Chairman Pierce in which he asserted that the real contest in South African was between England and the South African republics and attempting to enslave them

Resolved that we hope every moral support possible will be afforded by the people of the United States to their brethren of the South African republics in their struggle against the unjust demands of Lord Salisbury and his cabinet

Resolved that we deprecate the attempt to construe the laws of this country into a conspiracy against England so that the power of the American public may be used to silence which may be spoken in sympathy with the people of our sister republics of South Africa

Resolved that as American citizens we protest against the seizure in the port of Delagoa Bay of American goods on British warships and call upon our government to secure prompt and complete restitution for such high handed action

Resolved that copies of these resolutions be sent to President McKinley and his cabinet President Kruger of the Transvaal Dr Leyds the Transvaal representative in Europe President Steyn of the Orange Free State and Mr Joseph Chamberlain the British colonial secretary

HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Boston Jan 17 The three masted schooner Charlotte (Br) Pettis which sailed from New York last Thursday for St John N B in ballast narrowly escaped destruction on Dog Bar breakwater Gloucester early this morning She was floated later and towed here by tug Evelyn She will be placed in drydock tomorrow for examination

TRAINING AGUINALDO.

(Reduced from double page drawing in Collier's Weekly)

grams kept the audience convulsed with laughter Said he

It is a case of a pug dog fighting an English bull dog It is an insult to our manhood to ask us which side we are on Sympathy can only be for the oppressed It proves the other way it must be called business

It is not a question which one of the combatants we hope its face oftener than the other but we shall rise England at our expense to own the earth

English monopoly has thrown a net around it so tightly it tickled our vanity when we joined into expansion but it meant us with their ironical smile

We want no expansion but expansion of liberty of mankind and of territory

Mr Gulesian a naturalized Armenian was the last speaker He declared that England had no sentiment for the humanity except a selfish sentiment

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

The chairman then read the series of resolutions that had been prepared and they were carried with not even a whisper in opposition The resolutions follow

Whereas—the brave struggle in which the people of the Transvaal and Orange Free State republics are now engaged against the aggressive power of England is in the event of its success similar to that which the people of the United States waged by the fathers of this republic more than a century and a quarter ago and

Whereas the United States when [illegible] history it has drawn the sword [illegible] Therefore be it

[illegible] in the name of liberty [illegible] on the soil of Massachusetts [illegible] and denounce the attempt of England—[illegible] the extinction [illegible] the Boer republics [illegible] and attempting to enslave them

Resolved that we hope every moral support possible will be afforded by the people of the United States to their brethren of the South African republics in their struggle against the unjust demands of Lord Salisbury and his cabinet

Resolved that we deprecate the attempt to construe the laws of this country into a conspiracy against England so that the power of the American public may be used to silence which may be spoken in sympathy with the people of our sister republics of South Africa

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

TO TAKE ISLANDS.

COL KOBBE STARTS WITH EXPEDITION FROM MANILA.

GREAT SUFFERING EXISTS.

TAGALA GENERAL MAKES ODD PROPOSITION TO COL BYRNE.

Filipinos Scattered in a Night Attack—Thirty Insurgents Killed, Including a General.

Manila Jan 17 (7 05 P M) Col Kobbe, with the 18th infantry sailed on board the transport Hancock today with gunboats escorting The objective of the force is probably the important islands of Samar and Layte which the insurgents hold

The American blockade and the levies of the Tagalog army have caused great suffering among the people and hundreds of persons are in almost starving condition

The Tagalog general Mauricio recently located at Nagos from the island of Panay has requested a truce and with Col Byrne He proposed that the insurgents be left alone and permitted to raise a large and uniform in the towns until the war horizon was cleared when they would surrender Col Byrne refused to agree to this however and said they would be considered as bandits and shot if they were found armed Col Byrne dispersed the insurgent camp the night and attacked the Filipinos killing 30 of them including a general

TO EXCHANGE RATIFICATIONS.

Secretary Hay Anxious For Confirmation of Title to Island of Tutuila—Proposed Government

Washington Jan 17 Now that the Senate has ratified the Samoan treaty Secretary Hay intends to exchange the ratifications at the earliest possible moment thus confirming the title of the United States to absolute ownership of the Island of Tutuila The navy department is pressing vigorously the construction of the coal station in the harbor of Pago Pago

While the President has not recently considered the subject of a government for the island it was some time ago decided that it the naval governor of Capt Leary in Guam was to be something of the same sort he would be adopted for Tutuila It appears that certain chieftains and tribes living on the principal island of Tutuila have taken German possession claim to form a qualified sizerainty over the tribes of the island of Tutuila but it is not believed that any serious complications will arise from this claim

TO RECALL THE TREATY

Washington Jan 17 In today's executive session of the Senate Senator Jones (Ark) moved to reconsider the vote by which the Senate yesterday ratified the treaty with Germany He based his motion upon a telegram which he had seen in the press to the effect that the American flag had been hauled up on the island of Tutuila In this report which he thought the Senate should know of in fact and have an opportunity to deal with it in accordance with the treaty Senator Frye replied that the report to which Senator Jones referred was without foundation No action was taken upon the motion but it was decided to recall the treaty which had been forwarded to the President with notice of the Senate's favorable action upon it

The Senate also received the favorable report of the committee on foreign relations upon the extradition treaty with Peru and Chili the boundary treaty with Mexico and the Hague peace treaty

CASUALTIES AT AVIGLIANO

Turin Jan 17 It is now announced that thirteen persons altogether were killed and forty others were wounded by the explosion yesterday of the dynamite factory at Aviglano 14 miles from here Premier Pelloux and the Minister of War visited the place and inquired in the hospitals

THE WEATHER.

Snow and Warmer Predicted for Thursday Rain Friday—Variable Winds—Storm Signals Displayed.

Washington Jan 17 Forecast for Thursday for Maine Snow and warmer Thursday probably rain Friday with fresh to brisk southeasterly gales

Storm signals are displayed from Hatteras to Cape Cod

BOSTON FORECAST

Boston Jan 17 The forecast for Thursday and Friday for Southern New England Generally fair weather with occasional light snow or rain slightly warmer temperature fresh to brisk southeasterly winds Friday becoming southerly Thursday night and Friday

[illegible]

Hyde Park Jan 17 Some fifteen hundred employes of the Hyde Park company received today the notice of a reduction in wages from $2 00 per day to $1 75 per day was received by the employes of the company with much [illegible] but open talk will be produced today

[illegible]

Washington Jan 17 The Democratic [illegible] Representative Bartlett of Georgia member of the committee on rules [illegible]

[illegible] Jan 17 [illegible] Senate [illegible] Representatives [illegible]

TO CURE LA GRIPPE IN TWO DAYS
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets all druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E W Grove's signature is on each box 25c.

An Invitation

We invite every one of our [illegible] customers to call between 10 a m and 6 p m on

Friday, Jan 19th,

OUR SILVER ANNIVERSARY DAY

[illegible] shall have rounded out [illegible] store service at [illegible]

[illegible] Dollars will be given [illegible] will be served free to [illegible] Please mark this date [illegible]

Caldwell Sweet,
26 Main Street.

You're owing for CITY WATER—Cash, Please

PAY UP

Before an, 20, or 10 per cent will be added. That's the law.

W L BROWN,
Collector.
Room City Hall Office open Evenings

Always Suitable.

For a wedding gift, a piece of handsome decorated china or artistic bric-a-brac is always suitable.

You'll be safe in selecting china and you'll be safe in buying it here.

P. H. VOSE & Co.,
59 Main Street.
"Walk In and Look Around"

Artificial Teeth.

We would call your attention to our work in this line The old saying Practice makes Perfect was never more applicable than in this instance

We have made and are continually making a great many sets of teeth—as a result have met all the varying conditions the human mouth is subject to and are fully qualified to intelligently and successfully treat any case no matter how many failures you may have had.

Whatever the price you pay we are satisfied with nothing short of our best and most painstaking work

In special cases we construct Roof less Plates the comfort of which can never be known unless you have one

If you have an ill fitting plate or none at all call and let us give you the benefit of our experience and skill

SAWYER DENTAL CO
Dr Sawyer, Mgr,
25 State Street, Bangor, Me

Home Investments

EUROPEAN & NO. AM. RY.
—AND—
BANGOR & AROOSTOOK R. R.
1st MORTGAGE BONDS.
—also—
$5000 4% Gold 1st Mortgage R. R. Bonds.
(Same as are held by Savings Banks.)
Price PAR and INT.

BLAKE, BARROWS & BROWN,
9 Central Street, Bangor, Me.

4 for 25 Cents,
100 for 5 Dollars.
CUBAN PLANTATIONS
A new lot of these favorite smokers has arrived
Elegant in smoke and aroma is the word
Sold only by the
THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.,
Corner State and Harlow Streets.

.. INVESTORS ..
Can obtain from us
The Best
SECURITIES
Yielding 4 per cent per annum and upwards, which THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE enables us to select
MERRILL & CO.,
BANKERS,
And Proprietors of the
BANGOR SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
No. 19 State Street,
BANGOR, - - MAINE

We own and offer subject to prior sale, the following list o
BONDS:

Duluth Minn	4s
Salt Lake City Utah	5s
Knoxville Tenn	5s
Galveston Texas	5s
Houston Texas	5s
Seattle Washington	5s
Dallas Texas	5s
Kansas City Kansas	6s
Sandusky, Ohio	5s
ALSO	
Bangor & Aroostook R R Co, First Mort Gold	5s
Toledo Traction Co, Consol First Mort Gold	5s
Oldtown Woolen Co, First Mort	5s
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Gen Mort	4's
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Gen Mort	4's

Special circular giving detailed description of above bonds, furnished on application.
Tyler, Fogg & Co.,
Bond Dealers, Bangor, Me.

A Very Fancy English Breakfast Tea
At $1.20 a Pound,
Worth $1.50.
TEA WHITE.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Harry A. Burleigh of Houlton, was in the city Wednesday.

* * *

Governor Llewellyn Powers was in the city Wednesday at the Bangor House.

* * *

Bertram L. Smith, Esq., of Patten, arrived on the noon B. & A. train Wednesday.

* * *

Peter Charles Keegan, Esq., of Van Buren, passed through the city Wednesday, bound for Waterville.

* * *

Mr. Garrett Schenck of Weston, Mass., the Millinocket magnate, was in the city Wednesday, registered at the Bangor House.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday at 3 o'clock. The superintendents of departments are especially requested to be present. An interesting program has been prepared.

* * *

Joel Morse, a leading lumberman of the Moosehead section, who has been looking for men for the woods, says he believes the lumber operators have got to hustle some if they get the amount cut they desire before the soft weather ensues.

* * *

Fourteen schools have notified Manager H. L. Swett of the Bowdoin College Athletic Association, who is in charge of the arrangements for the annual interscholastic meet under the auspices of the College Athletic Association, that they will compete in the field day exercises to occur in May in Brunswick.

* * *

A woodsman who stopped at Kineo for dinner the other day did his best to drown himself and nearly succeeded. He was pretty well used up on essence of peppermint, or some kindred stuff, and out on the ice back of the store was showing a crowd of admiring comrades how clever he was with an ice chisel. He actually stood there and cut out a circular junk of ice with himself in the centre and none seemed to realize what the result would be until he shot down clear to his neck. Then they brawled lustily for help and some men from the store hauled him out. He paid $2 for the ice chisel and had a mighty cold ride down the lake.

* * *

Moosehead lake is now "bushed" from Greenville to the carries. Many who never happened to visit a large lake in winter do not know that "bushing" a lake is planting a line of trees on the ice for guidance of horse and man, else they might lose their way and an unbushed lake has many of the terrors of an ocean or desert. The trees are placed about 50 yards apart and are frozen firmly into holes cut clear to the water when the ice is not over four inches thick. They are set out by eye and hold wonderfully true coursesfrom point to point. Quite a job, too, to thus plant the 1,500 odd trees now directing the traveller's course from Greenville, 40 miles to the carries. They are no shrubs, but stand six feet above the snow.

* * *

The funeral of the late Mrs. Walter O. Frost, whose death occurred in this city Tuesday afternoon, was held Wednesday morning from her home on Forest avenue. The services were conducted by Rev. J. S. Penman, of the Central Congregational church, assisted by the Rev. J. M. Frost, of the Grace M. E. church, who had formerly been her pastor. Madame Despret and Dr. Percy Warren sang several appropriate selections and a large number of friends attended the services, manifesting the high regard and great affection for one whose loss they so sincerely deplored. The bearers were the following: A. E. Baker, R. S. Jones, Mell Nason and Wales Dunbar. The interment was at Mt. Hope. Wilder S. Varney had charge of the arrangements.

* * *

Mr. Fred H. Clifford, Bangor's well known and hustling advertising agent, has issued the January number of his "About Ads" and it contains many valuable hints for advertisers.

* * *

There will be a rehearsal of the festival chorus tonight in Memorial Parlors beginning at 7.30 o'clock. Mr. Hyde is expected to be present to direct the singing and all members are requested to attend and bring with them as many new members as they can possibly secure.

When children or adults have been exposed to

Diphtheria

they may be protected against the disease for at least three or four weeks by an injection of ANTI-TOXIN.

In

all cases the earlier the serum is administered the more certain and rapid is the cure. In croup and other suspicious cases of any severity it is better to inject the remedy at once without waiting for bacteriological verification of the diagnosis.

Bangor

PHYSICIANS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT

BUCKLEY & PREBLE,

Pharmacists,

27 Hammond St., Bangor, Me.,

are supplied with a fresh assortment of anti-diphtheritic serum bulbs from the laboratory of Parke, Davis & Co.

"COO" HUNG WELL.

Officer Donovan Performs a Daring Feat Wednesday and Prevents a Bad Runaway.

For many years Bangor has had a wide reputation of being the only city this side of Lead Hollow, Col., that could record a professional runaway in her books, and hardly a day passes that she does not add one more to her long list, especially at this time of year.

When we say runaway we mean any event where a horse trys to get the upper hand of man whether he succeeds or not.

During the past few weeks Bangor has seen several bad smash-ups; many people have had narrow escapes from being killed or seriously injured and conveyances of various kinds have been converted into kindling wood during the mad career of the charging beasts.

On Wednesday afternoon there occurred in West Market square a little mix-up that will long be remembered by those who witnessed it, and more especially by those who were implicated.

Rev. Rufus Whitcomb, of Newburg, had come to town on business and while driving across the square, one runner of his sleigh became entangled with the Boo line car track and over he went. This frightened the horse and the animal began to play hop-skip-and-jump around the spot.

"Whoa!" cried Officer Donovan, who was standing near and the next instant he sprang forward and seized the animal by the bit.

But did the brute whoa? No, his strength was superior to "Coo's," as the officer is more generally called and with a vicious dash he made the officer wish that he had never been born. He was dragging him, along with Rev. Whitcomb, towards Boyd's plate glass windows at a terrible rate.

"Coo" clung like grim death, first up in the air and then down on the ground until it seemed to all the bystanders as if he would be rocked to pieces as a dog would shake the daylight out of a rat.

It was a hot game of 2 to 1 with Rev. Whitcomb steering the animal by the reins and "Coo" striving hard to reverse the wild engine; but as the officer remarked when he saw his picture in the plate glass: "Its a long rope that has no end" and with a mighty effort he stopped the animal with no damage done.

"Well," said Rev. Whitcomb, to the officer when the excitement had subsided "you fellows are useful as well as ornamental, sometimes," to which "Coo" replied, "Yes pard we are always 'round and ready to do a good act when needed."

It was a good act for a fierce runaway was averted and possibly some lives saved and the next time Rev. Whitcomb comes to town he has promised to bring "Coo" the biggest pumpkin he can find.

AN EXCELLENT CONCERT.

Organ Recital to be Given in Dexter, Thursday Night.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

On Thursday evening in Dexter will be given by Jesse Woodbury & Co. of Boston, a recital exhibiting the new organ built for the Methodist Episcopal church. Prof. Ernest Douglas, who is considered one of the finest organists in New England, will preside at the organ and the following program will be carried out:

Galliee ..... Coombs
Mrs. Arthur P. Abbott.
Song ..... Selected
Mrs. S. M. Small.
"Evening Bells," ..... Kratz
Mechanic's Glee Club.
(J. K. Springall will assist.)
AT THE ORGAN.
Bach—Prelude and Fugue in D minor.
Mendelssohn—Third movement from 4th Sonata.
Guilmant—(a) Fugue alla Handel.
(b) Elevation in A flat.
(c) Grand Chorus in D.
Improvisation—Showing the tone colors of the organ.
Dubois—March of the Magi.
Note—(The small pipe sounding upper swell represents the Star of the East. The steady tread of the camels is heard with but one interruption throughout the whole number.)
Tours—Fantasie in C.
Wely—Pastorale in G.
Rossini—Overture of William Tell.

AGAIN IN CUSTODY.

John Burke of this city, who was arrested and convicted in the municipal court of outrage some months ago, is again in custody. After his conviction before Judge Vose, Burke appealed and was bound over to appear at the February term of court. His father signed his bond and Burke was allowed to go. Some days ago Burke's father thought his son was acting as if he intended to depart for other climes, and at last he got so nervous about the matter that he decided to take his name off the bond, which he did. On Wednesday evening Burke was arrested and taken to the police station.

Mr. John L. Parker of the firm of Parker & Peakes left on the late train Wednesday night for an extended business trip in the West.

A BIG SUCCESS.

CITY HALL SCENE OF GAY FESTIVITIES WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

THE SHOEMAKERS' BENEFIT.

MANAGEMENT DESERVES HIGH PRAISE FOR RESULTS.

Big Crowd Attends and Dancing and Concert Much Enjoyed.

City hall on Wednesday evening was the scene of gay festivities. The occasion was the second annual ball of the Shoemakers' Mutual Benefit association, and it was a big success.

For weeks Mr. John L. Parker of Parker & Peakes, and assistants, have been hard at work on the arrangements for the ball, and the result was a high compliment to Mr. Parker's executive ability. The crowd that attended was one of the largest that has ever danced in the hall, and the galleries were crowded with interested spectators of the lively scene below. Pullen's full Symphony orchestra furnished music for the dancing, and never before in this city has such music been heard on an occasion like this. The floor was filled to its utmost capacity by the merry throng and everybody present enjoyed the good time hugely.

Financially, as well as socially, the ball must have been a great success, and all concerned in its management deserve great credit. Between two numbers of the concert by the orchestra before the dance, the shoe packing contest took place, and for exactly two minutes and a half furnished intense excitement for the spectators. At the end of that time it was announced that the prize had been won by Mr. Elmer Barker. The others in the contest were Messrs. Kendall, Slattery and Jordan, and of these Mr. Slattery was a hot second for the first place. The contest consisted of taking from shelves and packing in cases for shipment 24 pairs of shoes by each man and, as can be imagined, some lively work was done.

The singing of the shoemakers' chorus, which filled three numbers of the concert program, deserves special mention. The ladies' chorus was composed of twenty pretty girls in dark skirts and white sweaters, and their particular number was a skating song which was charmingly rendered. "Listen to the Band" by the male chorus of 20 was excellent, and when the two combined sang the "Song of the Drum" the audience clapped and cheered until it was tired.

Shortly after 9 o'clock dancing was begun and kept up until a late—or rather an early hour. Everyone voted that the shoemakers were all right, and that the ball was a howling success. The following is the concert program.

March—Presidential ..... Herbert
Pullen's Orchestra.
Listen to the Band.....Monckton
Shoemakers' Male Chorus.
Trombone solo—Holy City.....
Charles Lord.
Skating Song ..... Caryll
Ladies' Chorus.
Serenade—Love in Idleness...Macbeth
Orchestra.
Shoe packers in contest.....
Messrs. Kendall, Barker, Slattery and Jordan.
Song of the Drum.....Englander
Shoemakers' Chorus.
Indian War Dance .....Bellstedt
Orchestra.

The floor manager was Mr. John L. Parker and the aids were Messrs. John Johnson, Frank Libby, A. L. Pooler, Oscar Rowe, Geo. Danforth, Tom Morse, Daniel Kennedy, Daniel Connelly, Geo. Given.

The following is a list of those who took part in the shoemakers' chorus:

Mary F. Boyce, Edith C. Tremble, Etta J. Feeney, Helena I. Golden, Mary A. Fahey, Flora M Libbey, Blanche E. Libbey, Nellie A. Barry, Elizabeth McCarthy, Della T. Burke, Kathleen F. Burke, Annie M. King, Nellie C. McDonough, Julia F. McDonough, Helena E. Canning, Annie M. Canning, Alice Cushing, Mary McDonald, Josephine Clukey, C. C. Richardson, C. J. Eslin, R. F. Hindle, David E. Nice, G. E. Maynard, Bert E. Whitney, H. L. Watson, T. J. Magee, R. J. Delano, F. W. Cochran, J. T. Carrow, A. L. Aldcroft, Chas. D. Seribner, John L. Parker, H. E. Martelle, Bert Pepler, Alfred L. Pooler, Frank J. Eslin, Albert J. Farrington, George W. Chaplin.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Orono Pulp and Paper Company on Wednesday.

The annual meeting of the Orono Pulp & Paper Company was held on Wednesday forenoon at the company's office in Bangor and the following officers were chosen:

Directors—Edward Stetson, L. J. Morse, B. B. Thatcher, W. H. Rollins, C. F. Bragg, J. P. Walker, C. H. Wood.
President—B. B. Thatcher.
Clerk and Treasurer—R. W. Sawyer.

The directors voted to declare a dividend of 6 per cent. payable February 1st.

TOOK STRYCHNINE.

Joseph Bell Commits Suicide at Greenville, Tuesday.

Joseph Bell, a resident of Greenville, committed suicide on Tuesday by taking dose of strychnine. The poison was taken at about 5 A. M. and the man died at 5 P. M. after suffering much agony. His wife in sending for a doctor was informed by the dying man that it was useless as he had taken enough to kill six men.

The cause of the act is unknown. He was a quiet hard-working and industrious man. His age was 30 years. He leaves a wife.

FEBRUARY 15th.

(Continued from First Page.)

however, of members to criticise the policy of the government, asserting that loyalty to the flag was often confounded with loyalty to a policy of the government. The urgent deficiency bill was passed with only one unimportant amendment.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

When the House met Wednesday there was pending the appeal of Mr. Bailey (Texas) from the decision of the chair that the census bill be reported by Mr. Hopkins (Ill.) as privileged.

Mr. Barney (Wis.), from the committee on appropriations, reported the pension appropriation bill.

Mr. Hopkins then urged that the report was privileged. He moved to lay the appeal upon the table.

Mr. Richardson appealed to Mr. Hopkins not to cut off debate with that motion, but the latter insisted.

The vote was taken by ayes and nays.

The appeal was laid on the table—174 to 133.

The House then went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the urgent deficiency bill under the five-minute rule.

Mr. Sulzer (Dem., N. Y.) took advantage of the first opportunity to call attention to the resolution he introduced a few days ago for the investigation of the charges against Sec'y Gage in connection with the deposit of government funds in national banks. The committee to which it had been referred had not acted. "I understand," said Mr. Sulzer, "that the boss of the Republican party says these charges are 'all rot,' and that the President doesn't want them investigated and that nothing more is to be done with these grave and serious charges."

"If that was so," he continued, "the minority was entitled to know it. There was a remedy," he declared, "and that remedy would be applied. The secretary of the treasury was charged by reputable newspapers and reputable men with a distinct violation of the law." He proceeded to describe the sale of the New York custom house to the "just and trust."

While he was speaking, his five minutes expired and he asked for five minutes more.

"He has got that speech on his stomach," observed Mr. Cannon (Ill.), "and the House had better let him proceed."

"If you don't probe this great national scandal to the bottom," retorted Mr. Sulzer, "you will hear a great deal about it on the stump."

Mr. Sulzer continued, quoting the words of President McKinley while a member of Congress in criticism of the course of Secretary Fairchild in keeping the government funds in national banks.

Mr. Sulzer concluded with the statement that Secretary Gage had made the humiliating confession that he is and was the mere agent of the Standard Oil trust. He was followed by Mr. Sibley (Dem., Pa.), who said that while he had supported Mr. Sulzer for the leadership of the House and the second place on the Democratic national ticket, he could not agree with him in his attack upon Secretary Gage.

Mr. Sibley said he had been requested to introduce a resolution of investigation. He had replied that in the hour of peril the secretary of the treasury had acted with promptness and prudence, and that in his opinion Congress would at all times uphold a public officer striving to uphold the honor and credit of the business interests of the country (Republican applause).

Mr. Sibley said he had read the answer of Secretary Gage to the House resolution and he considered it a full, free and frank statement which completely justified each and every transaction.

A conflagration had started in New York, he said, and it required courage and will to stop the panic before it had extended itself.

"I had rather see the country prosper," said he, "than to see my party succeed" (Republican applause).

He expressed regret that the Democratic party should thrive upon depression and again praised the secretary of the treasury for coming to the rescue of the business interests of the country. He rejoiced in his action (renewed Republican applause).

Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) declared that both Secretary Gage and the Administration had been vindicated. He explained the reasons why the committee on rules, to which the Sulzer resolution had gone, had not acted upon it. The charges the resolution contained were simply a re-hash of the same charges to which Secretary Gage had replied.

"I am authorized by the chairman of the committee on rules to say that no one has asked to be heard in furtherance of the resolution.

"Not the most humble citizen," said Mr. Grosvenor, "would be placed upon trial upon a mere allegation. No one has come up on his own responsibility to affirm the truth of the charges."

MR. CLARK'S COMMENT.

Mr. Clark (Mo.) was characteristically ironical in his comment upon Mr. Sibley's speech. He remembered, he said, a great day in the House when Mr. Sibley had not been obliged to go to the other side for his applause. Before he had known of Mr. Sibley's change of front he had written an article urging him for the Democratic vice presidential nomination. He did not wish to withdraw his personal praise, but he did desire now to withdraw the nomination (laughter) and to confer it upon Mr. Sulzer of New York, who had always been faithful to Democratic principles (Democratic and Republican applause).

He recalled the time when Mr. Sibley had told how he had been ostracised, socially and commercially, because he had supported silver 16 to 1. "We hailed him as a hero," said Mr. Clark, "because he was the only Democrat north of the Potomac and east of the Mississippi who stood true to the Democracy of the Mississippi valley. Now he wins the applause of those who are hostile to every principle of the Democratic faith. His place in this House is on the other side of the political aisle." (Democratic applause.)

Mr. Clark read the Hepburn letter to Secretary Gage, branding it as a disgrace. He remarked upon the "cheek" of Mr. Hepburn in addressing such a letter to the secretary. The secretary could not prevent Mr. Hepburn from writing the letter, Mr. Clark said, but he could have rebuked him. While he was describing the manner in which deposits had been made in national banks, Mr. Lacey of Iowa interrupted him.

"What did Andrew Jackson do about deposits?" he inquired.

"He took them away from a lot of thieves like these," retorted Mr. Clark, "and placed them in the hands of honest men." (Democratic applause.) Now crawl away snake.

"He put them in pet State banks," said Mr. Lacey.

"I don't care about the State banks," said Mr. Clark. "Instead of rebuking Mr. Hepburn Secretary Gage conferred upon him the greatest favor ever conferred upon a bank since banks were established."

Mr. Sibley replied briefly. Ordinarily, he said, he would be humiliated to have the vice presidential nomination publicly withdrawn, but he was already withdrawn in favor of Mr. Sulzer. He was more concerned with the statement that he should take his seat on the other side becauased he had changed his position.

MR. SULZER ARRAIGNED.

Mr. Hepburn of Iowa caustically arraigned Mr. Sulzer for his alleged misstatements in the face of Secretary Gage's report. He denounced him for alleging that Secretary Gage had admitted violation of the law. There ought not to be an investigation of the secretary of the treasury, but there ought to be a public rebuke of a member who distorted the truth, who distorted the facts and who slandered honored public officials.

The debate was continued for some time by Messrs. Williams (Ills.), Cannon (Ills.), Cochran (Mo.), Hopkins (Ills.), Levy (N. Y.), Driggs, (N. Y.), when consideration of the bill was resumed.

Attention reverted to the debate that had occurred earlier in the day when Mr. Sulzer (N. Y.), recalled attention to an editorial in a South Carolina paper attacking him, which had been read by Mr. Hopkins (Ills.)

Mr. Sulzer rebuked Mr. Hopkins for not having the courage to attack him openly. He denied that the paper was Democratic. He said it was edited by the subsidized agents of Mark Hanna. Mr. Terry (Ark.), and Mr. Cannon became involved in a controversy toward the close of the session. Mr. Terry denounced the war in the Philippines as criminal. Mr. Cannon had said the appropriation of $45,000,000 in the bill was to support the flag. His denunciation was of the purposes of the war. He taunted the Republicans for forever wrapping the flag about them and crying "Patriotism."

Mr. Cannon declared that declamation amounted to nothing. If anyone was opposed to the support of the army here was the time and place. He defied anyone on the other side to move to strike it out.

MR. WILLIAMS' REPLY.

Mr. Williams (Dem. Mass.) replied in a brief and eloquent speech. There was not an American citizen, he declared, in or out of the House, disloyal to the flag of his country. The gentleman from Illinois with his accustomed shrewdness had issued a challenge, well knowing that there was not a man in the House, no matter how bitterly opposed he might be to the imperialistic policy, who would raise his hand against our soldiers fighting in the field, whether the struggle in which they were engaged was right or wrong.

"I believe," said he, "that the people out there against whom they are fighting are struggling for their liberty, but when my country lines up to rthe fray I am with it. He has issued a safe challenge. But I am tired of this miserable subterfuge by which it is attempted to confuse loyalty to the flag with loyalty to the policy in which the flag is disgraced." (Great Democratic applause.)

Men, he said, had a right to propose a policy of war. He cited the example of Burke and Chatham, great men who had never refused to vote supplies for war, but who had stood up in the House of Commons day after day entering their protests against the war waged against our ancestors because they believed it was wrong.

He would vote all the men, guns and ammunition needed to restore peace. And when we had peace he would have the great American public say to the poor brown people across the seas:

"We will stand by you until you are able to stand alone."

Several amendments by Mr. Lentz and others to increase the apropriation for rural free delivery were voted down.

The bill was passed without division.

At 5.40 P. M. the House adjourned until 1 o'clock tomorrow.

THE CLARK HEARING.

Washington, Jan. 17. After a recess of four days the Senate committee on privileges and elections today resumed its investigation of the charges of bribery in connection with the election of W. A. Clark to the Senate from Montana. At the outset Senator Faulkner stated in behalf of Mr. Clark that the letters were sent to him during and since the session of the legislature by Mr. Ector, had been found in Butte and were on their way to Washington.

The first witness today was William J. Cook, treasurer of the Thomas Cruse Savings bank of Helena, who was questioned concerning the accounts of A. J. Davidson and J. K. Toole with the bank. Davidson's account was opened Sept. 9, 1898, and closed Feb. 9, 1899. Davidson was considered a representative of Mr. Clark in the senatorial campaign, and the effort was to show that the senator's money was being used. Mr. Cook said that from first to last $21,800 was deposited in Mr. Davidson's name and that $13,000 of this amount came to the bank in the shape of a draft from the bank of Clark & Bros. of Butte, and $3800 on a telegraphic order of transfer from that bank. He said the money was all checked out but he could not remember to whom the checks were made payable. In the case of Mr. Toole there was an effort to connect his withdrawal with the senatorial contest with Mr. Clark's name, but Mr. Cook said he knew nothing about politics. Mr. Cook had no recollection of any unusual number of $1000 bills in circulation in Helena during the winter of 1898-99, when the senatorial contest was on. The deposit slips in Mr. Toole's name showed deposits in currency amounting to $8765, from Nov. 3, 1898, to July 31, 1899. Mr. Davidson had been in the commission business but had made an assignment.

Wm. F. Rector, who said he was an expert accountant, was the next witness. He testified that he had secured rooms in Helena to be used during the senatorial contest in the instance of A. J. Steele, getting these rooms in the Power block, which met Mr. Steele's requirements of a vault and a number of entrances. These rooms the witness described as a "trap," and said they were used for consultation with members of the legislature. He stated that he had seen several members in the room and had heard Messrs. Steele, Davidson and other supporters of Mr. Clark discussing ways and means of securing votes. He had seen a sum of money which he thought was $16,000, paid to one of the members.

Referring on cross examination to his relations with Mr. Steele, the witness contended that the latter was no especial friend of his. "The only sign of his friendship I ever received," he said, "was that after he had bought the grand jury he gave me $50 to watch them."

This assertion raised a laugh and also a point of order which gave the committee considerable trouble. The committee, in order to keep the investigation within reasonable scope, had decided not to enter into the grand jury investigation. The information had been volunteered and Mr. Faulkner insisted that if it was to stand he should have opportunity to refute it.

The committee took the matter under advisement. The witness gave the amounts which were, according to his information, paid to the different members of the grand jury.

During the cross examination a sharp tilt occurred between ex-Senators Edmunds and Faulkner of counsel on the respective sides of the controversy.

"Don't try to take care of the witness," said the West Virginia ex-senator.

"I will take care of you if you don't keep within the rules," responded the Vermonter.

Senator Chandler interfered at this point and the investigation proceeded.

Mr. Rector said he was positive that the member of the legislature who was paid for his vote in the presence of the witness put the money in his pocket. He said this man was one of the number of Republican members who were not to vote immediately for Clark, not until "the button was touched."

Replying to Mr. Faulkner's efforts to show inconsistency between the statements made today and those made in Montana, Mr. Rector said: "I have made no study of it because there was no money in it for me."

"Are you certain of that?" asked Mr. Faulkner.

"Not a dollar," was the reply.

The committee adjourned until Friday.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED.

Washington, Jan. 17. The Senate today confirmed the following appointments:

Collectors of Internal Revenue—A. F. Kinney, district of Connecticut; I. F. Fisher, New York, general appraiser of merchandise.

Consul—M. J. Carter of Pennsylvania at St. Johns, N. F.

Postmasters—Maine, E. H. Bryant, Machias; J. F. Jeffords, Livermore Falls; J. K. Thurlough, Fort Fairfield.

FOR ELECTION OF SENATORS.

Washington, Jan. 17. The House committee on the election of the President and Vice President today agreed on a favorable report on the joint resolution for an amendment to the constitution for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

RADICALLY AMENDED.

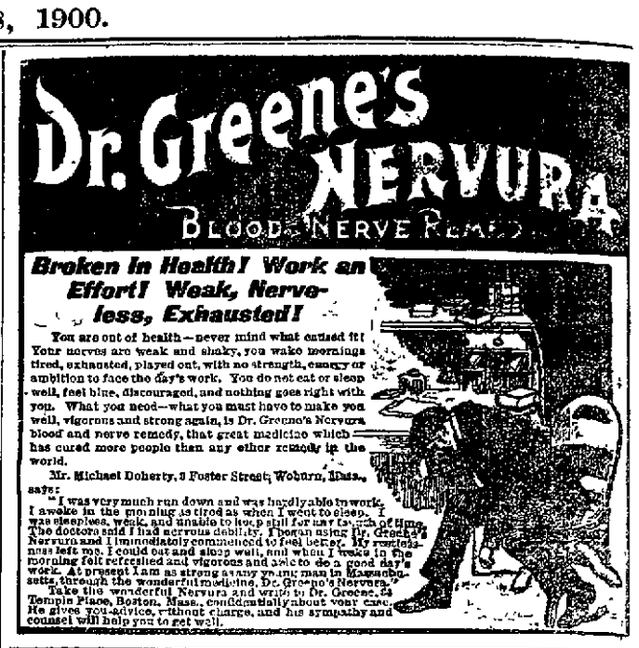
Washington, Jan. 17. The amendments made yesterday by the Senate committeee on inter-oceanic canals to the House Nicaragua canal, will have to be printed and circulated in the Senate The amendments prove to be more radical than at first announced by the members of the committee. The language of the measure is practically changed throughout and several of the House provisions are entirely omitted. The first important omissions are the provisions which are made in the House bill for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and for the purchase of existing concessions from Nicaragua and Costa Rica, the latter provision in the House measure carrying an appropriation of $5,000,000. The Senate bill also removes many of the limitations of the House bill as to persons to be employed in the proposed work. The provision for a commission to act with the secretary of war is eliminated. The Senate committee also makes specific provisions that the canal shall be of sufficient size to accommodate vessels of the largest tonnage and it increases the appropriation from $130,000,000 to $140,000,000.

RELATES TO GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES.

Washington, Jan. 17. Representative Fitzgerald of Massachusetts today presented a resolution calling upon the several departments of the government to furnish Congress a list of all employes of the government which have taken office under the present Administration and who have obtained their positions without civil service examinations.

AGREED ON PENSION BILL

Washington, Jan. 17. The House committee on appropriations today agreed on the pension appropriation bill and reported it to the House. It carries a total of $145,245,230, exactly the amount estimated by the pension office.



Closing Out Sale of Sporting Goods.

Until Saturday Next, January 20th, we will sell less than cost Fishing Tackle, Cutlery, Dog Furnishings, Cartridges and Ammunition. We also have two new sewing machines which we will sell at $12.00 apiece, to save crating and shipping.

Call early and secure best bargains.

E. M. ESTABROOK,

18, 20, 22 Harlow St., - - Bangor, Me.

COAL AND WOOD

New Firm. Old Stand.

J. F. Angley & Co.,

have purchased the coal and wood business formerly carried on by J. A. Cummings & Son, at 222 Broad St. The new firm is now prepared to deliver highest-grade, carefully-screened Coal and all kinds of Hard Wood—to deliver it promptly, and to sell it at lowest of market prices.

They solicit a trial on your next order for fuel.

ANGLEY'S—AT THE CUMMINGS YARD.

222 Broad St. West End, R. R. Bridge.

Telephone connection.

Russell Dequ

25 Middle Street,

Will give Readings until Thursday

For $1.00.

AN ILLUSTRATED LECTURE.

The Floral society of the Univer ist Church will serve supper from 5 o'clock in the vestry, Thursday, 18. Following the supper, Rev. C. Lund of Orono will give a lecture on Labor Co-Operation in England and America. Magnificently illustrated by 80 colored views.

Admission 15 cts; Supper 15cts.

Reward!

I will pay a reward of one hundred dollars for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party who set fire to the buildings on the "Knights Place," so-called, about Jan. 2d, inst.

LESTER DWINEL.

Bangor, Jan. 8th, 1900.

Crown and Bridge Work.

This has rightly been called the "Jewelry Work" of our profession and it has always been our aim to keep in touch with the latest and best methods for performing this class of operations.

If you have lost teeth by extraction or have badly decayed teeth that are past saving by ordinary methods of filling, call and you will be surprised how reasonably you can have them replaced by a clean, permanent gold bridge or Crowns.

Sawyer Dental Co.,

Dr. Sawyer, Mgr.,

25 State Street, Bangor, Me.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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ROOK,
Bangor, Me.

WOOD
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YARD.
End, R. R. Bridge.

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TRATED LECTURE.
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15 cts; Supper 15cts.

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LESTER DWINEL.
Sth. 1900.

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THE LOCAL NEWS.

Two cases of intoxication were disposed of in the municipal court on Tuesday.

* * *

Mr. Frank Frost, clerk of Walker's Hotel at Greenville, was in the city Wednesday.

* * *

The race at Gilbert's ice track postponed from Tuesday as the condition of the track was unsuitable owing to the storm, will occur today at 2 P. M. The track will be in good shape.

* * *

A special train passed through this city Wednesday carrying nearly 500 laborers, bound for Sydney, C. B. Most of them were from Boston and they will be employed on the construction of the large plant of the Dominion Iron and Steel Co., limited.

STRICTLY INFORMAL.

The Meeting of the Republican City Committee.

The members of the Republican city committee held an informal meeting Tuesday afternoon, but as no business whatever was transacted the Whig in accordance with the suggestion of the members of the committee made no reference to it. As an entirely incorrect and misleading report of said meeting however, has been given to the public it may as well set the people right on the matter. Committeeman Glass did not offer any "scheme of caucus reform," nor is it proposed to nominate the Mayor by a delegate convention. As a matter of fact, while the caucus question was informally discussed no one suggested a delegate convention, and the committee, as we are authoritatively informed, has no thought of reviving the delegate system in any form whatever. Before the caucuses are called in the spring the committee will doubtless agree upon some general improvements such as using the check list in all the wards and holding the caucuses open for a longer time than has heretofore prevailed. It was to consider this and other questions that the committee met Tuesday and at the subsequent meeting a general plan will be developed of which the people will have due and ample notice. Whatever changes may be made will be in the interest of a free convenient and correct expression of the party preference for candidates.

NEVER HAS BEEN USED.

The Grade Crossing Bridge at Veazie as Yet is Only Ornamental.

As a rule people of all towns are glad to see grade railroad crossings done away with and do all in their power to assist in it. Such, however, is not always the case and there now stands in Veazie as a monument to the injection, an unfinished bridge that was designed to do away with one of the most dangerous grade crossings in Maine. This crossing is in State street a short distance below the village. It is at the foot of a short, sharp hill, down which the electric cars of the Bangor, Orono & Oldtown electric railroad come. The tracks of the Maine Central cross the road here and on one side it is impossible for the engineers of approaching trains to see the road until directly upon it, while on the other side it cannot be seen until very close.

When the electric road was built the Maine Central established a gate and keeper at the point but that was not deemed a sufficient safeguard and the railroad commissioners were appealed to. They held several hearings and finally ordered the grade crossing abolished and an overhead bridge constructed.

This was two or more years ago. The Maine Central at once prepared to carry out the order and in the summer of 1898 constructed at the southerly side of the crossing a substantial iron bridge. Provisions were made for the tracks of the B. O. & O. and patrons of that road, as well as people who drove through Veazie, were pleased with the prospect of a speedy abolishment of the grade cross, but there came an obstruction that has held until the present time and is liable to remain for some time to come.

The town of Veazie held a special town meeting and after much discussion it was decided that the town could not afford to build without the bridge and that doing the case it would not raise money to pay for constructing the approaches to it. So, as the law provides that the railroad companies shall pay for the bridge proper and the town for the approaches thereto, the work had to stop right there, and it did.

The B. O. & O. people are not too anxious to have the bridge completed, because they do not have to pay their share of its cost until it is put in use and they can get along without the bridge all right so long as the Maine Central keeps its gates and flagman at the point of danger. The townspeople say that in reality the only party to the business that will gain is the Maine Central, for with the grade crossing abolished they will save the cost of the gate tender, oil for his signal lights and lighting and heating of his shanty, as well as of repairing the plank crossing, which will be far in excess of what the yearly repairs to the bridge proper will be. On the other hand the approaches to the bridge are long and costly to build and will cost considerable each year to keep in repair.

LOCAL TEMPERATURE.

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Miller's pharmacy:

	Thermometer.	Barometer.
Jan. 17, 7 A. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
12 M.	[illegible]	[illegible]
4 P. M.	[illegible]	[illegible]

PLAY AND PLAYERS

PACKED HOUSES AT THE OPERA HOUSE THIS WEEK.

MULDOON'S PICNIC NEXT.

ROBERT MANTELL AWAITED WITH GREAT INTEREST.

His Company Said to Be Better Than Ever—Notes of Acts and Actors.

The Corse Payton Stock company at the Opera House is drawing packed houses at every performance. On Wednesday afternoon the company played the Banker's Daughter. The piece is a time honored one, but the lines, scenery and business have all been remodelled, until it was hard to recognize the old play in the excellence of the new. In the evening the piece entitled Eagle's Nest was presented and the audience was enthusiastic over it. The specialties retain the high standard of excellence with which they caught the crowd during the first of the week, and the pictures are as good as ever. The Lavines, whose acrobatic feats open each performance, have grown to be favorites with Bangor theatre goers and well merit the attention they receive.

ROBERT MANTELL.

The eminent romantic actor Mr. Robert B. Mantell will be at the Opera House on Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday matinee, Jan. 26 and 27. An especially impressive feature of Mr. Mantell's fine performance as the Italian artist, Roubillac, in his new romantic play "The Dagger and the Cross," is the symbolic illustration of the title of the play in one of the many memorable scenes. It is where the actor, impersonating the heroic but anguished artist, uplifts a dagger, holding it aloft with the hilt uppermost, when the weapon takes on the semblance of an upraised cross. The effect of this situation is said to be electrical, the audiences being seemingly spellbound with the same superstitious awe that sways the characters in the drama. Manager M. W. Hanley, who never fails to observe this thrilling episode from the "front," avers that the traditional silence that made audible the dropping of a pin was a pandemonium compared to the stillness that comes upon Mr. Mantell's admirers when the dagger becomes the cross.

"MULDOON'S PICNIC."

The attraction at the Opera House on next Monday and Tuesday evenings and Tuesday matinee will be "Muldoon's Picnic," now on its 15th annual tour. The manner in which this comedy is being received along the line demonstrates conclusively that it has lost none of those forcible, entertaining qualities which have given it such a decided prestige among farce comedies. When "Muldoon's Picnic" was first introduced to the amusement public 15 years ago it immediately jumped into popular favor, and ever since it has occupied an exalted position in the front ranks of up-to-date offerings of a similar nature, and the indications are that it will more than hold its own for many years to come. The real secret of success so far as concerns "Muldoon's Picnic" is readily explained. It has always been the one great aim on the part of the management to keep it well supplied with all the latest comedy creations, besides insisting upon the members of the jolly company to continue the injection of original materials from time to time, thus never allowing the freshness of spirit to depart from a single performance.

There cannot be the slightest question regarding the merits of every feature and incident of "Muldoon's Picnic" for the reason that its entire composition entertains without tiring and amuses without offending. In short, it is a farce comedy of the sort that invariably has favors bestowed upon it by the audience prepared to spend a hilariously delightful two hours and a half. The seat sale will open tomorrow morning.

NOTES.

Mr. Russ Whytal, a fine actor, and supported by an exceptionally good company, will present for the first time in this city at the Opera House on Thursday evening, Jan. 25, the well known four-act romantic drama "For Fair Virginia."

A Bargain matinee will be given at the Opera House on next Tuesday, when anybody can see that funny comedy "Muldoon's Picnic" for only 25 cents.

GREAT NORTHERN PAPER CO.

Officers Elected at Bangor House On Wednesday.

The annual meeting of the Great Northern Paper company, which is building the mammoth pulp mill and paper plant at Millinocket on the Penobscot, was held in the Bangor House, Bangor, on Wednesday. Only routine business and the election of officers was accomplished at this session.

The election of officers resulted in the naming of Garrett Schenck as president of the company. Mr. Schenck is the chief mover in the company's affairs and has had the guiding hand in the Millinocket developments. The vice president is Col. A. G. Paine of New York, and the clerk is Charles W. Mullen of Oldtown. The treasurer is J. Sanford Barnes of New York.

The board of directors was chosen thus: Garrett Schenck, Col. E. H. Haskell, Oliver H. Payne, Col. A. G. Paine, all of New York.

On Thursday President Schenck and Col. Paine will visit Millinocket for an inspection of the work there.

FOR SALE.

In Bangor a hotel 32 rooms, all fitted up and is running. A good paying business all established. Will lease it desired. Inquire of BRIAN J. BINN, 16 Pickering Street.

OCCUPIED HILLS.

LORD DUNDONALD COMPLETELY SURPRISED THE BOERS.

BULLER STEADILY ADVANCES.

GEN. LYTTLETON SEIZED LINE OF RIDGES AT PATGEITERS DRIFT.

Confidence in Gen. Buller's Tactics Restored—His Forces Concentrated—Other Movements.

London, Jan. 18. The Times publishes the following despatch from Spearman's farm, dated Jan. 17, 9.20 P. M.:

"The force marched westward on Jan. 10. Lord Dundonald, by a dashing movement, occupied the hills above Pitgieter's drift, 15 miles west of Colenso, taking the Boers completely by surprise.

"The same evening the infantry followed. Gen. Lyttleton's brigade crossed the river yesterday and today shelled the Boer trenches.

"Gen. Warren's force is now crossing Trichardte drift, five miles above. He is not opposed, although the Boers are holding a position five miles from the river."

Another special despatch from Spearman's farm, dated Jan. 17, says:

"The British column moved to Spearman's farm, beyond Springfield, on Jan. 11. The difficulties in crossing the swollen river were great."

The other morning papers are out with extra editions confirming the despatch from Spearman's farm to the Times. The Daily Telegraph correspondent, under yesterday's date, says.

"I am permitted to wire from Spearman's farm that Gen. Lyttleton yesterday afternoon ferried and forded Potgieter's drift and seized with little opposition a line of low ridges a mile from there. During the night a howitzer battery was carried across. Today from Mount Alice, near Swartz kop, naval guns and howitzers effectively shelled the Boer position, which is strong.

"Gen. Warren today crossed the Tugela, six miles further to the west near Wagon drift, with all arms, in the face of a hot and heavy fire from Boer cannon and rifles. He has effected a most satisfactory lodgment two miles further on toward Sproon kop."

A despatch to the Daily News from Spearman's farm describes Lord Dundonald's advance to Swartskop hill commanding Potgieter's drift, and says:

"Gen. Lyttleton's brigade was sent to hold a position on Swartz kop hill. Leaving a strong body to hold Colenso and Gen. Hildyard's brigade at Springfield, our whole force advanced without delay. The ferry point at Potgieter's was on the further bank of the Tugela; and in order to bring it to our side Lieut. Carlyle and five men of the South African light horse swam across the river and brought it over.

"After four days' halt on the south side of the Tugela, our advance northward began on Tuesday, Jan. 16. Gen. Lyttleton's brigade crossed the drift that evening and held the kopjes on our right.

"Sir Charles Warren's division has made an attack upon the enemy's left flank. The column is now crossing the river."

CONFIDENCE RESTORED.

London, Jan. 18, 4.30 A. M. Gen. Buller completely surprised the Boers and occupied the hills beyond Potgieter's drift, 15 miles west of Colenso, on Wednesday, Jan. 10. This intelligence is contained in an exclusive despatch to the Times dated yesterday. He followed up the movement by shelling the Boer trenches.

This news completely disposes of the statement that Sir Charles Warren's force went in the direction of Weenen, and it tends greatly to restore confidence in Gen. Buller's tactics. The supposition that he had divided his forces into three columns had given cause for anxiety. It is now seen that such a view was erroneous, as Gen. Buller's forces are concentrated.

In Cape Colony Gen. Methuen has made a demonstration in force, shelling the Boer works. Gen. Gatacre is skirmishing around Moltens and Gen. French has been throwing a few shells at the Boers at Rensberg. Col. Plumer is moving to the relief of Mafeking from Bechuanaland. He is now in command of less than 2000 men. Mafeking is in a bad way; the seige is being pressed with determination and the Kaffirs are deserting because of pinched rations and the necessity of eating horse meat.

The Standard's vivid account of the assault upon Ladysmith shows that the garrison was surprised and that several times the situation was critical. Out of a detachment of 30 Gordon Highlanders who surrendered, every man was wounded. Curiously enough, this is the first mention of the capture of Highlanders. The Boer repulse at Ladysmith was the heaviest counterstroke of the war.

The government is relaxing its efforts to send out reinforcements. It is quite undecided as to when the eighth division will be shipped.

The war office declines the offer of a third battalion of Northamptonshire militia, saying that no more militia will be sent abroad. It seems probable that only 5000 instead of 10,000 yeomanry will be mobilized.

The war office sent for Lord Strathcona yesterday and he had a long interview with the officials, particularly Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood. The details of his force have been arranged and cabled to Canada.

Mr. J. J. VanAllens offer to give a field hospital section, to consist of three wagons, 25 cots and 20 transport animals, with all the appliances, has been accepted by the war office. The section will be called the American section of the hospital to which it is attached.

The ministers are gathering for a cabinet council, which will probably be held tomorrow (Friday.)

GEN. BULLER ADVANCING.

London, Jan. 18. The Daily Mail has the following, dated yesterday, from Pietermaritzburg:

"News has been received that Gen. Buller is making satisfactory progress."

A correspondent at the Daily Mail dated at Lourenzo Marques says:

"Numerous Boer refugees arrive here in French vessels. They entrain at a station outside the town and leave at a station before the Transvaal is reached. Then they will walk across the border and rejoin the train. Hundreds have passed through in that way since the outbreak of the war."

THE BOERS' GREAT EFFORT.

The Standard publishes the following despatch from Ladysmith, dated Jan. 6th, by way of Frere, Jan. 17:

"The enemy today made a determined effort to capture two positions, Caesar's Camp and Wagon Hill. The latter is a lofty eminence to the southwest, possession of which would have brought them within rifle distance of the town. Caesar's Camp was held by the first battalion of the Manchester regiment.

"The position was separated from that of the Boers by a rocky ravine. In the early hours of the morning, under cover of darkness, the Heidelberg commando succeeded in evading our pickets, making their way through the thorn-brush and reaching the foot of the slope at half past two. The alarm was raised by our sentries, but before the full extent of the danger could be realized the outlying sangars had been rushed and their defenders slain.

"On hearing the firing the two companies of the Gordon Highlanders went to the assistance of the Manchesters. At first it was thought that the Boers were concentrating on the southern slope, where they had already gained a footing on the plateau. Here, however, their advance was checked by the steady volleys of our infantry and the deadly fire of an automatic gun.

"Lieut. Hunt-Grubbe went to see if any aid were needed by the troops stationed on the ridge near the town. He was not aware that the enemy had already captured the breastworks and called out to the sergeant. He received the reply, "Here I am, sir," and then he suddenly disappeared from sight.

DRIVEN BACK BY BRITISH.

"Capt. Carew, suspecting a ruse, ordered the Gordons to fire a volley and to charge. The enemy thereupon fell back precipitately, leaving behind them the officer whom they had captured with so much presence of mind. The lieutenant was quite unhurt.

"It was now evident that the camp was being assaulted on the left flank and on the front. By daybreak reinforcements of Gordon Highlanders and of the rifle brigade had been hurried up to the fighting line, Lieut. Col. Dick Cunyngham, who was leading the Gordons out of camp, fell mortally wounded, being hit by a stray bullet while still close to the town. The fifty-third battery of field artillery, under Major Abdy, crossed the Klip river and shelled the ridge and reverse slope of the front position, where the enemy were lying among the thorn bushes.

"The shrapnel, which flew over our heads, did terrible execution. It effectually held the Boers in check and rendered it impossible for them to send reinforcements to their men through the ravine.

"The enemy fought throughout with the most stubborn courage being evidently determined to take the camp or die in the attempt. Their six inch gun on Umbulwana mountain and its smaller satellites threw more than a hundred shells at Abdy's battery and at the troops on the hill. Our troops, however, were not less gallant and resolved. The enemy was pressed back step by step until at length those who were left broke and fled in utter disorder.

TERRRIFIC STORM BURST.

"A terrific storm of rain and hail accompanied by peals of thunder had burst over the camp during the fighting. This served to swell the streams into raging torrents. In their efforts to escape numbers of the enemy flung themselves into the current and were swept away. The struggle in this part of the field was now ended and the finale was a terrible fusillade all along the line.

"Meanwhile a more exciting contest was in progress in the direction of Wagon Hill. At 2 o'clock a storming party, furnished by the Harrismith commando, crept slowly and cautiously along the donga in the valley which divides our posts from their camp. A few well aimed rifle shots killed our pickets. Taking advantage of every inch of cover the Boers then gradually reached the crest of the heights. Here a body of light horse was posted but they were forced to retire before the advance of the Free Staters, there being no breastworks for defense on the western shoulder of the hill. With little to impede their progress, the enemy soon came to an emplacement, where they surprised working parties of the Gordon highlanders and the sixtieth rifles.

"Lieut. Digby Jones of the Royal Engineers, collecting a handful of men made a gallant effort to hold the position; but the numbers were against him and he was driven back and the enemy got possession of the summit. Even then, however the Free Staters were afraid to venture for or to face the heavy fire from the Sangars. Here it was that Lieut. McNaughton and 30 of the Gordons were captured, although not until every man among them had been wounded.

Col. Edwards, with two squadrons of light horse arrived upon the scene and the 21st battery of Royal field artillery under Major Blewitt came into action, preventing the storming party being reinforced from the Boer camp.

ENGLISH POSITION CRITICAL.

"At the same moment the 18th hussars and the fifth lancers checked the movement from the spruit on our right flank. Nevertheless our position at this point had become critical. Our men had retired for cover behind the northern slope, while the enemy had made their way into the pass dividing them from the hill. Major Bowen rallied a few of the rifles, but fell while leading them to the charge. His example was at once followed by Lieut. Tod, but the latter met the same fate.

"The enemy were making good the footing they had already secured in the emplacement, when Major Miller Walnutt, calling the scattered Gordons together, charged in and drove them back. Having thus cleared the ground, he joined Lieut. Digby Jones in a newly prepared emplacement on the western shoulder.

"A pause ensued for a time but the Boers were not yet finally beaten. Taking advantage of the storm now raging, they essayed to capture the position by another rush. Three of their leaders reached the parapet, but were shot down by Lieut. Digby Jones and Lieut. Walnutt, the latter of whom also fell.

"The renewed check effectually discouraged the assailants and the deadly duel was now practically at an end. Nevertheless, small parties of the brave spirits kept up a murderous fire on our men from behind the rocks.

SLAUGHTERED!

No other term will apply to the reduction in prices in our

CUT-PRICE SPOT CASH SALE

WE ARE OVERSTOCKED WITH

Fall and Winter Goods,

and place this golden opportunity before the public.

From $1.25 to $1.50 worth of goods for every dollar left with us. Are you going to miss it? Not if you think you will find what we claim. If you are disappointed, and can truthfully say that we do not in every detail back up our advertising we will pay you for your trouble. READ THESE PRICES CAREFULLY, IT WILL PROVE BENEFICIAL.

MEN'S SUITS.

$7.50 and $8.00 Suits	$4.75
$10.00 and $12.00 Suits	7.75
$13.50 Suits . . .	9.75
$15.00 and $16.50 Suits	13.50

BROKEN LOTS,

Consisting of one or two of a kind, will be sold regardless of cost. We have a collection ranging from $7.50 to $15.00 to be

Cleaned Up at $5.75

Men's Overcoats and Ulsters.

$7 50 Ulsters and Overcoats,	$5.50
10.00 " " "	7.75
12.00 " " "	10.00
15.00 " " "	13.50

Boy's and Children's REEFERS, OVERCOATS and SUITS.

$6.00, $7.00 and $8.00 Boys' Suits, 14 to 19,	$3.50 and $4.00
$10.00 Boys' Suits, 14 to 19,	6.50

A lot of broken sizes in Children's two Piece Suits to sell from $1.00 to $1.75; worth $3.50 and $4.00.

Don't let any trivial matter prevent your attending this Sale. You give honest labor for your money and when you invest it where you can get the most for a dollar you are doing yourself and your family a justice.

Remember the name and be sure to find the place. Call and see the many bargains we are offering, and remember you can get your money back if you are not suited and satisfied. SALE NOW GOING ON.

Wiley Clothing Company,

9 HAMMOND STREET, Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor.

Agents for GUYER HATS, DUTCHESS PANTS, KLEE & CO., Tailors

LESTER R. WILEY, Proprietor. AL. G. STRAW, FRED E. KIMBALL, Salesmen

WHIG ADVERTISERS.

Mitchell & Thissell are continuing with their big clearance sale with great success. The sign of the big boot will lead you to remarkable bargains in men's, boys' and youths' boots and shoes. Don't miss the chance.

* * *

A piece of handsomely decorated china or artistic bric-a-brac is always suitable for a wedding gift. Call at P. H. Vose & Co's and see some.

* * *

A big slaughter sale of fall and winter goods is now going on at the Wiley Clothing Company's store and for men's and boys' clothing you cannot do better.

* * *

When children or adults have been exposed to diphtheria they may be protected against the disease by using an injection of Anti-Toxin. It is sold by Buckley & Preble.

* * *

You are invited to Sweet's silver anniversary next Friday at his store on Main street.

FIRST PUBLIC DEBATE.

A public debate that has been looked forward to with considerable interest is that which occurs in Y. M. C. A. hall tonight under the auspices of the Eastern Maine Debating League and without doubt it will be largely attended.

The speakers are well informed on the subject, and will doubtless deliver interesting and instructive addresses. The subject is one in which everyone is interested and the debate is the first in the series of the Eastern Maine Debating League, and the winner of the series will receive a silver cup, with gold lining, with the following inscription engraved thereon:

Eastern Maine Debating League,
Championship 1900.

The cup is on exhibition in W. C. Bryant's window, from whom it was purchased.

Following is the program for the evening, which begins at 8 P. M.:

Piano solo .....Edward W. Larsen
Song ..... Miss Grace M. Buzzell

DEBATE.

"Resolved, That the Boers are Right in Fighting England."

Affirmative, Hampden Academy, represented by Messrs. Smith and Mayo.

Negative, Progressive Debating Society, represented by Messrs. Bailey and McCurdy.

Guitar solo .....J. H. Hamilton
Reading .....Miss Blanche Fogg
Violin solo .....Chester H. Mills
Piano solo .....Edward W. Larsen

Decision of judges.

Chairman of meeting, E. M. Blanding, Esq.

Judges, Judge T. W. Vose, Bangor; Rev. D. E. French, Hampden; Norman Wardwell, Esq., Bangor.

FAVOR EXPULSION.

Washington, Jan. 17. The special commission of the House of Representatives to investigate the case of Brigham H. Roberts of Utah, Wednesday reached a final conclusion. On the polygamous status of Mr. Roberts the committee was unanimous and agreed upon a formal statement of facts. On the question of procedure to be adopted the committee was divided. The majority, consisting of all the members except Littlefield of Maine and De Armond of Missouri, favored exclusion at the outset. Messrs. Littlefield and De Armond will make a minority report favoring the seating of Mr. Roberts on his prima facie rights and then expelling him.

The statement of facts found by the committee is as follows: "We find that B. H. Roberts was elected as a representative to the 56th Congress from the state of Utah, and was at the date of his election above the age of 25 years; that he had been for more than seven years a naturalized citizen of the United States and was an inhabitant of the state of Utah.

"We further find that about 1878 he married Louisa Smith, his first and lawful wife, with whom he has ever since lived as such and who, since their marriage, he has born six children.

"That about 1885 he married as his plural wife, Celia Dibble, with whom he has ever since lived as such and whom, since such marriage, has borne him six children, of whom the last were twins born Aug. 11, 1897.

"That some years after his said marriage to Celia Dibble, he contracted a plural marriage with Margaret C. Shipp, with whom he has ever since lived in the habit and repute of marriage. Your committee is unable to fix the exact date of this marriage. It does not appear that he held her out as his wife before January, 1897, or that before that date she held him out as her husband, or that before that date they were reputed to be husband and wife.

"That these facts were generally known in Utah, publicly charged against him during his campaign of election and was not denied by him.

"That the testimony bearing on these facts was taken in the presence of Mr. Roberts and that he fully cross examined the witnesses but declined to place himself on the stand."

The culminating session of the committee today followed many prolonged executive sessions which left no doubt as to the attitude of the several members with the exception of Mr. Miers of Indiana, who has been out of the city. He returned today and it was determined to bring the matter to a direct issue. Accordingly when the committee met, McPherson of Iowa offered a resolution for the exclusion of Roberts.

Mr. De Armond immediately proposed a substitute recognizing the constitutional rights of Roberts to take his seat on his credentials and providing for his expulsion.

There was no discussion beyond informal remarks, and the vote was first taken on Mr. De Armond's substitute, Mr. Littlefield joining him in the affirmative and the others voting in opposition. The vote was then taken on Mr. McPherson's motion to exclude, resulting as follows:

Yeas—Tayler (Ohio), Frear, Morris and McPherson, Republicans; Lanham and Miers, Democrats.

Nays—Littlefield, Republican; De Armond, Democrat.

Chairman Tayler was authorized to prepare the majority report. It will be ready in a few days and the prospects are that the subject will be brought before the House early next week.

Mr. De Armond will submit the views of the minority. He will include an exhaustive review of the law, covering about 70 typewritten pages, prepared by Mr. Littlefield. The main point of this is that the House cannot add to the requirements, that the only constitutional remedy is to admit and then expel on the finding of facts.

Chairman Tayler says the report of the committee will be made on Saturday and that the subject will be taken up in the House next Tuesday.

FLORAL DESIGNS

for every occasion—designs of graceful shaping, carefully made up from choicest, freshest flowers. Order of Sekenger, and you are sure of good, honest floral work every time.

Dainty fresh Violets—cut daily

SEKENGER,
32 Newbury St.
Branch Sweet's Drug Store.

WEEK Commencing Monday, JAN. 15
CORSE PAYTON'S
STOCK COMPANY

Repertoire for the Week

Monday Evening, Woman Against Woman
Tuesday Matinee, Runaway Wife
Tuesday Evening, Alone in London
Wednesday Matinee, Banker's Daughter
Wednesday Evening, Eagle's Nest
Thursday Matinee, On the Pecos
Thursday Evening, Falsely Accused
Friday Matinee, First Families of Virginia
Friday Evening, White Slave
Saturday Matinee, A Member of Congress
Saturday Evening, For His Sake

Matinees 10 & 20 | PRICES | Evenings 10, 20, 30

Refined Specialties and the Dewey Moving Pictures between the acts.

Seat sale opens Friday morning, 12th inst.

Monday and Tuesday Jan. 22 and 23
The Funny Play
MULDOON'S PICNIC
Bargain Matinee Tuesday.

Engagement of the Original and Only
GEORGE H. ADAMS TROUPE

Matinee 25c to all | PRICES PRICES | Evenings 25, 35, 50c

Seat sale opens Friday the 19th inst.

LOST—FUR ROBE

Between Red Bridge and Water Works. Finder please return to the Atkinson Furnishing Co., and be suitably rewarded.

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Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1900.

A Republican State Convention

—WILL BE HELD IN—

City Hall, Lewiston,

Wed., April 11th, 1900,

At 11 o'clock A. M.

for the purpose of selecting six candidates for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and four delegates at large and four alternates to attend the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on Tuesday, June 19, 1900, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each City, Town and Plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1896, an additional delegate, and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, an additional delegate.

Vacancies in the delegation of any City, Town or Plantation can only be filled by a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists.

The State committee will be in session in the reception room of the hall at nine o'clock, on the morning of the convention, for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates. Delegates in order to be eligible to participate in the convention, must be elected subsequent to the date of the call for this convention; and delegates, under this call, should not be elected to the State convention to be hereafter called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for governor.

All electors of Maine, without regard to past political differences, who are in sympathy with the sentiments expressed in the call of the Republican National Committee for the Republican National Convention, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans of the State in electing delegates to this Convention.

Per order Republican State Committee.

Joseph H. Manley, Chairman.

Byron Boyd, Secretary.

Augusta, Maine, Thursday, Jan. 4, 1900.

Presidential Electors Must All Be Chosen in State Convention.

Headquarters
Republican State Committee,
Augusta, Maine, Jan. 4, 1900.

To the Republicans of Maine:—Prior to 1892 two Presidential electors at large, corresponding to the two United States senators, were nominated in State convention, and the remaining electors, corresponding to the members of the United States House of Representatives were nominated by the several congressional district conventions.

The passage of the Australian Ballot law entirely changed the procedure. Under the law, all Conventions are a portion of our election system, and this ballot act requires that candidates to be voted for by the Voters throughout the whole State must be placed in nomination by a Convention representing no less a constituency than the whole State. Hence, all the candidates of a party for Presidential electors must be nominated in State Convention, and I have therefore included in the call six electors.

J. H. Manley, Chairman.

The Roberts Case.

On the general question of allowing Mr. Roberts of Utah to hold a seat in the House of Representatives the special committee that has been investigating his marriage relations is a unit. The committee is unanimously of the opinion that a polygamist should not hold a seat in the House, but on the method of procedure it is divided. The majority of the committee will report in favor of refusing to recognize Mr. Roberts' title to a seat, while the minority composed of Messrs. Littlefield, of Maine, and DeArmond, of Missouri, are in favor of seating him on his prima facie rights and then expelling him. On the question of expulsion it requires a two-thirds vote of the House, while the majority report may be accepted by a majority vote. Technically the position of the minority would seem to be the correct one. To refuse to swear in a member who has been duly elected by the people of his State might establish a dangerous precedent that at some future time would prove extremely troublesome. However, there are good lawyers on both sides of the controversy and the unanimity of the committee on the main proposition is very gratifying.

Bryan in Kentucky

Mr. Bryan's speech at the banquet given him in Kentucky Tuesday was somewhat amusing, although not intended to be humorous. Reverting to the contest over the governorship he said this is a question to be settled by the Legislature and its decision should be acquiesced in no matter to which party the decision is given. The humor of the statement is to be found in its magnanimity. In the first place the Legislature is controlled by the Goebel faction. The committee which is now conducting the hearing was ostensibly drawn by lot, but by one of those singular coincidences so liable to occur in a body dominated by such a man as Goebel it is composed of ten Democrats and one Republican. These are the men whose decision Mr. Bryan declares should be accepted without a murmur. The whole controversy which was raised by Goebel, who was refused an election by the people because they knew and distrusted him, might just as well have been referred to Goebel himself for a decision.

Soundest Business Health on Record.

The American Economist says: In spite of the casualties among financial concerns in the closing days of the old year, produced by purely speculative causes, the fact remains, according to Dun's Review, that the failures of 1899, the great year of Dingley tariff prosperity, were in amount smaller than in any other year of the past twenty-five, excepting 1880 and 1881, while the average of liabilities—$77.50 per firm—was smaller than in any previous year, and most important test of all, the ratio of defaults to solvent payments through clearing houses, 97 cents per $1,000, is not only the smallest ever known in any year, but smaller than in any quarter save one, the third of 1881. The failures for $100,000 or more in the past six years have ranged between $31,522,186 in 1899, and $98,503,932 in 1896, the decrease being more than two-thirds, but the small failures ranged between $59,356,703 in 1899, and $127,592,902 in 1896, the decrease being more than one-half.

But for the nest of failures resulting from the speculative collapse in Boston in the latter part of December, the aggregate for the year would have been about $21,000,000 less than it was. As the record stands, however, and including the failures incident to over-speculation in New England and the brief but severe panic in Wall street, the failures in 1899 are the smallest ever reported since 1881, with the lowest average of commercial liabilities ever reported and with greater evidence of commercial soundness and industrial prosperity than has ever before appeared in an annual statement. Not only have failures been smaller in the aggregate than in 1898 or previous years, but they have been smaller in every section of the country. Such uniformity of improvement throughout the country is extremely rare, and would scarcely be possible unless business of all sections was exceptionally sound and prosperous.

The Massachusetts manufacturing defaults in spite of the influence of the late December banking collapses, were the smallest in any year, as were those of the other New England States, New York and the Middle and Central States. The New England disaster swelled trading defaults by $3,920,000 in five provision failures [illegible] les two banks, with liabilities [illegible] out $13,500,000, and two brokerage firms for $250,000. In New York the manufacturing failures were only about a quarter of those in two years of the previous five, and not half those of two other years, while trading failures were also much less than half those of four previous years, but in brokerage the liabilities were nearly as large as in two other years, and in banking larger than in any previous year.

But in other Middle States manufacturing and trading liabilities presented the same bright contrast, while in both other lines the failures would have been almost nothing but for that of a single large stock concern at Philadelphia wrecked by crime, and in no way caused by business conditions. The Central States also showed trading defaults from $3,000,000 to $11,000,000 smaller than in any previous year, though some brokerage and promoting failures at Chicago swelled the "other commercial" defaults above the returns of previous years except one.

The average of defaulted liabilities per firm is a test which serves better than most to show how the defaults compare with the extension of business, but this year that average is for the first time less than $80, the lowest in any previous year having been $93.63 in 1880. A much better test is the rato of defaults to actual payments in solvent business through the clearing houses. Here the ratio for 1899 is less than $1 per one thousand, namely, only 97 cents, the lowest by more than a fifth ever reported in any year, and the lowest ever reported until this year in any quarter, save the third quarter of 1881.

The failures for $100,000 or more were only 34.7 per cent. of the aggregate last year, 38.9 per cent. in 1898, and 35.0 per cent. in 1897, but 43.6 per cent. in the bad year 1896, and 42.2 per cent. in 1895, and 38.3 per cent. in 1894. The amount of such failures, and of the remainder for less than $100,000 each, are here shown for six years and deserve especial attention:

	Total.	Large Failures.	Small Failures.
1899..	$90,879,889	$31,523,186	$59,356,703
1898..	130,662,899	50,875,912	79,786,987
1897..	154,332,071	54,005,987	100,326,084
1896..	226,096,834	98,503,932	127,592,902
1895..	173,196,060	73,166,109	100,029,951
1894..	172,992,856	66,248,340	106,744,516

It will be seen that for four years there was comparatively little change in the small failures, but the decline of about a fifth in 1898, and the further decline of about a quarter in 1899, are highly significant.

It is in such facts and figures as these that we find the truth regarding the phenomenal improvement in business conditions that followed straight upon the election of William McKinley and the restoration of the American policy of preserving the home market to the domestic producer.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly absorbed by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

THE MARKETS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Railroads.	Jan. 17. Closing.
Atkinson	19¾
do pfd	60⅛
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	69⅝
Central Pacific	30
Chesapeake & Ohio	—
Chicago & Alton	—
C., B. & Q.	121½
Delaware & Hudson	115
Delaware & Lackawana	174
Delaware & Rio Grande	17¾
Erie	11
do pfd	32¾
Illinois Central	112
Lake Erie & Western	22
Lake Shore	194
Louisville & Nashville	80¾
Manhattan Elevated	92⅝
Metropolitan R. R.	164⅞
Mexican Central	10¾
Michigan Central	—
Minnesota & St. Louis	59
do pfd	90½
Missouri Pacific	40
New Jersey Central	115
New York Central	134⅛
N. Y. C. & St. Louis	—
do pfd	—
Northern Pacific	51¾
do pfd	74⅛
Northwestern	160¼
do pfd	—
Ontario & Western	21½
Reading	17⅛
Rock Island	105⅞
St. Paul	117¾
do pfd	169
St. Paul & Omaha	116
St. Paul, Minn. & Man.	—
do pfd	—
Texas Pacific	15¼
Union Pacific pfd	74⅞
Wabash, St. Paul & P.	7
do pfd	20¼
Boston & Maine	198
N. Y. & N. E.	—
Old Colony	202
Express Companies.	
Adams	114
American	143
United States	47
Miscellaneous.	
People's Gas	103⅛
Homestake	—
Ontario	—
Pacific Mail	43½
Pullman Palace	188
Sugar	118¾
Western Union	86¾
Federal Steel	50
do pfd	73
American Tobacco	99⅝
do pfd	133
Tennessee Coal & Iron	84½
United States Rubber	40¾
Continental Tobacco	32½
Bonds.	
United States new 4s	133
do coup	134
United States 4s	114½
do coup	114½
Denver & Rio Grande 1sts	102
Erie gen. 4s	69⅝
Mo., Kan. & Pacific 2ds	68¼
Oregon Navigation	110
Texas Pacific 1sts	112
do pfd	54

CATTLE, SHEEP AND SWINE.

Chicago, Jan. 17. Cattle choice fat steers steady; others 15@20c below Monday's prices. Good to choice 510@650; poor to medium 400@480; mixed stockers 325@880; selected feeders 425@475; good to choice cows 340@425; heifers 330@460; canners 220@290; bulls 260@410; calves 450@740; fed Texas beeves 410@500.

Hogs fairly active: shade higher: mixed and butchers 445@470; good to choice heavy 460@475; rough heavy 445@455; light 440@460.

Sheep and lambs active and firm, native wethers 440@485; lambs 450@625; Western wethers 430@475; western lambs 525@620.

Receipts—Cattle 18,000; hogs 36,000; sheep 15,000.

THE STOCK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 17. The stock market was dull today, but there was an unmistakable undertone of strength and the character of the small buying demand showed a substantial improvement. Dealings in the highly speculative industrials still predominated, but the proportions of the dealings in them was not so excessive. Sugar, Tobacco, Brooklyn Transit, Metropolitan, Manhattan and Third avenue, were still easily the leaders of the speculation. Reports of a military success for the British made the London market strong and the strength was reflected here. The upward course of sterling exchange and also of exchange of Paris served to neutralize this influence, in spite of the continued fall in the English discount rate.

The St. Paul statement for the second week in January encouraged buying in view of the increase of $31,555 over last year's earnings.

The increased grain movement, a good export demand for wheat and the continued increase in the money supply were all factors of strength. So also was the statement of the country's foreign trade for December.

The market for bonds was not very active but was very firm. Total sales par value $1,225,000. United States 4s advanced ¼ in the bid price.

CONDITION OF GRAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 17. Light domestic receipts and the small decline at Liverpool in the face of the heavy slump here yesterday resulted in a firm wheat market today, May closing ½@⅝ improved. Unseasonable weather gave backbone to corn, May closing ¼@⅜ over yesterday. Oats at the close were ¼ higher and provisions a shade lower.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 17. Flour rects, 25,810 bbls.; exports 3507 bbls.; sales 5750 pkgs.; active and steady at previous prices.

Rye easy; No. 2 western 60½ fob afloat; state rye 55@56 cif N. Y. carlots.

Wheat rects, 85,600 bu.; exports 8271 bu.; sales 2,815,000 bu. futures, 480,000 bu. export; spot firm; No. 2 red 78⅝ fob afloat prompt; No. 1 northern Duluth 76⅞ fob prompt afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth 79¾ fob afloat prompt; No. 2 red 71⅞ elevator.

Corn rects 37,750 bu.; exports 68,069 bu.; sales 280,000 bu. export; spot firm; No. 2, 41½ fob afloat and 41 elevator.

Oats rects 182,000 bu.; exports 35,476 bu.; [illegible]

29; No. 2 white 32; No. 3 white 31½; track mixed western 29½@31; track white 31½@35.

Beef steady.

Cut meats firm.

Pickled bellies 5⅞@7.

Lard easy; western steamed 625; Jan. 625 nominal; refined easy; Continent 645; S. A. 685; compound 5⅞@6.

Pork firm.

Butter steady; western creamery 21@25; do factory 17@22; June creamery 20@23½; imitation creamery 19@23; state dairy 19@24; do creamery 21@25.

Cheese firm; fall made fancy large 12¾@13; fall made fancy small 12¾@13; large late made 11¾@12; small late made 12@¼.

Eggs firm; state and Penna. 20; western ungraded at mark 14@18; western 20 loss off.

Petroleum steady.

Rosin steady.

Turpentine steady.

Rice quiet.

Molasses steady.

Freights quiet.

Sugar raw firm, held higher; fair refining 3⅞ bid; centrifugal 96 test 4 5-16 bid; molasses sugar 3⅝ bid; refined steady.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 17. The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat, Jan. 62½@⅝; May 65⅞; July 66½@⅝.

Corn, Jan. 31¼; May 33⅝; July 34¼.

Oats, Jan. 22½; May 24@⅛.

Mess pork, Jan. 1070; May 1092½.

Lard, Jan. 585; May 602½.

Ribs, Jan. 570; May 580.

Flour easy; No. 3 spring wheat 60@62½; No. 2 red 65½@66.

No. 2 corn 31⅝@¾; No. 2 yellow 32.

No. 2 oats 23¼@½; No. 2 white 25¾@26; No. 3 white 25¼@26.

No. 2 rye 52@54.

No. 2 barley 38@41.

No. 1 flaxseed and N. W. 150.

Prime timothy seed 260.

Mess pork 935@1072½.

Lard 582½@590.

Short ribs sides 555@585.

Dry salted shoulders 5½@¾.

Short clear sides 595@600.

Sugars, cut loaf 590; granulated 528. Clover 835@840.

Flour	63,000	40,000
Wheat	63,000	46,000
Corn	434,000	137,000
Oats	436,000	193,000
Rye	14,000	7,000
Barley	123,000	24,000

Butter weak; creamery 19@24½; dairy 18@22.

Cheese firm, 12@12¾.

Eggs steady; fresh 16@17.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Corrected Semi-weekly by the Grocers' Association.

STATE LAW REGARDING WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 60 pounds and a bushel of Turk's Island salt shall weight 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 60 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping, is 62 pounds. Of wheat, beets, rutabaga turnips and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, English turnips, rye and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 32 pounds or even measure as by agreement.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BEANS—	
Small Pea	2.00@2.25
Improved Yellow Eye per bush	2.00@2.10
BUTTER	20@22c
CHEESE—	
Best factory per lb (new)	12@13c
Best dairy per lb (new)	13c
DRIED APPLES—	
Choice strung per lb	6@8c
Choice sliced	8@10c
EGGS—	
Cold Storage	19@20c
Country Store	23@24c
Strictly fresh	26c
HAY—	
Best loose, per ton	9.00
PEAS—	
Improved per bush	2.25
Best Canada, whole	1.10@1.25
POTATOES—	
New	40@45c
POULTRY—	
Chickens, Spring, per lb	15@20c
ONIONS—	
Per bbl	2.00@2.25

RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

SUGAR—	
Granulated per lb	5c
Extra	6c
PORK	8c
LARD—	
Bulk from tierces, per lb	9c
OATMEAL—	
Best Scotch, per lb	5c
Best Irish	6c
Best Canada	4c
RYE MEAL per lb	3c
GRAHAM FLOUR	4c
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR	5c
SALT—	
Bangor, ground, in boxes, per box	20c
English butter salt in 14lb bags per bag	25c
In 56 lb bags	75c
Liverpool, per bush	30c
Turk's Island	30c
HERRING—	
English, sealed, in boxes, per box	25c
RAISINS—	
Loose Muscatels, per lb	20@25c
London layers	25@30c
Sultana	15@18c
CURRANTS—	
English, per lb	10@12c
KEROSENE OIL—	
150 test per gallon	12c
VINEGAR—	
Pure cider per gallon	20@25c
Pure W. W.	25c
OATS	35c
FLOUR—	
Best St. Louis	4.50@4.75
Best Spring Haxall	5.00
CORN	48c
MEAL	45c
CR. CORN	45c
FINE MIDS	1.00
BRAN	95c
MIXED FEED	1.00
BROWN DO	90c
FEED FLOUR	1.10
COTTON SEED	1.25
GLUTEN MEAL—	
Per sack	1.50
LINSEED MEAL	1.45

HOTEL PROPERTY LEASED.

A new lease from January 1st, 1900, for a long term of years, of the BROADWAY CENTRAL HOTEL, has just been made to TILLY HAYNES, the present very successful manager of the property. Mr. Haynes has now conducted the hotel for eight years, during which time he has completely rebuilt, refurnished, reorganized, and enlarged the original plant at an expense of over a quarter of a million dollars, until now it is not only one of the largest and best [illegible]

SHIPPING NEWS.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 17. Arr schr Hattie L. Trask, Banks, put in for shelter and cleared to return. Sailed str Manchester Trader, St. John; schr Arbitrator, St. Johns, PR.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 17. Cleared str Monterey, Parry, Lpool via Halifax; schr Wendall Burpee, Boston.

Portland, Me., Jan. 17. Arr str California, Lpool. Tug Valley Forge, with barge Merriam, Phila., schrs Wm. H. Clifford, Phila.; Eastern Light, Boston; John M. Fisk, do; Utility, Boston for St. John, N. B.; Ella F. Crowell, N. Y., for Thomaston; Druid, Rondout; Ada G. Shortland, St. John, N. B., for N. Y. Cleared strs Australia, Hamburg; Numidian, Lpool; Keemun, Glasgow. Sailed str Numidian; schr T. W. Dunn, Puerto Rico and twenty coasters bound west.

Calais, Jan. 17. Arr schrs T. W. Allen, N. Y.; Seth W. Smith, Rockland.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., Jan. 17. Passed schrs Nimrod and Alaska (Br) St. John for N. Y.; D. J. Melanson, and Oriole (Br) Nova Scotia for do; Telegraph, Thomaston for do; Thomas Borden, Rockland for do; John M. Plummer, N. Y. for Lubec.

Hyannis, Mass., Jan. 17. Arr schrs Alice Maud, N. Y. for St. John; Empress, N. Y. for Boston; Mary A. Langdon, and Mary Brewer, N. Y. for Rockland.

Southampton, Jan. 17. Arr str St. Louis, N. Y.

Gibraltar, Jan. 17. Arr str Columbia, N. Y. for Alexandria, etc.

Rotterdam, Jan. 16. Arr str Statendam, N. Y.

New York, Jan. 17. Arr str American, Rotterdam; ship Glooscap, St. Vincent; bark Bonnie Doon, Surinam.

Boothbay, Me., Jan. 17. Arr schrs Tay, N. Y.; Hattie Muriel, Boston; Lucy May, do; St. Leon, do. Sailed schrs Frank G Rich, Boston; Belle Bartlett, Portland, Emily A. Staples, do.

Anjer, Dec. 16. Passed ship Celeste Burrrill, Cebu for Boston; 17th, barks Avonia, Cebu for Boston; Wildwood, Cebu for Boston

Las Palmas, Jan. 17. Arr bark Ciampa, Emilia, St. John, N. B.

Cebu, Dec. 12. Sld ship Treasurer, Boston.

Perth Amboy, N J., Jan. 17. Sld schr Abbie Bowker, Bath.

Liverpool, Jan. 17. Sld str Sachem, Boston.

Queenstown, Jan. 17. Sld str Ultonia, (for Lpool) Boston.

London, Jan. 17. Arr str Heathmore, Boston.

St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 16. Arr brig Vidonia, Pernambuco.

Liverpool, Jan. 16. Sld str Philadelphian, Boston.

London, Jan. 16. Sld str St. John City, Halifax.

Glasgow, Jan. 16. Sld str Salacia, Portland.

London, Jan. 17. Arr str Damara, Halifax, via St. Johns, N. F.

Scilly, Jan. 17. Psd str St. Louis, N. Y. for Southampton.

City Island, Jan. 17. Bound south, tug Gypsum King, Windsor, N. S., towing schrs Gypsum Empress, Gypsum King and Gypsum Queen. Str Horatio Hall, Portland; schr Maud H. Dudley, Gardiner, Me. Psd east str Britanic for Louisbury, C. B.; str Kong Frode, Miragoane for Stamford, Conn.

Boston, Jan. 17. Arr strs Vittoria (Br), Progreso; Cumberland, St. John; Gloucester, Baltimore; Spartan, Phila; Frostburg, Baltimore; schrs Etta E. Tanner (Br), Yarmouth; Irene (Br), St. John; Charlevoix (Br), N. Y. for Port Greville (put in for repairs); Annie L. Wilder, Rockport; tugs Swatara, Phila, with barges Corbin, Kalmia and Girard; Concord, do, with barge Darby; Lykens, do, with barges Maple Hill, Oak Hill and Brookside; Underwriter, N. Y., with barges Raritan and David Wallace; Dudley Pray, N. Y., with barges Hackensack, Patterson and Binghampton. Sailed strs Admiral Dewey, Port Antonio; Turret Court (Br), Louisburg; Prince Arthur (Br), St. John; Kershaw, Baltimore; Old Dominion, N. Y.; Louisburg (Br), Louisburg; schrs Blanche H. King, Brunswick; J. R. Teel, coal port; Alice M. Colburn, do; O. D. Witherell, do; tugs Swatara, Portland with barge Girard.

Bristol, Jan. 17. Arr schr Gladys, St. Johns, N. F.

London, Jan. 17. Arr str Cambrian, Boston.

Salem, Mass., Jan. 17. Arr schrs Loduskia, Boston for Ellsworth; Ann C. Stuart, do for do; H. S. Boynton, do for Belfast; Allan M., do for Jonesport; Julia and Martha, do for Calais; Nautilus, do for Rockland.

THE DUTIES OF CONDUCTORS.

Supreme Court Lays Down the Law as to the Treatment of Passengers.

In a decision just handed down the Appellate Term of the New York Supreme Court discussed at considerable length the duty which conductors of street cars owed to the passengers on their cars. In the opinion of the court, written by Justice Leventritt and concurred in by Justices Freedman and MacLean, the court held that when a conductor had issued a transfer to a passenger he should be presumed to know that the passenger desired to alight at the place for which the transfer had been issued. "It might also be said," ruled the court, 'that points for which transfers have been issued bear some resemblance to regular stations of steam railroad companies, where it is incumbent on them to stop long enough to allow passengers a reasonable time to alight, whether or not the conductor knows of any passenger desiring to leave the car."

The court also said that when a number of people arise simultaneously after one of them has signalled the conductor, it is the conductor's duty to give them equal opportunity to leave the car safely.

The decision of the court was made when it reversed a ruling of the trial term of the Supreme Court, dismissing a suit brought by Mary Schaefer, described by the court as a washerwoman, against the Central Crosstown Railroad, to recover damages for personal injuries. In reviewing the facts in the case the court said:

"At about 8 o'clock in the evening on the first day of July, 1899, the plaintiff, a washerwoman, carrying a large basket, [illegible] street and First avenue. Immediately upon paying her fare, she asked and obtained of the conductor a transfer for a Broadway car. She testified that she had travelled on the crosstown line several times a week for a period of ten years, always with her wash-basket, and that all the conductors knew her. On this particular occasion the car stopped as usual on the easterly side of Broadway at the intersection of Eighth street, to permit passengers to alight. She made no signal or request of the conductor to stop the car, but when it came to a standstill two other passengers on the same seat with her rose to leave the car. She testified that

"'I stood up at the time when the other people stood up. I guess those two ladies were right before me. Right when the last lady went down I went down.'

As she descended from the car," said the Court, "holding her basket in both hands, and when she had one foot on the ground, the car was suddenly started at the signal of the conductor, and the injuries for which this action was brought resulted. We are of the opinion that on this state of facts the dismissal of the complaint was erroneous."

In regard to the law in the case the Court said in part: "It cannot be said, as a matter of law, that each individual passenger must make a personal request of, or signal or communication of intention to, the conductor that he or she desires to get on. Where a number of people arise simultaneously after one of them has signalled the conductor, it is his duty to give all of them equal opportunity to leave the car safely. In the case at bar the car had stopped at a corner where it was usual for it to halt to permit transfer to connecting car. The conductor had issued a transfer to the plaintiff for this crossing and should be presumed to have known that she desired to alight at the place for which the transfer was given. It might almost be said that points for which transfers have been issued bear some resemblance to regular stations of steam railroad companies, where it is incumbent on them to stop long enough to allow passengers a reasonable time to alight, whether or not the conductor knows of any passengers desiring to leave the car."

The Court said, in conclusion, that Mary Schaefer had not been guilty of contributory negligence, because she alighted from the car without taking hold of the railings of the car, nor because she had her wash-basket in hands, and said she was entitled to a new trial of her suit.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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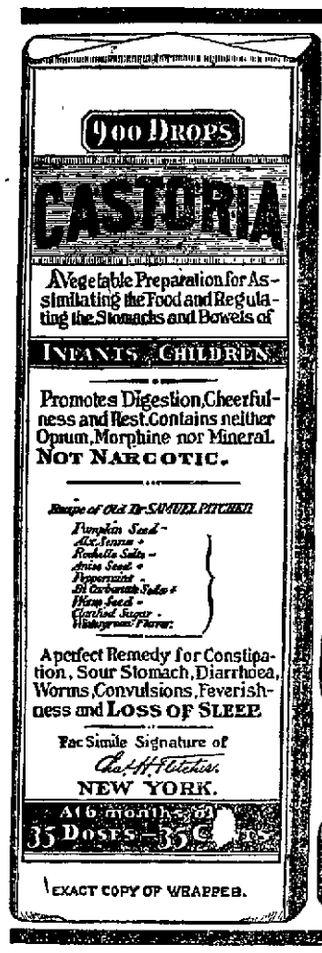
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



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The Kind You Have Always Bought

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HUNDREDS OF OUR Clarion Ranges have been in continuous satisfactory use for over twenty years —a fact that speaks volumes.

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AT LYNCH'S Today

Choice Young Native Turkeys, Ducks, Chickens and Fowl, Extra Fine Lamb Kentucky Mutton, Veal, etc. The very best of heavy Ox Beef. For green stuff: Brussells Sprouts, Cucumbers, Radishes, Spinach; Celery, Lettuce, etc.

We invite everybody to call today and see our fine assortment.

Prices reasonable.

LYNCH'S
Leading Cash Market.

Begin the New Year Right.

Take advantage of my low prices for photographs. Glossy Cabinets, $1.50 per dozen. Carbonettes, $2.50. QUALITY UNEXCELLED.

FRANK C. WESTON,
Photographer, Bangor

Established Fact

A lady's hat or bonnet attracts more attention than any other part of her costume.

From our fine stock we can furnish the correct style to complete yours.

C. W. COFFIN,
45 Main St., Bangor.
Butterick Pattern Agency.

NEW MAINE POSTMASTERS.

Washington, Jan. 17. The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed today:

Maine—Dear Isle, J. B. Lufkin; Fairfield Center, J. H. Butler.

SOME STATE CHAT.

A QUEER HOLE.

I have heard of a boy who lived long ago—
For such boys are not found nowadays, you know—
Whose friends were as troubled as they could be
Because of a hole in his memory.

A charge from his mother went in one day,
And the boy said "Yes," and hurried away
But he met a man with a musical top
And his mother's words through that hole did drop

A lesson went in, but—ah, me! ah, me!
For a boy with a hole in his memory!
When he rose to recite he was all in a doubt
Every word of that lesson had fallen out

And at last, at last!—oh, terrible lot!—
He could speak only two words, "I forgot"
Would it not behad, indeed, to be,
A boy with a hole in his memory?
—Advocate and Guardian.

At a recent gathering in Augusta, it matters not where the event happened, there were many of the young people of the city present, and they were dancing with the older ones. One miss was not exactly successful in having invitations to dance, and time hung rather heavily on her hands. She is not old in years but rather so in feeling. She sought a group of friends and remarked wearily: "Isn't this a gathering of kids. I can't seem to enjoy myself here." It amused her friends immensely.

There are people in Dexter who feel like apologizing to a dog in that town, which hasn't been very popular until lately. This dog lately saw a runaway horse dash by his home, and promptly gave chase. He soon succeeded in getting ahead of the horse and after several ineffectual jumps at the horse's head seized the reins in his teeth and hung on with bull-dog persistency, resulting in the horse being steered to the side of the road and stopped. He remained by the horse till his master came and relieved him.

The officials of the Allan line in Portland give out the positive information that the steamer Numidian will not be drafted into the service of the British government to go to the scene of the hostilities in South Africa. For several days past there have been rumors circulating to the effect that this steamer would be taken to the scene of hostilities, and the officers of the Allan line are at a loss to account for the source of these stories.

It seems quite sure, says the Portland Advertiser, that one of Roosevelt's rough riders is in the city, at least those who saw one day this week a somewhat remarkable performance on a street in Portland think so. A runaway horse tore down the street, making precarious the safety of those who were on the sidewalks at the time. A man wearing a gray cavalry hat was crossing the street in front of the frightened horse, and he took in the situation at a glance. Without removing his cigar from his mouth, he shook a pair of gloves which he had in his hand in the face of the horse to attract his attention, and when the frantic animal got near enough, made a near spring for the horse's head. Seizing the bits in both hands, the man was flung out in a horizontal line like a banner in a strong breeze, but he did not loose his hold and the horse quickly came to a standstill. The man had not lost his cigar in all this performance but he coolly got into the sleigh and drove the horse back to its owner, and then walked off without waiting for thanks. If he had not been an expert horseman he never could have accomplished what he did.

Prof Vose gives, in the Oxford Democrat some peculiar descriptions he has found in records of deeds. He evidently has not seen a deed placed on record in Oxford county by Register Chase. After giving several principal boundaries this deed was as follows: "Thence as crooked as you can go to the point first named."

The Democrat's examples of deeds recording are interesting, nevertheless. One piece of land mentioned, for instance, is bounded by a line which runs northerly to a certain point, "thence at right angles" to another point, and thence "at left angles," and finally finishes by going "to a stake in the ice" on the edge of a river.

Waterville was surprised recently by a call from a young fellow who wanted to engage a night's lodging at the police station, but did not want to occupy the room just then, as he wanted to go to church first. This so upset the marshal, according to the Waterville Mail, that he could not find breath to command the man to stay and the latter started off in the direction of a church. When the night officers went on duty the marshal informed them of his strange visitor and told them to give the straw mat another shake and put on a clean sheet; to see to it that the stranger had a good fire, a hearty breakfast, some clean water, a towel and a new piece of soap.

"The feeding stuffs laws passed at the last session of the legislature," says Prof. C. D. Woods of the Maine Experiment Station, "are working excellently, and as well as we expected. There are still to be found poor foods through the state, but the cottonseed materials where the greatest trouble lay, the fault has been corrected almost wholly."

A new kind of work is being done at the Maine Central shops in Waterville, that of building vestibule cars, it being the first time that any work of that kind has ever been attempted at these shops. The work is of the very nicest kind and it speaks volumes of praise for the skill of the department that such work is brought there. The frame for the car has been already laid. It is understood that when this car is finished that more work of the same kind will be done there. This with the work that is being done on the Pullman cars makes a distinct departurein the kind of work done there. In the past it has consisted of building cars suer as are run on the local trains, but within the past two months the nicest kind of work has been brought there to be turned out. It is stated that a large number of the Pullman cars will be brought there to be repaired.

Rockland can well be called a healthy city. There were only 13 cases of contagious diseases there in '99.

The sons of England in Sanford have subscribed $400 to the British relief fund.

A marriage certificate was issued recently to a Rockland couple whose intentions of marriage had been on file two years.

Real estate is showing a little advance in Gardiner, which is a good omen of prosperous times ahead, comments the Independent.

Ellsworth citizens are watching with a good deal of interest a movement for the erection of a woolen mill on Union river.

DOVER AND FOXCROFT.

Freewill Baptist Quarterly Meeting to be an Interesting Event—Personal Matters.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Foxcroft, Jan. 17. The January session of the Sebec quarterly meeting is to be held with the Milo Free Will Baptist church Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Jan. 19 to 21. Rev. S. C. Whitcomb of Bangor, state agent of the Free Will Baptist society, is to be present and will take an active part in the proceedings, preaching two sermons, one Saturday afternoon and another Sunday afternoon at 1.30. There will be a large delegation from the Dover Free Will Baptist church, many of whom will take active parts in the program. Rev. H. H. Hayes of Dover will preach the sermon Sunday forenoon at 10 30. Mrs. Hayes is actively interested in the Woman's Missionary society connected with the quarterly meetings. Saturday afternoon Mrs. Ella Smith of Dover will read a paper, Miss Elsie G. Law of Foxcroft will read a story written by Mrs. Mary Wingate of Corinth, and Miss Carrie E. Keraswell of Foxcroft will give a book review at the young people's meeting Saturday evening. Mr. W. A. Starbird of Dover will conduct the praise service at the same meeting.

Rev. S. C. Whitcomb was formerly pastor of the Dover Free Will Baptist church and was thought a great deal of by his congregation and also by the people of Dover and Foxcroft who did not belong to his church. For some time it has been the desire of his many friends that he hold a series of meetings here, but he has never felt that he could do so. He has now made arrangements to attend the quarterly meetings at Milo, then come here and hold a series of meetings all of next week, commencing Sunday evening, Jan. 21. This will give Rev. Mr. Whitcomb's many friends the opportunity to see and hear him.

Hon. W. H. Parsons was in Milo Monday on business.

Mr. C. T. Hoerner, chef in the Hotel West in Minneapolis, Minn., who has been in town several days on business in relation to the estate of his wife, who died very recently, starts Thursday morning on his return. He goes to Lewiston, where he has relatives, thence to Boston and later to Minneapolis.

Tuesday was the regular term of the probate court. Besides the [illegible]

LITERARY ADDITIONS.

Gifts to the Bangor Public Library During the Year 1899.

The following were presented to the Bangor Public Library during the year 1899:

Givers.	Books.	Pamphlets and Periodicals.
Academy of Natural Science, Philadelphia, Pa.		1
Aguilar Free Library, New York City		1
American National Red Cross Relief Commission	1	
American Swedenborg Printing and Publishing Society, New York City	3	
Archer, Herbert L., Bangor	1	
Associated Charities of Boston		1
Bangor, City of	2	
Barrett, Mrs. Cornelia C., Brewer, Me.	64	752
Beach, Rev. Seth C., Bangor		1
Boston City Registry Department, Boston, Mass.	1	
Boston Public Library, Boston, Mass.		14
Boutelle, Hon. Charles A., Bangor	1	
Bowdoin College Library, Brunswick, Me.		4
Bragg, Mrs. Norris E., Bangor	14	
Breeze, A. D., Plymouth, Eng.	1	
Bridgeport Public Library, Bridgeport, Conn.		1
Brooklyn Library, Brooklyn, N. Y.		3
Burlington Free Public Library, Burlington, Iowa		1
Chicago Civil Service Commission, Chicago, Ill.	2	
Chicago Public Library, Chicago, Ill.		1
Christain Science Association, Bangor		44
Cincinnati Public Library, Cincinnati, Ohio		1
Civil Service Reform Association, New York City		3
Close, Charles W., Bangor	4	
Colby University, Waterville, Me.		1
Connecticut Humane Society, Hartford, Conn.		1
Crosby, James H., Bangor	65	13
Crosby, John L., Bangor	149	32
Curran, Mrs. Mary H., Bangor	1	5
Dayton Public Library, Dayton, Ohio		2
Denio, Prof. Francis B., Bangor		1
Depew, Hon. Chauncey M., New York City		1
Dillingham, Edwin F., Bangor		2
Draper, Daniel, New York City	1	
Drummond, Josiah H., Portland, Me.		3
Ellis, William A., Northfield, Vt.	1	
Ellison, William P., Newton, Mass		1
Enoch Pratt Free Public Library, Baltimore, Md		1
Fairbanks, Henry N., Bangor	1	
Fellows, William W., Bangor	11	
Fletcher Free Library, Burlington, Vt.		1
Forbes Library, Northampton, Mass.		1
Fox, Miss Helen R., Bangor	1	
Franklin, A. B., Pueblo, Col.		1
Godfrey, Mrs. Abbie P., Bangor	6	
Green, Miss Carrie S., Bangor	1	
Hale, Hon. Eugene, Washington, D. C.	2	
Hall, J. E., Washington, D. C	9	
Hall, Walter Scott, San Francisco, Cal.		6
Hamilton Public Library, Hamilton, Canada		1
Hamm, Margherita Arlina, Bangor	1	
Harrison, Hon. Carter H., Chicago, Ill.	1	
Harrison, William Beverly, New York City	1	
Hartford Public Library, Hartford, Conn.		12
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.	1	1
Heginbottom Free Library, Ashton-under-Lyne, Eng.		1
Helena Public Library, Helena, Montana		1
Hill, Frank A., Boston, Mass.	1	3
Hinckley, Mrs. Frank, Bangor		215
Hoboken Free Public Library, Hoboken, N. J		1
Houghton & Mifflin, Boston, Mass	1	1
Indian Rights Association, Philadelphia, Pa.		3
Intercontinental Railway Commission, Washington, D. C.	7	3
Iowa Masonic Library, Cedar Rapids, Iowa		2
Jameson, Charles D., Tientsin, China		1
Jersey City Free Public Library, Jersey City, N. J.		10
Jewett, Miss Anna E., Bangor.	2	
Knight, Miss Maybelle, Bangor		10
Lake Mohonk Arbitration Conference, Mohonk Lake, N. Y.		1
Lane, William C., Cambridge, Mass.	1	
Larned, Prof. Charles W., West Point, N. Y.	1	
Lawrence Free Public Library, Lawrence, Mass		5
Lehy, Rev. John F., Worcester, Mass.		1
Leyton Public Library, Leyton, Eng.		1
Littlefield, Miss Nellie S., Bangor	166	11
Lynn Public Library, Lynn, Mass.		1
Lytle, John J., Philadelphia, Pa		1
Maimonides Free Library, New York City		1
Maine Genealological Society, Portland, Me.	1	
Maine State Board of Health, Augusta, Me.		4
Maine State Library, Augusta, Me.	1	
Malden Public Library, Malden, Mass.		1
Mason, Dr. William C., Bangor	12	28
Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, Mass.		1
Melville, Commodore G. W., Washington, D. C.		10
Minneapolis Board of Park Commissioners, Minneapolis, Minn.		1
Minneapolis Public Library, Minneapolis, Minn.		2
Murray, T. H., Woonsocket, R. I.		1
Newark Free Public Library, Newark, N. J.		2
Newberry Library, Chicago, Ill.		1
New Haven Free Public Library, New Haven, Conn.		9
New York Free Circulating Library, New York City		1
New York Public Library, New York City		12
New York State Library, Albany, N. Y.	2	10
North Adams Public Library, North Adams, Mass.		1
Norwich University, Northfield, Vt.		1
Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio	1	
Paterson Free Public Library, Paterson, N. J.		1
Peabody Institute, Peabody, Mass.		1
Peoria Public Library, Peoria, Ill.		1
Phidalelphia Free Library, Philadelphia, Pa.		2
Pickering, Miss Jennie, Bangor	29	
Portland Public Library, Portland, Me.	1	
Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, N. Y.	6	
Preble, Hiram J., Bangor	1	
Prince, George, Boston, Mass	1	
Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.		1
Providence Athenaeum, Providence R. I		1
Publishers, Bangor Daily Commercial	24	
Bangor Daily News	39	
Bangor Daily Whig and Courier	16	
Boston Transcript Company, Boston, Mass.	52	
Holy Cross Purple, Worcester, Mass	5	
Maine Statesman, Lewiston, Me	52	
Richards, Lysander Salmon, Marshfield Hills, Mass.	2	
Robinson, John F., Waltham, Mass.	1	
Root, L. Carroll, New York City	10	
Rowe, James Sweet, Bangor.	9	
St. Louis Merchantile Library Association, St. Louis, Mo.		1
St. Martin-in-the-Fields and St. Paul Free Public Library, London, Eng.		1
Salem Public Library, Salem, Mass.		2
Sawyer, Mrs. Charles H., Bangor	2	
Scranton Public Library, Scranton, Pa.		1
Skowhegan Public Library, Skowhegan, Me.		1
Smithsonian Institute, Washington, D. C.	7	5
Snow, Mrs. Joseph F., Bangor.	108	
Springfield City Library Association, Springfield, Mass		11
Stetson, Arthur F., Bangor	3	
Stetson, Mrs. Charles P., Bangor.		42
Stetson, S., Bangor	1	
Sturgis, Thomas, New York City.		1
Syracuse Central Library, Syracuse, N. Y.		1
Texas State Historical Association, Austin, Texas		1
Tillinghast, C. B., Boston, Mass.	1	
United States, Bureau of Education	2	
Civil Service Commission	1	
Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries	4	
Department of Agriculture		2
Department of Labor	3	6
Department of State	3	27
Department of the Interior	1	22
Department of War		2
Interstate Commerce Commission	1	
Naval Institute	1	
Patent Office		52
Superintendent of Documents	132	470
War Records Office	8	1
Weather Bureau		13
University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill		6
University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.		1
University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tenn.		5
University of the State of New York, Albany, N. Y.		1
Unknown.	8	24
Walker, John, Bangor	8	
Walker, Miss Kate, Bangor		1
Waltham Public Library, Waltham, Mass		2
Webb, Miss Josephine, Bangor.		39
Wilkinson, Prof. W. C., Chicago, Ill.	1	
Wilmington Institute Free Library, Wilmington, Del.		2

GIFTS TO THE MUSEUM.

Crosby, Miss Mary, Bangor. Pack of Union playing cards used during U S Civil War.

Curran, N. F Bone cane found on board the Spanish armored cruiser, Maria Theresa.

Lane, Mrs. Hezekiah H, Bangor. Piece of the heart of the apple-tree under which General Robert E Lee surrendered, April 9, 1865 It was brought home by Lieut Hezekiah H Lane, Co D First Maine Heavy Artillery. He said the whole tree was converted into relics by the soldiers, even the tiny twigs.

DEATH OF E. H. BRAGDON

In Cambridge, Mass. — A Former Resident of Corinth.

Mr. Elbridge H. Bragdon, who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. G Harry Marston, Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 11, aged 88 years and four days, was formerly a resident of Corinth, Maine, and one of the most highly esteemed citizens, a man of sterling worth and integrity of character, combined with a singularly sweet and winning disposition which endeared him to all with whom he came in contact. To the very last he retained the use of all his faculties and his ready wit, which made him a very entertaining old gentleman. He was postmaster at Corinth about fifty years, retaining the office till just before his removal to Cambridge, and was one of the oldest postmasters in the United States. A severe illness two years ago left him rather weak and unable to walk about much, but he was comfortable and enjoyed life, ever interested in all the current events of the day. No doubt his life was prolonged to this good old age by the constant care of his daughter, Miss Bragdon, who devoted herself to the father she so dearly loved. His death is a great loss to his two daughters, as well as the friends who knew him most intimately, but his life work was done, and well done, and he was ready to obey the summons to "come up higher." The funeral services were held at Corinth Saturday, where the interment took place.

CALAIS NEWS.

Meeting to Arrange For Formation of a Local Branch of the Christian Civic League.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Calais, Jan. 16. A. H. Leavitt, agent for the International S. S. Co. at Eastport, was in the city Monday.

Purchasing Agent Kilby, of the Sea Coast Packing Company, made a business visit to Calais Monday.

Mrs. Charles Beard, of St. Stephen, and her sister, Miss Bertha Smith, entertained a party of friends at their home Monday evening.

Another one of Mrs. W A. Henry's enjoyable "Social Club" dancing parties occurred Monday evening. They will continue throughout the winter.

Gorham King, who has been until very recently engaged in business in St. John will go to California in about two weeks, where he will become identified with the ranching industry, in company with a relative.

The plans of the Washington County R. R management for the Boston Sportsman's show are maturing steadily Many fine pictures are being gotten together for exhibition there, as well as for reproduction in the March number of the company's little monthly publication, which will be considerably enlarged for that month, and of which fifty thousand copies will be placed in circulation

The St Croix Club bowling team, consisting of Messrs. Trimble, Downes, Murchie, Woodcock and Gillespie, will go to Eastport tomorrow, where they will bowl the Eastport team a game in return for that which the latter played here some time since The game will take place in the Dana street alleys Eastport, and the result cannot, from any present indications, be forecasted, as the teams were very evenly matched at last accounts. Calais won by so small a margin that the odds are not great on either side

On Monday evening, in the vestry of the Baptist church, of this city, a meeting was held, as announced in the Whig, for the organization of a local branch of the Christian Civic League, of Maine. Rev. W. F. Berry, who addressed the big gathering of people in the Congregational church Sunday night, has been spending the last three days in the city for the purpose of arousing, if possible, some interest in the work of the league, which has been fully outlined in the Whig elsewhere. There were about forty people present, several of whom were ladies. Rev. S A. Bender was elected chairman, and Capt. G. W. Lord, secretary. Mr. Berry then addressed the meeting, and was enthusiastically received. His words were addressed to those present as to persons whose presence evidenced an especial interest in the work of the society, and he spoke warmly and encouragingly on the subject of the exercise of civic rights in the direction of honest government and the strict enforcement of all the statutes. He was followed by impromptu addresses by Messrs. Belyea, Padelford, McDonald, Nichols, Lord, Rideout Brooks and Glidden, after which Mr. Berry made some further remarks It was voted to form a local league, and a committee to draw up a constitution and by-laws was appointed, consisting of Messrs Bender, Belyea and Lord The next meeting will be in the Methodist vestry next Monday night, at seven thirty All the above looks very simple, but if the members of the organization begin work as planned, there will be some exciting times in this city. One of the enthusiastic ones said to the Whig man 'We are going to push things," while another stated "We do not know just what radical or immediate steps will be taken, as it is first necessary to perfect our organization, but we expect to do some hard work when we are fully settled as a society." The league expects to enlist the services and co-operation of the W C. T. U here, and there are already over 100 members in Calais. Mr. Berry left Tuesday morning for Montague.

The latest news from Conductor F. H Jewell, who has been very dangerously ill at his home in Portland, is that he is gaining very slowly, and cannot be expected to resume his duties on the W. C R R. for some weeks yet.

Howard McAdam, the St. Stephen taxidermist, who is having his hands full to keep up with his numerous orders this season, has a curiosity in his possession which will prove of interest to sportsmen all over the country. It consists of two buck deers' heads, the horns of which are inextricably locked together This veritable dead-lock" was formed during a combat between the two animals, and proved fatal to both of them, so that they were subsequently found stone dead, having been unable to free themselves Mr. McAdam has them prepared for mounting and it will prove a difficult task to accomplish to get them set up in effective positions. It is quite impossible to separate the two heads without breaking the antlers, and Mr. McAdam says he challenges anybody to do so. This curious phenomenon of the animal world will be on exhibition as a part of the Sunrise Route's display at the Boston Sportsman's show next month. He has also nearly completed the work on a gigantic moose head, shot in the Tobique country, and another one shot at Princeton This latter is somewhat of a curiosity, too, as it is a fairly large moose, with antlers of a slender and tapering shape, having two long prongs each, more like a deer's than a moose's. Such a specimen is not often seen mounted. He is at present at work on his albino buck, which will make a very pretty mount. Mr. McAdam's work is as artistic as any in the country, and possesses certain identifying characteristics which distinguish it from the work of other men of his calling.

ISLAND FALLS NEWS.

Our correspondent writes: Mrs. Lizzie A. Pride, wife of Fleetwood Pride, of this town, went to the Eastern Maine General Hospital in Bangor, on Tuesday morning for treatment.

The members of Aroostook Lodge, A. O. U. W., had a public installation of officers in Pettengill's Hall, on Tuesday evening.

Mr. C. L. Pettengill and family went to Bangor last Monday morning, being called there by a telegram announcing the death of Mrs. Ida Florence Frost, who was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pettengill.

The week of prayer was observed Monday and Tuesday in the Congregational church, and Wednesday, Thursday and Friday in the Free Baptist church.

There have been over sixty cases of scarlet fever reported to the Board of Health with none fatal.

Boarding houses and hotels are doing a good business.

AN AMERICAN HENLEY.

Wisconsin, Toronto, Brown, Syracuse and Bowdoin Invited to Poughkeepsie.

Intercollegiate rowing matters have taken a new turn in the last few days, which will increase interest in the annual regatta of the Inter-University Rowing Association, which is composed of Columbia, University of Pennsylvania and Cornell. The stewards of the association have decided to invite universities to send crews to the annual regatta and make it an American Henley. The universities which have been invited are Wisconsin, Toronto, Brown, Syracuse and Bowdoin. If sufficient interest can be aroused, not only eights but fours, doubles and sculls will participate in the Poughkeepsie regatta, provided three entries are received by May 15. That these universities will accept is hoped. Wisconsin did so last year and has indicated her intention of again doing so. Other than this no response has been received. Cornell will turn her entire attention to making the Poughkeepsie race a great success.

WISHING YOU A HAPPY NEW YEAR

We invite you to call and examine our fine line of up-to-date Groceries.

The following is a brief and interesting list:

FANCY RAISINS,
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LEMON PEEL,
TABLE SAUCES,
SALAD DRESSING,
CHEESE, ROQUEFORT,
EDAM, PINE APPLE,
NEUFCHATEL, and
M'CLAREN'S IMEPRIAL,
FANCY MALAGA GRAPES,
PEEK FARINE WAFER,
KENNEDY'S FANCY BISCUIT,
JELLIES AND JAMS,
PRUNES, FIGS,
DRY PEACHES,
ORANGE PEEL,
CHINZ PICKLES, 57 varieties,
OLIVE OIL, Rae Shafford,
POULTRY DRESSING,
WELCH RARE BIT,
OLIVES, 15 varieties,
FRUITS, ORANGES,
LEMONS and
PRESERVED GINGER,
POP CORN, NEW CIDER,
FRESH MAPLE SYRUP, etc.

When out shopping give us a call.

IT IS OUR AIM TO PLEASE.

JAMES H. SNOW & CO.,
25 WEST MARKET SQUARE.

ICE TAKERS

who are fastidious about the quality of their drinking water should be equally concerned about the purity of their ice, which is used not only to cool their beverages but to garnish and refrigerate many articles of food like olives, radishes and celery.

THE ROSS ICE COMPANY,

coming into existence with the year 1899, inaugurated a new departure in Bangor by serving its patrons with pure washed ice, saving housekeepers the annoyance of sawdust on their lawns and doorsteps.

The generous patronage accorded the company during the past year was gratifying evidence that the effort to improve the domestic service of ice was greatly appreciated.

THE ROSS ICE COMPANY,

at the commencement of 1900, inaugurates a still more important departure. Henceforth it will serve its domestic patrons in this city with pure stream ice only, cut exlusively on its own privileges above the Bull's Eye Bridge, on Kenduskeag Stream.

THE ROSS ICE COMPANY

owns the only ice houses located above that bridge and will fill them with ice from its own fields.

No railroad cinders will be found in that ice, neither will it be contaminated by city sewerage, the drainage of slaughterhouses, tanneries or superphosphate mills.

THE ROSS ICE COMPANY

cordially invites the public to inspect critically its facilities for harvesting and delivering ice and confidently believes that in the matter of Purity of Ice, Cleanliness of Handling and Promptness of Service it offers unequaled facilities. It solicits your patronage for 1900.

ROSS ICE CO., 144 Exchange St., Bangor.

From Madison To McKinley

In 1810, when Madison occupied the President's chair, JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT was originated by Dr A. Johnson. For nearly a century it has remained a household remedy of the first rank The grandparents of many who now use JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT were brought through whooping cough, croup and all the accidents of childhood in safety by this remedy. Many a time a bottle of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT in the cupboard of some remote farm house, has saved life when sudden and acute disease has developed in the night. Many are now living in old age who owe their lives to this remedy. You can safely put your trust in a remedy that has stood the test of nearly a century and gained such a high reputation as has

Johnson's ANODYNE LINIMENT

A majority of the ailments of humanity begin, or are accompanied, with inflammation, and it is by controlling and removing this condition that JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT cures widely different diseases, such as colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, bronchitis, la grippe, lameness colic, cramps, diarrhœa, cholera morbus, bites, bruises, burns, stings chalibg and pain and inflammation in any part of the body. Sold in two size bottles 25c and 50c, the larger size being the more economical; it holds three times as much.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

Write for a free copy of "Treatment for Diseases and Care of the Sick Room."

My Entire Stock of Business Suitings

will be sold out at a low figure. $35 Suits at $30; $30 Suits at $25; $25 Suits at $20. A first-class Overcoat for $20. Please call and see them.

HOOPER The Tailor,
6 State Street, Bangor.

"Bangor and Vicinity Illustrated"

is a good book for the home and likewise to send away. There are 256 pages and hundreds of half tone illustrations.

Price, 50c, in paper; 75c in cloth, and $1.00 in white buckrum.

For sale by the publisher, Edward M. Blanding, 117 Exchange street, or at the book stores.

WINDSOR HOTEL, Millinocket.

Location and service unsurpassed. Every modern improvement. Cuisine and service not excelled by any hotel in town.

W. B. CRANDLEMIRE, Prop.
B. S. COBURN, Clerk.

Filling Teeth.

In the treatment and filling of decayed and sensitive teeth much is to be considered

You want your work performed in a careful and thorough manner, based on experience, skill and scientific principles what is also a matter of no small importance it must be performed with Antiseptically Clean Instruments.

You can get results by ploughing the ground with a bent stick, but they are certainly not the best nor quickest.

Our office is fitted with the latest and most modern appliances for the saving of time pain and teeth.

Sawyer Dental Co,
25 State Street, Bangor, Me.
DR. SAWYER, Mgr.

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THE TRUE TONIC TRUE'S ELIXIR

is not a stimulant but a good purifying, cleansing and harmless mixture of vegetable ingredients, which cures disorders of the digestive tract and expels worms. It does not whip the blood or nerves into temporary activity as does regulation, followed by an equal reaction, but Tru'e Elixir removes the cause of the trouble and its results are due to good, healthy digestion and pure blood, which follow its use. A favorite family medicine for 40 years. Its popularity is due entirely to its merits. Ask your druggist for it. [illegible] W. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Me.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TOOK BATANGAS.

GEN. SCHWAN'S TROOPS IN POSSESSION OF THE PROVINCE.

GEN. OTIS AND THE FRIARS.

BOERS FIRE ON BRITISH WITH CAPTURED BRITISH GUN.

Public Anxiety in London is Still Very Strong.

Washington, Jan. 17. The following cablegrams were received by the war department from Gen. Otis, Wednesday:

"Manila, Jan. 17. Schwan's troops in possession of Batangas province about to move eastward into provinces of Tayabas and Laguna. Wheaton moving on Lemork and Taul and has navy co-operation; casualties slight; insurgent loss considerable in men and property as they keep up constant opposition. Expedition under Kobbe leaves for hemp ports Wednesday night.

(Signed) "Otis."

"Manila, Jan. 17. Gen. Hughes advent on western coast Panay policing. A section band of 86 Tagalogs which landed in December was struck by Bryne in Negros mountain, who killed 19, captured 28 rifles and ammunition; no casualties. Troops in northern Luzon busy pursuing robber bands with good results.

(Signed) "Otis."

GEN. OTIS AND THE FRIARS.

Manila, Jan. 17 (1.05 P. M.). The presence here of Archbishop Chapelle, the apostolic delegate to the Philippines, is greatly stirring the Catholics of all nationalities. The Filipinos have gained the impression that Mgr. Chapelle came as the joint agent of President McKinley and the pope to reinstate the friars in their former power.

The cause of the excitement is a statement which the Dominicans furnished to the Spanish press that Mgr. Chapelle in visiting the heads of the order told them that he favored the retention of the brotherhoods, and that President McKinley shared his views, which were that "if the friars returned to their parishes they would be considered elements of good order and, therefore, American agents."

Mgr. Chapelle denies the accuracy of the statement, and Catholics of all classes are connecting Mgr. Chapelle and Gen. Otis against the friars returning to their parishes, repeating the charges of opposition, exertions and immoralities which they assert caused the revolution of 1896. The Catholics request that they be given priests not connected with the brotherhood.

BOERS USE BRITISH GUN.

Rensburg, Cape Colony, Jan. 16, Tuesday. The Boers opened an artillery duel Tuesday morning, using a captured British 15-pounder, which the British gunners ultimately silenced. The British kept up a searching fire all day long on the Boer kopjes and also dragged up a gun to the summit of Coleskop.

PUBLIC ANXIETY UNAPPEASED.

London, Jan. 17 (2.32 P. M.). Public anxiety regarding the advance on Ladysmith remains unappeased, and the vague rumors that a general engagement is progressing, purporting to emanate from Durban and Pietermaritzburg, are based solely on the belief that Gen. Buller's arrangements to advance would be completed Monday or Tuesday at the latest.

The war office Wednesday afternoon posted this notice: "The following telegram is the only news which has been received in regard to Gen. Buller's operations near Springfield." The telegram reports the death of a private, from dysentery, at Springfield bridge camp, Jan. 13, and the wounding of another private in a reconnaissance towards the Tugela river, Jan. 15.

Gen. French's success, though consoling to the British, is recognized as being only a side issue.

CONDENSED NEWS.

San Francisco, Jan. 17. The transports Olympia and Pennsylvania are to be turned over by the government to their owners at once. The Centennial is likely to be re-chartered.

Santiago, Cuba, Jan. 17. Commissary and quartermaster's stores have been pouring into this city in such quantities that many of them have been sold at auction, and now some are being sent back to the United States. Mismanagement in the commissary and quartermaster's department seems to be the cause of this condition. Much unnecessary work, too, has been done by the transport service.

Washington, Jan. 17. Gen. H. R. Buffington, chief of the bureau of ordnance of the army, has received a report from Springfield of recent tests conducted there of different types of automatic machine guns. These reports of guns tested were the Gatling Colt automatic, Maxim and Hotchkiss, and a new invention called the Carr gun. All but the Carr gun were familiar to the army officers, but this gun presented several novel features. It is the invention of Howard Carr, the champion off-hand rifle shot of America. The aim of all inventors of machine guns has been to produce a gun of great lightness, one that can be carried by one man and fired automatically. It is the feature of the Carr gun which has appealed to the ordnance department. Its weight is only 12 pounds while the other guns range in weight from 40 to over 100 pounds. Another feature of the gun is the use of a drum feed instead of a belt feed, as used by other guns.

London, Jan. 17. Mr. Williams, the war expert of the Morning Leader, writing for Tuesday morning's paper with the best information obtainable, says this regarding the report that Gen. Warren had crossed the Tugela river:

"Gen. Warren, with his division and something more, was yesterday five miles to the northwest of Springfield, where Gen. Buller then had his headquarters. Consequently the censor at Durban has been having a little amusement with the local press for the purpose of deceiving any spies the enemy may have and then confusing them.

"All the inferences drawn from any telegrams which have so far reached us must be erroneous. Once and for all, Buller's movement is by the left. There he has his strength.

"His plan is to turn the heights north and northwest of Colenso and thus compel their evacuation, and then to attack and Boers left between him and Gen. White and make connection with Gen. White's force."

New York, Jan. 17. Wholesale druggists have forced up the price of carbolic acid 100 per cent., this step being taken on receipt of news that the British government has forbidden the further export of the acid and all of the output of English manufacture is needed in the making of lyddite shells. Quinine has advanced 20 per cent., partially because of the prevalence of influenza in Europe, but more so because of the large quantities needed for the armies in South Africa.

Berlin, Jan. 17. An official telegram from London says the British government has declared that now the inquiry into the seizure of the Bundesrath is concluded, her release may be expected immediately, and the satisfactory settlement of the pending difficulties may be regarded as certain. Measures, it is added, will also be taken to prevent a recurrence of similar incidents.

New York, Jan. 17. The American line steamship St. Paul, which sailed for Southampton Tuesday, had on board a number of men who are enroute to South Africa to do some fighting. Among them was F. R. Burnham, a scout who has seen much service in the English service. Mr. Burnham was with Lord Roberts when the latter was in India.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 17. Passengers from Skagway on the steamer Danube, report the blockade raised on the White Pass and Yukon railway and that traveling from Dawson is very good. It is feared that F. H. Clayson and a man named Olsen, Dominion Telegraph linemen, have been murdered on the trail.

Laconia, N. H., Jan. 17. The trustees of the Belknap Savings bank of this city, which closed its doors May 15, 1897, announce that a dividend of 10 per cent. will be paid to depositors on Feb. 15. The bank has already paid three dividends aggregating 50 per cent. of the amount due depositors, and it is said the outlook for rapid liquidation is favorable.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 17. Chas. C. Burnett, assistant superintendent of the Worcester division of the Consolidated road, died at his home in this city Tuesday night of typhoid pneumonia, aged 35. He leaves a widow and two children.

London, Jan. 17. The Evening News today says that "Tom" Weldon is to replace "Tod" Sloan, the American rider, as first jockey for Lord Beresford.

Washington, Jan. 17. Senator Perkins of California favors a mighty navy and a great university at Annapolis.

He took, Tuesday, the initial steps to show the country that there must be a doubling of the capacity of the naval academy at Annapolis, and a great increase in the number of line officers for the vessels both in commission and now under construction.

He finds upon investigation that there will not be enough officers for the battleships and cruisers now under way and for the purpose of giving Congress and the country the information which as a practical seaman he possesses, he introduced the following resolution, which was agreed to by the Senate:

"Resolved, That the secretary of the navy be, and he hereby is, directed to inform the Senate how many vessels are now under construction of all types and classes.

"Second—How many officers of each grade and rank would be required to officer vessels now in commission or that could be put in commission in 30 days.

"Third—When the vessels now under construction will be completed ready for commission.

"Fourth—The number of officers and men on each of the vessels of the navy of the United States."

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 17. Gen. Wilder S. Metcalf, former colonel of the 20th Kansas regiment, which made a remarkable record for gallantry in the Philippines, has been asked by the secretary of the Kansas Historical society to read a history of the regiment before the annual meeting of the society here. The announcement of this invitation resulted in the sending of a number of protests by former officers of the regiment. Lieut. J. F. Hall, in an open letter, charges Metcalf with "a display of rank cowardice" on the day of the battle of Guiguinto. He says Metcalf was not within 1000 yards of the firing line on that date.

Washington, Jan. 17. Gen. Wood at Havana has notified the war department of the death at Queenmades on the 13th instant of Private Chas. O. Brumfield, Co. D, 8th infantry, of typhoid fever.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 17. In the course of an address before the Bankers' club of this city, Tuesday night, ex-comptroller of the treasury, J. N. Eckels, defended Secretary Gage from the attacks that are being made upon him at present. He said that under the present system of the treasury, charges of favoritism towards the "pet banks" had been brought against every secretary of the treasury he knew of, Mr. Eckels declared that Secretary Gage had done everything that ought to be done in the present monetary stringency.

Chicago, Jan. 17. "The mention of my name in connection with the Republican vice presidency is not to be taken seriously at this time," said Gov. Schofield of Wisconsin, who was in Chicago Tuesday night. "If they want a vice president from Wisconsin, I can name a good one, and it will not be myself. Personally I think the place should go to the middle west."

Washington, Jan. 17. Fort Bayard, New Mexico, has been discontinued as a garrison post and the buildings will be turned over to the surgeon general of the army for use in connection with the general hospital to be established there as a sanitarium for the treatment of officers and enlisted men of the army suffering from pulmonary troubles.

Paris, Jan. 17. The French government expresses itself as pleased with the settlement of the Santo Domingo trouble which according to a telegram from Admiral Richard, was a complete victory for France, Santo Domingo undertaking to pay the indemnity demanded, a responsible minister to make a public declaration that no affront was either intended for France and the foreign minister to write to the French government expressing the regrets of his government at the anti-French demonstrations.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 17. Col. W. J. Bryan was banquetted by the Democrats of the Kentucky legislature Tuesday night. The banquet was also a celebration of the election of Senator Blackburn. Mr. Bryan in his address said he came here to rejoice with the Democrats over Blackburn's election. He said that he had neither advised for or against the Kentucky contests, regarding this as a matter to be settled wholly by the legislature. The decision of these contests, he said, should be acquiesced in, no matter to which party the decision was given by the legislature.

Austin, Texas, Jan. 17. The state rangers of Columbus and Bastnop have arrested about 20 leaders of the Reece-Townsend feud and are trying to prevent another outbreak such as occurred at Bastnop Monday, which resulted in the killing of Arthur Burford, son of Sheriff Burford, of Colorado county, and the wounding of Will Clemons, who has since died.

New York, Jan. 17. Mrs. Maria Kuhn has recovered in the supreme court a verdict of six cents for the

Chester, Pa., Jan. 17. Henry Hughes an ex-navy man, has been admitted to the county almshouse at the age of 95 years. He once saved the life of Commodore Matthew P. Perry, who had been ambushed by twelve Mexicans. He served on the Kearsarge, the brig Smers, the frigate Congress and the sloop of war John Adams. He was on the Kearsarge when Admiral Schley was lieutenant on the same warship.

MARS HILL AND BLAINE NEWS

Our correspondent writes: W. R. Dresser, of Houlton, paid a visit to Mars Hill Monday, returning Tuesday. Mr. Dresser is one of our hustling potato buyers.

Potatoes reached the $1.45 mark Saturday last.

H. L. Dillen paid a visit to Houlton Monday, returning the same day.

Miss Edyth Holmes will be at home to a few of her friends on Thursday evening, the 18th, at her home on Maine street, Blaine.

The fifteenth anniversary of the marriage of Rev. G. J. Palmer and wife was observed at the Methodist church on Monday evening. A large number of church members and invited guests were present. Supper was served in the vestry. Appropriate remarks were made by C. G. Briggs, Esq., A. J. Fulton, Frank Fulton and the Rev. Mr. Palmer. Many useful and handsome presents and a goodly amount of cash attest to the esteem in which the reverend gentleman and his estimable wife are held in the twin towns.

"Who is that Lady Smith that the British are trying to protect in the Transvaal?" was asked by a person in Blaine a few days since.

A large and enthusiastic temperance meeting was held at the Free Baptist church on Sunday evening last. The meeting was opened by remarks by Rev. G. M. Parks of Presque Isle. Rev. Mr. Pitcher of Blaine and Frank Fulton of Minnesota also made appropriate remarks. A reading by Mrs. Randlett of Robinson's Mills was also well rendered. Quite a large number signed the pledge.

J. H. Lincoln and wife of Mars Hill are making preparations for an extended visit to the western part of the State. They will also visit their daughter at Lawrence, Mass.

W. H. Lincoln has just finished a commercial course at Shaw's business college at Houlton.

W. W. Pyle, who recently sold his farm at Washburn and moved to Mars Hill, is now negotiating for another farm at Maystown.

EASTPORT NEWS.

Death of Robert Harrington—Narrow Escape of Harry Wakefield.

(Special to Whig and Courier.)

Eastport, Jan. 16. Robert Harrington, one of Eastport's well-known young men, died very suddenly at his home, Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, of hemorrhage of the lungs; it being the second attack, he having undergone a siege last June. Mr. Harrington was 22 years old, and a son of Harry Harrington.

E. P. Patten, Bangor; E. M. Lawrence, North Lubec; O. E. Bowers, Machias, and G. Matthews, New York, were among the arrivals at the Riverside today.

Commencing Sunday, Jan. 21, the Methodist Episcopal church on High street, will be the scene of a series of evangelical meetings, to be conducted by Evangelist J. E. Fisher, of Wickford, R. I. Mr. Fisher is very highly spoken of as one whose work has met with marked success wherever he has labored. Besides being a speaker of great force, he is noted as a fine singer.

The ice pond belonging to H. F. Ramsdell, at the west end of Washington street, has been leased by Frank A. Rutherford, who will conduct a skating rink on its surface. It is the only available skating ground on the island, and when put in condition, no doubt will receive a hearty patronage, as Frank will fix things up to the "king's taste" and have a place for warming. Now for cutting a pigeon's wing!

Services were omitted in the Washinton street Baptist church, Sunday, owing to the illness of the pastor, Rev. J. A. Ford. As a result, the other churches were crowded to standing room by the crowds who "tend out" on meeting.

The city authorities have within the last few days, sanded the sidewalks throughout the city, thus avoiding the possibility of accidents by falling.

Ralph Bradish and Henry Penrose left today for Machias, where they were summoned as witnesses in the Oscar Sears case, to be tried before the term of court now in session.

The fishing schooner Longfellow, Capt. Perry, Gloucester, started Sunday forenoon for the Grand Manan banks.

L. H. Newcomb, Esq., accompanied by Capt. Myers, of the West Quoddy Life saving crew, started for Washington, D. C., where they go to establish their rights to the recently granted patent on a life boat, invented by the latter gentleman. In all probability the patent will be bought by the government, as the boat is one of peculiarly different features from any heretofore used by the life crews.

Harry Wakefield, when returning from a short gunning trip, Monday narrowly escaped being killed, by the unexpected discharge of his gun. As it was, Wakefield had his face filled with powder and came near being in front of the shot when the gun was discharged.

GET INSTANT RELIEF FROM PILES—This most irritating disease relieved in ten minutes by using Dr. Agnew's Ointment, and a cure in from three to six nights. Thousands testify to its goodness. Good for Eczema, Salt Rheum, and all skin diseases. If you are without faith, one application will convince. 35 cents. Sold by Caldwell Sweet and Ara Warren.—73.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup The best remedy for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quick Consumption, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe, Asthma, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Quick results.

ANOTHER GREAT SINGER.

Mlle. Calv : as Carmen.

Livery, Hacking & Boarding STABE.

Good driving horses for business or pleasure. My horses are safe drivers and a good number are safe for ladies. Everything in first-class condition. Fully equipped to meet all demands. Board your horses at this stable. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

My Hacking Service is first-class. Personal attention to Weddings, Parties and Funerals.

Orders promptly attended to, day or night.

MICHAEL KANE, York Street, corner Pine Bangor, Maine.

Telephone 283-2.

BREWER LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Charles Williams is confined to the house by illness.

The funeral of Miss Annie M. Aiken will be held Friday afternoon at the family residence on Main street at 2.30 o'clock.

Mr. William Gilmore of Holden is the champion hog raiser of the day, having brought a hog into Nickerson & Barstow's market Wednesday that weighed when dressed 618 pounds, the pork of which was seven inches thick.

The dancing class and extras of Mr. William Abbott, which was to have been held at City Hall Wednesday evening, Jan. 18, has been postponed to Thursday evening, Jan. 25, out of respect for the death of Miss Annie May Aiken.

Dr. Hunt was called Wednesday to attend the two year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph J. Webster of Holyoke street, and was obliged to take several stitches in the forehead of the child, he having fallen against a door, cutting himself badly. He is comfortable at present under the circumstances.

Prof. H. W. Ferguson of Bangor, the noted lecturer and elocutionist, will appear at South Brewer chapel on Thursday evening at 8 P. M. in his soul stirring and laughable impersonations, assisted by Edison's latest concert phonograph.

Mrs. Joseph O. Toole entertained a party of friends at whist on Tuesday evening at her home on Parker street. Refreshments were served and a very pleasant evening was passed by those present.

Mrs. Abbie Smith has recovered from her recent illness.

Miss Mabel McLean of South Brewer has gone to Boston to spend the winter with her uncle, Mr. Albert H. Smith.

Mrs. J. A. Smith, who has been so seriously ill, is reported as being very much improved in health.

The following list of letters are advertised in the Brewer post office: P. E. Higgins, A. O. Orcutt, G. H. Morris, S. W. Libbey, Mary Johnson, Howard Randall, Samuel Williams; Jan. 13, E. B. Burr, postmaser, Brewer, Me.

The following members of the First Congregational church of Brewer are on the committee of arrangements appointed for the circle supper in the vestry on Thursday evening: Dr. and Mrs. C. P. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Sparks, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Barstow, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Woodbury, and Mrs. Charles Trask. A social time will follow, and a good time and an elegant spread are sure to be the outcome of the labors of this most active and efficient committee.

Eight quarts of beech nuts were found by Mr. George Johnson and Mr. Galen Stanley, who are lumbering at Branch pond near Ellsworth, in the decayed part of the top of the trunk of an old tree. They also found nine little mice nestled in among the beech nuts. They carried the nuts to camp and some of them were carried off in the night by the mice. If all reports are true mice are very active as well as numerous at Branch pond.

Mr. A. F. Blake of Brooklin, Me., who has been up river on a business trip, is stopping in Brewer for a few days, the guest of Mr. Stanley on State street.

Miss Addie Brighton of Waterville began Wednesday to assist Miss Annie Ervine at the Excelsior grammar school on Chamberlain street. Miss Grace Woodbury, who has so acceptably filled the place since the departure of Miss Hicks, has resigned.

Mr. Galen Stanley has returned to Branch pond after a short visit at his home in Brewer.

Mr. H. W. Carr of Ellsworth was in town Wednesday on business.

Mr. Benjamin Stanley, one of Brewer's most enterprising young men, has a large crew of men at work cutting spool wood on the Hardy lot at Cold Spring.

Mr. Buck's stock of fine jewelry, cameras and solid silverware is fast disappearing. People seem to appreciate the fact that he has been almost giving the goods away. There are a few fine trades left. Anyone who wishes anything in this line should not fail, as this is a grand opportunity to buy below cost.

The Esther Rebekah lodge are planning a poverty supper to be given in the lodge room on Monday, Jan. 29. Old rags will be at a premium until after Jan. 29, then they will drop to ½ a cent a pound as usual.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hussey, who have recently returned from their wedding trip and have been the guests of Mrs. Etta Washburn in this city, left Wednesday for Presque Isle, where they will reside for the future.

Mr. Fred W. Barker, traveling agent for the Union Iron Works, left Tuesday for another extended trip for the firm through Aroostook county.

The young men's debating society held a meeting Wednesday evening in the Algonquin club room.

Brewer firemen will discuss their coming ball, which promises to be a grand success, at the Central fire station Monday night. All Brewer firemen are requested to be present.

The following Brewer ladies were appointed on the committee of arrangements for St. John's church supper which will be held soon in City Hall, Bangor: Mrs. Thomas Gallagher, Miss Margaret Kelley, Miss May Walsh, Mrs. Hugh O'Brien, and Miss Margaret C. Dunn.

A HAPPY WEDDING.

The marriage of Miss Helen Josephine Currier, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Currier, and Mr. William Lawrence Holyoke took place at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 87 Main street.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Tinling, pastor of the M. E. church, in the presence of relatives and immediate friends.

Miss Sadie Dole of Holden acted as bridesmaid, and Mr. Charles Everett Holyoke, brother of the groom, as best man.

The bride is one of Brewer's popular young ladies, having been organist in the M. E. church for three years. The groom is well known in this city as a young man of staunch integrity and business enterprise. He is now superintendent of the gas works at Bath, Me.

The bride's costume was of white silk. She carried in her hand a bunch of beautiful daybreak pinks. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents from friends in Brewer, Boston and Portland.

The wedding march was played by Mrs. Frank McCormick, sister of the bride.

The young couple left on the 8 P. M. train for their home in the city of Bath. Their many friends wish them a long and happy wedded life and great prosperity.

The house was tastefully decorated with potted plants. After the ceremony refreshments were served.

BELFAST NEWS.

Llewellyn Jipson's child, 2 years old, fell on a bottle and lacerated his mouth and broke out some of the front teeth.

Jimmie Kelley, the 11 year old lad who had sustained a compound fracture of the leg while sliding, lies in a very critical condition. The leg was so badly mangled that it makes his case very serious.

Mrs. Robert C. Leonard burned one side of her face and one arm and side quite badly with burning oil. She is recovering.

THANKFUL PEOPLE.

They Are Found in Every Part of Bangor.

Many citzens of Bangor have good reasons to be thankful for burdens lifted from backs which bore them for years. Scores tell about their experience publicly. Here's a case of it:

Mrs. Rebecca McCauley of 67 Pine street, says:—"Before using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered from severe pains in my back and any little exertion seemed to use me up. In coming up State street I often had to stop because of the feeling of intense exhaustion which came over me from the effort. Doan's Kidney Pills ended all this trouble absolutely and I gladly recommend this proven to be valuable remedy to all who have need of a preparation to cure Kidney ailments"

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Fine Furs.

It makes no difference what kind of furs you desire, we can produce them. We make to order Muffs, Collarettes, Capes, Jackets, or remake old furs into the correct styles dye them if need be. Whatever you wish in furs, come and see us. We will advise you what is for your interest and honestly tell how you can get the best satisfaction.

Lyford & Woodward, FURRIERS, Bangor, ... Maine.

PATENTS GUARANTEED

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense. Patents taken out through us receive *special notice*, without charge, in THE PATENT RECORD, an illustrated and widely circulated journal, consulted by Manufacturers and Investors. Send for sample copy FREE. Address,

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Evans Building, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Stenography and Typewriting,

ROOM 3 HILL'S BLOCK,

Treat's Cor., opp. Calais National Bank

1900

Diaries, Almanacs, Block Memo. Calendars, Blank Books.

—For sale at—

Chas. Blight's

"Hyomei."

A Positive Cure for all Diseases of the Air Passages and Lungs.

Reports from Thirty-Seven Hundred Physicians and Eighteen Thousand Test Cases.

Show the Miraculous Power of Hyomei Germicide in the Treatment of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever and Consumption.

There is no longer any doubt in the mind of the medical profession as to the virtues of "Hyomei" in the treatment of diseases of the air passages and lungs. Within [illegible] this new germ destroyer has [illegible] thoroughly tested and [illegible] than known, and the results [illegible] such as to astound the whole world.

Reports coming in daily from parts of the country show the wonderful power of the new [illegible] used in the treatment of [illegible] Nasal Passages, Bronchial Tubes and Lungs—every mail brings [illegible] from well-known people [illegible] cured. Medical men acknowledge its superiority over all other methods and claim that it is the first and only rational method ever known.

The air passages being so constructed by nature as to prevent the passage of anything but dry air into the bronchial tubes and lungs, "Hyomei" [illegible] by inhalation. Liquids, sprays, douches and atomizers are not used, Nature's own remedy carried to every part of the head, throat and lungs by the air you breathe; it can be used at all times and in any place. There is no danger of injuring the hearing or destroying the senses of taste or smell. Your money is refunded if it fails to cure.

"Hyomei" Inhaler Outfit, $1.00. Extra bottles "Hyomei," 50c. "Hyomei" Balm, a wonderful healer, 25c. To be obtained of your druggist everywhere or by mail. Send for free booklet free.

R. T. BOOTH CO., ITHACA, NEW YORK.

REAL ESTATE

Wanted, Lost, Found, To Let, etc.

Advertisements under the head of wanted, lost, found, to let, etc., [illegible] four lines, 10 cents each [illegible] prepaid. When not prepaid regular advertising rates will be [illegible].

LOST—A BLACK COCKER SPANIEL ten months old. Answers to the name of Wicoby. Please return to [illegible] rewarded. ROSE PLACE, Opposite Water Works.

LOST—A WHITE BULL TERRIER dog with one black eye. [illegible] gone about a week. The person who is known to have him will please [illegible] him to 73 Exchange street and save further trouble.

FOR RENT—ON FIRST STREET A seven room tenement, all [illegible] papered and in good condition. Also tenement on Court street. Inquire of E. S. Gorham, 102 First street or 63 State street.

WANTED—A WOMEN WHO CAN knit gentlemen's underwear on a machine. Send address to Y. W. Office.

MALE HELP WANTED—MEN AND women wanted to learn barber trade; our graduates in demand everywhere. Positions $10 to [illegible]. Hall's Barber School, Buffalo, Boston and New York.

FOR RENT—THE JUDGE [illegible] house on Penobscot street; possession October. Hot water to heat house. Inquire of A. C. Hamlin, French street.

FOR RENT.

Store numbered 87 on Broad Street and 64 on Pickering Square (extending from the street to the square) recently occupied by Cayting and Palmer. First rate location for mercantile business. Apply to

C. H. BARTLETT, Attorney, No. 3 Main Street.

BANGOR LOAN AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Shareholders of the Bangor Loan and Building Association are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said association will be held at the office of the association, No. [illegible] street, Bangor, Me., on Monday, the 22nd day of January, inst., at 7.30 o'clock, P. M., to act upon the following articles.

1st. To hear the reports of the Directors and Secretary.

2d. To elect a President, five Directors, Treasurer, and Auditor, to serve during the ensuing year.

3d. To act upon any other business that may come before said meeting.

Per order,

H. O. QUIMBY, Secretary.

Bangor, Me., Jan. 13th, 1900.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives public notice that he has been appointed and taken upon himself the trust of administrator of the estate of the late Frederick A. Cummings, late of Bangor, Me., by giving bond as the law directs. He, therefore, requests all persons having claims against said estate to present the same for settlement to him and all indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

CLARENCE L. CUMMINGS, Administrator.

Collections Notary Public
Probate Practice Disclosure Commissioner

D. BENSON YOUNG, LAWYER.

Office Hours: Room 6, 16 Broad Sts. 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Bangor, Me.

"Hyomei."

Positive Cure for all Di[sease]s of the Air Passages and Lungs.

[Re]ports from Thir y-Seven Hundred [P]hysicians and Eighteen Thous[and] Test Cases.

[Ho]w the Miraculous Power of This New [Ge]rmicide in the Treatment of Ca[t]arrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bro[n]chitis, Asthma, Hay Fever and Consumption.

[T]here is no longer any doubt in the [min]d of the medical profession as to ... of "Hyomei," in the treat[ment] of diseases of the air passages ... With a eighteen months ... germ destroyer has been more ... oughly tested than any prepa... known and the results have b... to astound the whole me...

...ports coming in daily from all ... the country show the wonder... new antiseptic ... the treatment of diseases of the ... Bronchial Tubes and ... mail bringing testimony ... people who have been ... men acknowledge its ... all other methods and ... the first and only ... method ever known.

...passages being so constructed ... to prevent the entrance of ... but dry air into the bronchial ... "Hyomei" cures by ... Liquids sprays, douches ... are not used, it is ne... own remedy carried to all parts ... head throat and lungs by the ... you breathe it can be taken at all ... and in any place There is no ... injuring the hearing or ... the senses of taste and smell, ... money or fuude ... if it fails ...

... "Inhaler Outfit $1.00 Ex... bottles Hyomei," 50c, "Hyomei" ... healer 25c. Can ... of your druggist at office ... Send for five days' treatment free

R. T. BOOTH CO., ITHHAC, NEW YORK.

REAL ESTATE.

[For Sa]le, Lost, Found, To Let, Etc

[Adve]rtisements under the head of wants ... found, to ... not exceeding ... lines 10 cents each insertion when ... Where not paid ... regular ad... ing rates will be ...

[LOST]—A BLACK COC[K]ER SPANIEL ... months old Answers to the name ... Whoby Please return to and be ... ded ROSE PLACE, opposite ... r Works.

[LOST]—A WHITE BULL TERRIER ..., with one ... been ... about a week ... son who ... known to have ... il return ... to 73 Exch... and save ... their trouble

[TO] RENT—ON FIRST STREET A ... en room tenement all newly re... ired and in good condition Also ... ement on ... street. Inquire ... E S Gorham ... First street or ... state street.

[WAN]TED—A WOMAN WHO CAN ... gentlemen's underwear on a ... hine. Send address to W., Whig ... e

[WANTED]—HELP WANTED—MEN AND ... en wanted to learn Barber ... our graduates in demand ... everywhere Positions $10 to $15 ... s Barber School Buffalo, Bos... and New York.

[TO] RENT—THE JUDGE CUTTING ... on Penobscot street, possession ... Hot water to heat house In... of A C Hamlin French street.

FOR RENT.

...re numbered 87 on Broad ... and 64 on Pickering Square ... nding from the street to the ...e) recently occupied by ...ng and Palmer First rate ...on for mercantile business. ...y to

H BARTLETT, Attorney, No. 3 Main Street

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To hear the reports of the Di[rectors] and Secretary

To elect a President, five Direc[tors, Tr]easurer and Auditor, to serve [for t]he ensuing year

To act upon any other business [that ma]y come before said meeting.

Per order,
H. C QUIMBY, Secretary.
[Bango]r Me. Jan. 13th, 1900.

[ADM]INISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[The u]ndersigned hereby gives public [notice t]hat he has been appointed and [taken u]pon himself the trust of ad[minis]trator of the estate of the late ...k A. Cummings, late of Ban[gor] ... by giving bond as the law ... He therefore, requests all ... having claims against said ... present the same ... him and all indebted ... are requested to make ... ment.

...LARENCE L. CU...

...tions ...

...Practice Dis...

BENSON ...

LAW ...

Hours ...

HORSE AND TRACK

JOTTINGS OF INTEREST TO TURF FOLLOWERS AND HORSE LOVERS.

COMMENTS AND NOTES.

A JOURNAL OF FAMOUS MEN, FLY ERS AND RACE COURSE ITEMS.

News About the Trotters and Instruct[i]ve and Interesting Matter of a General Character

One of the features of the recent ... sale of trotters at Madison Square Garden New York, was the presence of a number of European horsemen who had crossed the Atlantic ... for the Yankee flyers Fifteen or twenty turfmen and breeders from the old world were there, while ... were represented in the ... American agents Their ... the selling price of ... hundred animals that passed under the auctioneer's hammer ... saw the foreigners outbid the Americans for some of the best of ... and when the sale was over it was ... that the European contingent had ... in a big string of high-class trotters for shipment abroad In addition to their purchases at auction many ... were made at private sale, ... Axmere 2 13½, B B ..., Red Nutting, 2 13, Exparto ... and other fast ones having ... in this way since the ... ended

To the correspondent of The Inter-Ocean at the garden one evening during the sale Lieutenant Isidore Schlesinger of Vienna who was the most extensive buyer from abroad talked about trotting horses and trotting races in Europe and America The young ... Forty or fifty years ago there were some match races between trotters on our speedway in Prater park in Vienna But they were hardly worthy to be called races The horses couldn't go faster than about 3.00 to the English mile Good racing began only ten or twelve years ago That was when we first saw American horses of high class on our tracks They were far better than the best of our native stock. We have been getting more and more American horses every day since then, and now you see at Baden or Vienna as good horses as there are in the world

Look at the list of fast American trotters now on the other side I can't remember all of the good ones that have been taken over but there are Caid ... Trevillian 2 08¼, Countess Eve 2 09, Baron Rogers, 2 09¾, Que Allen 2 09¾ Athanio 2 10¼, Almito 2 10¼ Bravado, 2 10½, Abbot 2 10¾ Robbie P, 2 10¾, Alvin, ... Muta Wilkes 2 11, Celaya 2 11¼, Colonel Kuser 2 11¼, Mattie H, ... Quartermarch, 2 11¾, Katie Fallamont 2 12¼ Favora, 2 12½, George A 2 12½, Legene, 2 12½. Rus... mont 2 12¾ Bismarck 2 13¼, ... 2 13½ Maggie Sherman, ... Azmon 2 13½, Azmere 2 13¼ Annie Birchwood, 2 13¾ and a great many others with fast records

There are not many horses left in this country that could win a free-for-all race at Vienna or St. Petersburg ... stallions and mares would be eligible to start of course, so we can not count The Abbott, 2.06¼ Then, again the distance is about two miles. That would make a difference to some of the fastest horses that are winners here at one mile heats But take Que Allen and Colonel Kuser and Caid and Baron Rogers and how many horses are here that could beat them? Not more than half a dozen, I believe Tommy Britton could do it, probably So could Cresceus and Bingen, and Peter the Great and perhaps Jupe and Lord Vincent But the best of them would find Kuser and Que Allen hard to beat, I fancy. I would give $10,000 to-night for a horse that I believe had a fair chance to do it."

"How much could such a horse earn on the other side? the lieutenant was asked

"Colonel Kuser has won about $40,000 in three years, or a little longer. He cost $3,500 on this side, I believe. A horse such as he is can earn $10,000 a year in Europe rightly managed Some of our islanders, or native-bred trotters, win about as much Princess Trefta a filly by the American horse Prince Warwick, out of a native mare, won $30,000 in two and a half years, principally in colt stakes'

'How large are the purses and stakes with you in Austria?'

"Purses range from $300 to $700 Some of the stakes are worth as much as $6 000 but these are only open to colts born in Austria In Russia the purses are larger I believe some are worth $10 000 or more, but the American horses are excluded from nearly all such stakes These amounts I speak of are for dash races not heat races. We have very few heat races anywhere in Europe

I cannot say that I like the American style of racing at least not the three in-five style It is too hard on the horses for one thing We have dashes at all distances up to four English miles. The usual distance is about two miles Horses start twice a week, sometimes oftener and hold their form better than they do here where they start only once a week

What is the extent of harness racing in Austria at the present time?'

There are two large tracks in Austria one at Vienna and the other at Baden, and then there are ten or twelve small ones in smaller cities Most of the small tracks are for inborn horses only All of the important racing is at Vienna and Baden

We have two meetings a year in Baden and three in Vienna. Each meeting continues fifty or sixty days, so you see there is racing nearly all the time in the season The Vienna track is 1100 meters around or about five eighths of a mile At Berlin they have a regular American mile track At Vienna you can see the races for 10 cents if you want to pay no more The price of admission is graduated according to the accommodations Some persons pay 10 cents others 20 cents 50 cents and $2 It seems strange to me that Americans have not adopted this plan It makes the sport popular with all the classes, and gives even the very poor a chance to see the horses go I think the plan of charging $1 to everybody is a mistake It limits the patronage to a small class"

'What about betting?"

'Oh we are ahead of you there too Everything is mutual pools conducted by the club or racing association. Bookmaking and auction pools are unknown on our tracks Betting is not so heavy perhaps as it is here but the mutual pools amount to from $4 000 to $10 000 on each race at the Baden and Vienna tracks'

'What is the attitude of the government in your country to horse racing and betting?' the reporter responded

There is a tax on betting but we have no laws to prohibit it and the government encourages the sport by spending a large amount of money every year in the purchase of trotting stallions There are many American horses like Juror, 2 24¼, and Hornell Wilkes, the sire of Red of Waranoke, 2 14¾, owned by the government and kept in the stud pratically free to all breeders"

"We have American sulkies American harness, boots, and rigging right through. The best in the world is made here, and that is why we comehere to buy For the same reason we come here to buy our trotters instead of going to Russia or France They have native trotters in both countries but they cannot be compared with the trotting horses of America. About the best performances ever made by a French horse was a mile in 2 21 The Russians have trotted in about 2 15, but that is a long way from 2 03¾ Some day we hope to breed trotters in Austria that can hold their own with the best in America. Of course they will trace to American stock on all sides We have some great stallions as I have said before, and we are getting a good many of the best American mares as well. Stranger, the sire of Colonel Kuser, is in the stud near Vienna, and so is Trevillian, 2 07½ Trevillian's stud fee is $160, quite as much as it would be in this country, and, I think, more

"About drivers? Well, the best driver and trainer in Europe, according to my opinion, is Horace Brown, an American of considerable prominence here ten or fifteen years ago He earns $4,000 or $5,000 a year in Europe There are a great many American trainers in France, Austria, Germany, and Russia They stand at the head, as a class, yet we have some very good trainers, who are native born. Albert Moser, a German, trained Ome Allen, and drove him at Baden, in 2 08½, the fastest mile ever trotted in Europe."

"What are the points that European buyers look for in the trotters when they come here to get American horses?

"Much the same points, of course, that all horsemen look for. But we pay more attention to good looks, I think, than most Americans do. Many American trotters are the handsomest harness horses in the world, but so many more are weeds. We buy only the handsome ones, generally speaking. We want to breed handsome trotters as well as fast ones and so we buy ... Then we ... that can go a distance of two miles What you call a soft horse will not do for European racing."

"What about pacers?"

Lieutenant Schlesinger shrugged his shoulders and his countenance took on a look of disgust, as he answered, "No, no pacers The pacer is the scum. It is not the true harness gait. We want no pacers in our country'

'What do you do with the pacing colts that come from American sires and dams in Austria? Some of the trotting bred foals from American stock are natural pacers, are they not?

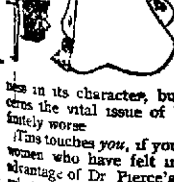
'Yes, they are, was the answer 'When they are natural pacers we try to shoe them so they will trot If we can t do it then we look around and make a present to somebody We wouldn t breed from such a horse under any circumstances. We want no pacers Some day we will not have any because we are going to breed it all out of our trotters Some day there will be nothing but pacers in America if the breeders keep on mixing up the two gaits in the way they are doing now Then you may see Americans going to Europe for trotters' added the Austrian with a smile

You said something a little while ago about a speedway in Vienna Is there one there?"

'Yes, we have a speeding ground for trotting horses in Prater park It is three and a half miles long That is where trotting originated in Austria Of course it is not such a driveway as the one I have seen at Speedway park, here in New York but it is good soft earth where you can drive a horse at speed A great many match races were trotted there years ago, before we had trotting tracks'

'What do you think of the New York Speedway?'

"Ah, I would like to take it home to Vienna It is magnificent There is no driveway in Europe equal to it"



Tomorrow and to-morrow and to-morrow,
Creeps in this petty space from day to day
And all our yesterdays have lighted fools
The way of dusky death

Procrastination is the thief of health as well as the thief of time. There are few things in which procrastination is so much indulged as in letter writing We mean to write, but "to morrow and to-morrow creep on" and we neglect it This is bad enough when the correspondence is social or business in its character, but when it concerns the vital issue of health it is infinitely worse

This touches *you*, if you are one of the women who have felt inclined to take advantage of Dr Pierce's offer of a consultation by letter, *free* You have studied the evidence which shows how other women have been cured. You cannot doubt but that Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription does cure diseases peculiar to women, irregularity, ulcerations, inflammations, bearing-down pains You cannot doubt it, because of the force of the testimony of hundreds of thousands of weak women made strong, and sick women made well, and you mean to write—to-morrow.

Write to day Your letter will be read in private, its contents guarded as a sacred confidence, and an answer promptly mailed you in a plain envelope without any printing upon it. Address Dr. R. V Pierce, Buffalo, N Y.

"When I wrote you about my ailments I was living in Richland, Iowa, writes Mrs. M. ... the of 427 South Liberty Street, Galesburg, Ill. "Took six bottles of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription, four of the Golden Medical Discovery and four vials of Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Before I had taken four bottles of ... Favorite Prescription I was a new woman. I cannot make pen describe my ... but will confirm the truth of ... to all who write inclose stamped ...

Dr Pierce's Pellets are a ... to beauty. They clear the ...

DOWN SOUTH IN DIXIE.

An Authority Tells the Secret of the Succulent Corn Pone and the Test of the "Quality" in That Land.

Corn meal like loveliness needs not the foreign aid of ornament but is when unadorned adorned the most That is to say the very best sort of cornbread is the dodger, otherwise ponebread and the hoecake

People who do not know confound hoecake with Johnny-cake made of cornmeal, ryemeal, molasses, eggs and heaven only knows what It may be worth while to say that the name hoecake was in the beginning a rendering of literal fact.

Hollow ware was hollow ware among the early colonists; often a family had no more than a single iron pot for all its cooking Then the bread was ashcake cooked by sweeping clean a space right in the heart of the fire dropping the dough upon it and covering it thickly with glowing hardwood coals

Ashcake is toothsome enough, if only the coals are hard enough and hot enough to crust it over before the ashes stick But that did not happen every time Indeed, it was the exception rather than the rule Then, too, upon hunts and journeyings, ashcake was ill to come by, so recourse was had to the big hoes that no household could be without Crops of every sort depended upon the stirrings of their broad blades But they were easily slid off their wooden shelves to serve in the night or morning baking

They were flung into the fire and heated red hot, then lifted out by means of a stick thrust within the eye, spread with thin meal cakes and by help of the same stick set back upon spread coals In three minutes or so the bread was done upon the under side.

A knife flipped it over in two minutes more it was ready for eating, and the hoe ready, for another cake

The best meal in the world will not make good bread if it is mixed too thick and baked too slowly Further, it must never be put into a cold pan or on a cold griddle. Pans and griddles, however, can be too hot They should be lightly sprinkled with a pinch of dry meal, if it browns quickly without burning the heat is just right. Different degrees of heat in fact make all the difference in the world in flavor Cornmeal wet with boiling water has a taste wholly unlike that which is wet with cold

Back in the old days the black cooks had an odd, and to them infallible test, as to whether a new acquaintance belonged to quality white folks. It was the matter of salt in cornbread

The gentry never allowed a dust of it in the bread which came on their tables, holding rightly enough that salt spoiled the nutty sweetness of the meal, and preferring that the flavor of salt should be given by the butter, in which they commonly soaked their bread.

Poor white trash, to whom butter was unknown, and thrifty farmer folks who preferred selling their butter to lavish eating thereof, salted their bread, some heavily, some lightly, and very nearly always made it up with boiling water.

As a consequence in the language of the black mammies, 'Hit did taste so po'-folks-y, hit wa nt fitten fer nuffin but pigs ter eat.'

By cornbread the South country understands the thing which is in its mouth, pone bread, and in the Middle West dodger bread It is easy to make yet not so easy to make exactly right. Mix the sifted meal with cold water to form a softish mass It must not be soft enough to run, nor stiff enough to hold a spoon upright

Scoop up a palmful of it and toss it gently from one hand to the other until it forms a flattish oval Slap the oval down in one side of your hot pan and flatten it still more with the fingers That is the first pone

Set others round about it until your pan is full, then pop it into a hot oven and bake with quick steady heat Examine it in five minutes if the crust is cracking over the top it needs more fire, if it is blistering it needs less If by good chance you strike the lucky medium in twenty minutes you will have corn pones fit for a king

When done the crust should be thin brown of a rich nutty flavor and separating readily from the inner mass

If you want to serve the pones after black mammy's fashion break—do not cut them—open lengthwise lay a lump of the very best butter between the halves put them together and stand in the hot oven a minute before sending to table

Hoe cake is mixed in the same way, only a little softer dabbed in round pats on a hot griddle flattened to less than an inch, baked on one side then flipped over and finished Fatty bread is made up with hot water, a very little salt, and plenty of melted lard and baked in small pones Pumpkin and sweetpotato bread are but fatty bread, a little more salted and mixed with its own bulk of stewed pumpkin or boiled and mashed potatoes, before the baking

There are nearly as many sorts of egg bread corn muffins gems and batter cakes as there are housekeepers south of Mason's and Dixon's line One of the best and most wholesome is mush bread

To make it take a quart of fairly thick cold mush stir into it three well beaten eggs whites and yolks together a pinch of salt, half a cup of melted lard, and a half cup of rich sweet milk Beat hard for ten minutes then pour into a greasy pan, and bake in a very hot oven

By adding a full cup of milk and a half a pint of sifted flour you have a very excellent muffin batter to be baked either in rings or gem pans A cup of hot water or an extra cup of milk gives very fine batter cakes But to serve with breakfast along with fresh sausage, fried chicken or crisp fried creek trout, scalded batter cakes are the things To make them pour a pint and a half of full boiling water upon a pint of sifted meal, stirring all the time and adding the water so gradually that there shall be no lumps

Stir until the mixture is cold it should be a thin, creamy batter running freely from the spoon Heat a well greased griddle very hot drop the batter on it in moderate spoonfuls. In a minute they will have set, and must then be lightly turned

Pile them delicately one on the other and send to table smoking hot

RACING WITH A GRIZZLY

'Some people think that a grizzly can't run, said A J Daggs of Phoenix Ariz "I want to state right now that while the bear is a clumsy beast he can cover as much ground as the average saddle-horse and a man should be sure that he has a good mount before he tries to get out of the way of one which is angry My brother was out in the mountains of the territory, among the sheep ranches, one day when he saw, about 250 yards ahead of him a big, awkward silver-tip My brother had a rifle, but he was not certain that he would kill the bear if he shot, and he did not know how a race would turn out. He was mounted on one of the best horses in the country for a man needed one in those days He knew that the bear would not fight unless wounded or cornered, and he thought he would like to see how he would run against his horse.

"He was pretty certain that the bear would run from him if he could once get him started in the opposite direction, and so he gave a regular cowboy yell The bear looked up, and started shuffling off towards the mountain, about a mile and a half away My brother spurred his horse and lit out after the grizzly, at the same time keeping up piercing 'Yeep-yeep' of the cowboy. The bear soon got into the running, and the way he got over that ground was a caution. My brother saw that the brute was getting away from him and he urged his horse to the utmost, but he did not gain ten yards in the whole mile and a half. That bear lumbered along with leaps equal to a greyhound, and his pursuer did not have to chance to shut him out from his retreat.

"I went over the course the next day to verify the story, for it sounded fishy to me. I found that the bear had made jumps from fifteen to twenty feet in length, and that the ground had been cut up by his claws so that it looked as if a harrow had been run over it. For that reason I would advise no man to try a foot race with a grizzly."—Washington Post.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

The following companies have filed certificates of incorporation at the ... at Portland for the purpose of dealing in live stock, meats and poultry with $10,000 capital stock, of which $30 is paid in The officers are President, Florence M Best of Scarborough, treasurer, H B Best of South Portland Certificate approved, Jan 5, 1900

The Farmers Supply and Market Company of New England organized at Bangor for the purpose of dealing in all farm product and supplies with $500 000 capital stock of which nothing is paid in The officers are President G W Maxfield of Bangor, Me treasurer Eliot Norton of New York Certificate approved, Jan 6, 1900

Pure—Harmless—Economical

Swift's Washing Powder

For w...ing and cleaning Swift's Washing Powder does the work at half the cost of soap, and in half the time Your grocer will sell you a 16 ounce package for

Five Cents

Swift and Company, Makers, Chicago

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."
C. H. Keitz, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
...

RAILROADS.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect, Monday, Nov 23, 189[9]

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars between Houlton and Bangor on train leaving Houlton at 8 20 A M and Bangor at 4 45 P M.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows

7 00 A M—For and arriving at Lagrange at 8 35 A M Milo 8 40 A M Brownville 8 50 A M Katahdin Iron Works 9 40 A M ... 9 45 A M Millinocket 9 55 A M Sherman 10 4 A M Patten 11 10 A M Island Falls 11 12 A M Smyrna Mills 11 15 A M Wytopitlock 1 20 P M Masardis 1 05 P M Ashland 1 30 P M Houlton 12 10 P M Presque Isle 1 57 P M Caribou 2 25 P M New Sweden 2 53 P M, Van Buren ... P M Fort Fairfield 2 15 P M Limestone 3 15 P M Dover 8 10 A M Guilford 9 35 A M Monson Junction 9 3 A M Greenville 10 50 A M

4 00 P M—For and arriving at Lagrange 5 ... P M

4 45 P M—For and arriving at Milo 6 0 P M Brownville 6 12 P M Katahdin Iron Works 7 1 P M Dover and Foxcroft 6 40 P M Guilford 7 09 P M Greenville 8 01 P M No cross 7 2 ... P M Millinocket 7 37 P M Sherman 8 20 P M Patten 8 45 P M Island Falls 8 ... P M, Houlton 9 40 P M

ARRIVALS

9 20 A M—Leaving Greenville at 5 25 A M Monson Junction 6 23 A M Guilford 6 40 A M Dover 7 00 A M Katahdin I W 8 20 A M Brownville 7 15 A M Milo ... A M Lagrange ... A M

1 05 P M—Leave Caribou 6 15 A M Presque Isle 6 42 A M Fort Fairfield 6 0 A M Houlton 8 20 A M Ashland 7 00 A M Masardis 7 45 A M Wytopitlock 8 13 A M Smyrna Mills, 8 12 A M Island Falls 9 15 A M Patten 9 10 A M Sherman 9 40 A M Millinocket 10 27 A M Norcross 10 39 A M Brownville 11 30 A M

7 20 P M—Leaving Greenville 3 55 P M Monson Junction 4 32 P M Guilford 4 70 P M Dover 5 08 P M Limestone 9 45 A M Van Buren 9 ... A M New Sweden 10 57 A M Caribou 11 45 A M Presque Isle 12 13 P M Fort Fairfield 11 1 A M Houlton 2 00 P M Masardis 11 ... Ashland 3 00 P M Patten 2 55 P M Sherman 3 28 P M Millinocket 4 ... P M Norcross 4 30 P M Katahdin I W 3 P M Brownville 5 40 P M, Milo, 5.40 P M Lagrange 6 06 P M

GEO M HOUGHTON
Gen l Pass & Ticket Agt.

F W CRAM
Vice Pres and Gen Mgr
Bangor Me Nov 23 1899

STEAMBOATS.

Boston & Bangor SteamshipCo

Steamers Leave Bucksport

(Weather Permitting)

For Searsport Belfast Camden Rockland and Boston Mondays and Thursdays at 11 00 A M

RETURNING

From Boston Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 P M

From Rockland, touching at way landings at about 6 00 A M Wednesdays and Saturdays

HENRY T SANBORN
Agent, Bangor
CALVIN AUSTIN
Gen l Supt Boston
WILLIAM H HILL
Gen l M g'r, Boston

Bangor & Bar Harbor Steamboat Co.

WINTER SERVICE.

TWO TRIPS PER WEEK.

Dec. 20, 1899

Steamer TREMONT

weather permitting, will leave Bucksport every Wednesday and Saturday at 8 A. M., or on the arrival of morning train from Bangor touching at Sandy Point Belfast, Castine Sargentville, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bass Harbor, So. W Harbor, No E Harbor and Seal Harbor

RETURNING.

Leave Seal Harbor every Monday and Thursday at 6 15 A. M., touching at above landings and connecting at Bucksport with M C R. R for Bangor same day

GEO. H BARBOUR, Pres.
H. W. BARBOUR, Mgr.

Dr. T. J. Fitzmaurice,

Specialist in Diseases of the

Ear Eye Nose Throat

50 Main St., Houlton Me.

FOR SALE.

Backus Motor ...

RAILROADS.

MAINE CENTRAL R.R.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect Dec. 4, 1899

Trains will leave Bangor for stations named and intermediate stations as follows

GOING EAST.

For Aroostook Co, St Stephen St John and the Provinces 4,35 A. M, 2 05 P M Passengers take the 4 35 A M train at Western Station as Exchange Street Station will not be open for sale of tickets. For B & A R R, all points 7 00 A M For Greenville Patten and Houlton 4 45 P M For Mattawamkeag 6 30 P M For Vanceboro 4 35 A M and 2 05 P M For Old Town 4 35 7 00 8 40 and 11 30 A M 1 15, 2 05 2 50 4 00 4 45 5 30 6 30 and 11 05 P M

GOING WEST.

For all points 7 15 A M For Dover, Foxcroft Belfast Skowhegan Waterville Augusta Rockland Lewiston, Portland and Boston 1 35 P M For Dover Foxcroft and Waterville 7 15 A M ... and 4 15 P M For Lewiston Bath Portland and Boston 8 00 P M For Portland and Boston 7 1... A M, 1 15 8 00 and 11 45 P M For White Mountains Montreal and Quebec 11 45 P M For Fabyans Lancaster Gorham Berlin Groveton Island Pond No Stratford, Colebrook and Beecher Falls 7 15 A M For No Conway and Bartlett 7 15 A M 1 35 and 11 45 P M

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Bucksport at 6 0 and 11 50 A M 4 55 P M and Saturdays only at 7 00 P M Arrive at Bucksport 7 50 A M 1 05 and ... P M and Saturdays only a 8 05 P M Leave Bucksport for Bangor a 5 50 A M, Mondays only 8 50 A M 1 00 and 6 15 P M Arrive in Bangor at 6 50 A M Mondays only 9 55 A M 4 10 and 7 10 P M

MT. DESERT BRANCH

Trains leave Bangor for Ellsworth and Bar Harbor at 6 00 and 9 40 A M and 4 50 P M For Washington Co R R at 6 00 A M daily and 4 50 P M week days Leave Ellsworth for Bar Harbor 7 18 and 10 5... A M and 6.10 P M and ... A M daily for Washington Co R R

Trains leave Bar Harbor (steamer) at 10 25 A M and 3 25 P M Leave Mt Desert Ferry at 11 1... A M 4 53 and 9 10 P M Leave Ellsworth 11 3 A. M 5 11 and 9 58 P M Arrive Bangor 1 10 6 55 and 11 15 P M Sundays only leave Ellsworth 6 08 P M, arrive Bangor 7 25 P M

SUNDAY TRAINS.

For Ellsworth and Washington Co R R 6 00 A M For Bath Lewiston Portland and Boston 8 00 A M and 8 00 P M

ARRIVALS.

Through trains from the east arrive at 1 15 and 11 30 P M From Greenville 9 ... A M 7 20 P M B & A R R 1 05 and 7 20 P M Mattawamkeag 10 ... A M From the West—Arrive from Boston and Portland 4 15 A M 3 00 4 35 and 6 25 P M and from Portland and way stations only 11 45 A M From Waterville and from Dover and Foxcroft via Dexter 9 05 A M Sundays from Boston and Portland 4 15 and 11 35 A M and 4 35 P M

Note—Time of arrival and departure here given is that at Maine Central depot. For Exchange Street depot a slight difference should be allowed

Through tickets to all principal points East and West by all routes are on sale at the Maine Central ticket office For Pullman berths or information call on or telephone A W Benson, ticket agent

GEO F EVANS,
Vice Pres and Gen l Mgr

F E BOOTHBY
Gen l Pass and Ticket Agt

WASHINGTON COUNTY R.R. THE SUNRISE ROUTE

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In effect Oct. 2 1899

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Calais and Boston Through Coaches between Calais and Bangor

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows

6.00 A M from and leaving Boston 7 45 p m daily (except Sunday) 7 00 p m Sundays Portland 11 00 p m for and arriving at Franklin 7 ... a m Cherryfield 8 42 a. m Machias 9 47 a m Calais 11 35 a m. Eastport 11 45 a m daily including Sundays Princeton 1.32 p m daily except Sundays This train has Pullman Buffet Sleeping Car Boston to Calais. First Class Coaches Bangor to Calais

4 50 p m daily except Sundays from and leaving Boston 1 00 a m Portland 12 35 p m for and arriving at Franklin 6 31 p m. Cherryfield 7 47 p m Machias 8 45 p m Calais 10 30 p m Eastport 10 40 p m

RETURNING

Leave Eastport 7 15 a m Calais 7 35 a m daily except Sundays for and arriving Machias 9 27 a m Cherryfield 10 1... a m. Franklin 11 15 a m Bangor 1 10 p m Portland 5 ... p m Boston 9 05 p m

Leave Princeton 3 45 p m, Eastport 3 40 p m Calais 5 45 p m daily except Sundays for and arriving Machias 7 ... p m Cherryfield 8 41 p m Franklin 9 ... p m Bangor 11 20 p m Portland 4 ... a m Boston 7 25 a m This train has Pullman Buffet sleeping car Calais to Boston First class Coaches Calais to Bangor

Leave Calais 1 55 p m Eastport 1 50 p. m Sundays only for and arriving Machias 3 41 p m, Cherryfield 4 51 p m Franklin 5 35 p m Bangor 7 30 p m Portland 1 30 a m Boston 5 57 a m

This train has Pullman Buffet Sleeping car, Calais to Boston.

H F DOWST, General Manager

...:LOW....

TELEPHONE RATES

BANGOR EXCHANGE

Only $25 a Year.

6-Party Metallic Circuit, Unlimited Service for a Telephone at your Residence

Can you afford to be without it?
Managers will furnish all particulars

New England Telephone and Telegraph Co.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

Dr. JAMES F. SMITH.

[Mem. Mass. Med. Soc]

has removed to No. 6, State street, where he will pay special attention to the treatment of diseases of the Eye Ear and Throat. Office hours, 9 to 12 and 2 to 5. Telephone 213-3.

CASH ...

BANGOR POST OFFICE.

OFFICERS.

JOHN M. OAK.............. ..Postmaster
A. H. PIERCE..... . ..Ass't Postmaster
E. P WEBSTER . Supt. Money Order

From 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily—Sundays from 8 to 9 A. M

Money Order 8 A. M to 5 P M.
Registry 7 A M to 6 P M.
Night—Stamp window from 8 P M, to 7 A M

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

Bangor and Boston 6 20 A M, 1.00 7 30 and 11 P M
Vanceboro and Bangor 4 15 A M, 1 45 P M
Caribou and Bangor 6 15 A M 4 10 P M
Calais and Bangor 5 15 A M 4 10 P M.
Greenville and Bangor 6 10 A M
Bangor and Bar Harbor, 6 10 A M 4 10 P M
Bangor and Bucksport 6 10 A M 4 10 P M
Dixmont Center 6 00 A M
Levant and Exeter 1 45 P M.
N Bradford, 1 45 P M
Monroe 1 45 P M
Amherst and Aurora, 6 30 A. M.
Stockton Springs and Winterport, 6 00 A. M

MAILS ARRIVE

Bangor and Boston 4 30 A M 3 05, 4 45 and 5 30 P M
Vanceboro and Bangor 1 30 P M, 12 A M
Caribou and Bangor 1 15 and 7 30 P. M.
Bangor and Bucksport 7 10 A M, 7 20 P M
Foxcroft and Newport 9 15 A M
Bangor and Bar Harbor 1 15 P M 7 00 P M
Greenville and Bangor 7 30 P M
Calais and Bangor 11 30 P M
Dixmont Center 5 ... P M
E Corinth and Charleston 10 30 A M
Levant and Exeter 10 30 A M.
Bradford 10 30 A M
Monroe 10 30 A M
Amherst and Aurora 1 00 P M
Stockton Springs and Winterport 6 00 P M

LETTER CARRIERS

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on and they will be delivered earlier than if he same is put on at the office Carriers make two deliveries daily and four deliveries in the business section of the city

Collections are made morning noon, evening and night in season for important mails

Holidays the Carrier's Window will be open for the delivery of letters from 8 to 9 A M and from 7 to 8 P M Sundays from 8 to 9 A M

ENVELOPES

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and request to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Postoffice Department (samples of which may be seen at the stamp window) when ordered in lots of not less than 500

Stamped envelopes spoiled in directing, are redeemed at this office. Internal Revenue stamps are not good for postage.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE

First class.

All letters must be prepaid Letters for the Mails in the United States two cents each ounce or fractional part of an ounce.

Second Class.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication at the rate of one cent per pound for each issue The same law applies to dealers

County papers free except to letter carrier offices i e papers coming to this office if published in County are subject to postage Daily papers published in County if delivered by carrier one cent each to be prepaid by stamps.

Transient newspapers and periodicals, one cent for four ounces

Postage for Canada and Mexico —Domestic rates apply to both countries

Third Class.

One Cent for Each Two Ounces.

Books (printed and blank), circulars and other matter wholly in print, proof sheets and corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same prices current with prices filled out in writing, printed commercial papers filled out in writing (provided such writing is not in the nature of personal correspondence, and the papers are not the expression of a monetary value) hand bills, posters chromo lithographs engravings envelopes with printing thereon, heliotypes lithographs photographic and stereoscopic views with title written thereon, printed blanks and printed cards

Fourth Class

Postage One Cent for Each Ounce.

Blank cards card board and other flexible material flexible patterns, letter envelopes and letter paper without printing thereon merchandise, models ornamented paper sample cards samples of ores metals minerals seeds, cuttings, bulbs roots scions drawings plans designs ornamental paintings in oil or water colors and any other matter not included in first, second or third classes and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag or harm the person of any one engaged in the postal service

Upon matter of third or fourth class the sender may write his own name or address with the word "from without extra charge for postage

Third and fourth class matter may be registered same as first class on payment of registry fee of 8 cents.

Advertised Letters.

All letters remaining in the office are advertised each week. If not claimed in two weeks thereafter they are forwarded to the Dead Letter office

MONEY ORDERS

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails Orders are issued in sums of not more than one hundred dollars Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person at the same time, by additional orders.

Rates.

For orders not exceeding $2.50, 3 cents.
For orders exceeding $2.50 not exceeding $5 5 cents.
For orders exceeding $5 not exceeding $10 8 cents.
For orders exceeding $10, not exceeding $20 10 cents.
For orders exceeding $20, not exceeding $30 12 cents.
For orders exceeding $30, not exceeding $40 15 cents
For orders exceeding $40, not exceeding $50 18 cents.
For orders exceeding $50, not exceeding $60 20 cents.
For orders exceeding $60, not exceeding $75 25 cents.
For orders exceeding $75, not exceeding $100 30 cents.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money Order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full and a Registration fee in stamps, for—

United States, 8 cents.
Great Britain and Ireland and all countries having a postal treaty with the United States, 8 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

The rate of 5 cents for each half ounce or fractional part applies to all countries in the postal union, and this includes practically the whole of the civilized world.

Postage to Great Britain and Ireland.

Postage on book packets, including printed papers of all kinds, maps, plans, prints, engravings, drawings, photographs, sheets of music, &c., one cent for two ounces. Patterns and samples of merchandise, including seeds and grains—as follows:—

Not over 2 ounces, 2 cents.
Over 2 ounces and not over 4 ounces, 4 cents.
Over 4 ounces, and not over 6 ounces, 6 ...

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®